



DECISION

Fair Work Act 2009
s.185—Enterprise agreement

Sutherland Heart Clinic Pty Ltd T/A Sutherland Heart Clinic
(AG2016/2173)

SUTHERLAND HEART CLINIC ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT 2015 - 2017

Health and welfare services

COMMISSIONER JOHNS

SYDNEY, 15 FEBRUARY 2016

Application for approval of the Sutherland Heart Clinic Enterprise Agreement 2015 - 2017.

[1] On 21 January 2016 Sutherland Heart Clinic Pty Ltd T/A Sutherland Heart Clinic (**Applicant**) made an application for approval of the *Sutherland Heart Clinic Enterprise Agreement 2015 - 2017* (**Agreement**). The application was made pursuant to s 185 of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (Cth) (**Act**). The Agreement is a single-enterprise agreement.

[2] The Agreement was lodged within 14 days after it was made.

[3] The Commission is satisfied that each of the requirements of ss 186, 187 and 188 of the Act, as are relevant to this application for approval, have been met.

[4] The Agreement is approved. In accordance with s 54 of the Act the Agreement will operate from 22 February 2016. The nominal expiry date of the Agreement is 31 December 2017.



COMMISSIONER

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The Heart of the Shire™

SUTHERLAND HEART CLINIC

ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT

2015 – 2017

Note - the model flexibility term is taken to be a term of this agreement and can be found at the end of the agreement.

PART A

(1) Arrangement

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(2) **Title**

This agreement will be known as and referred to as the Sutherland Heart Clinic Enterprise Agreement 2015 - 2017 ("the Agreement").

(3) **Parties**

This agreement will be binding on:

- 3.1 Sutherland Heart Clinic Pty Ltd (A.B.N 18 113 866 854) trading as, Sutherland Heart Clinic (the employer) of The Kingsway , Sutherland NSW 2229.
- 3.2 Nursing employees employed in classifications listed in Table 1 – of Part B, Monetary Rates.

(4) **Duration**

This agreement will commence from the date determined by the Fair Work Commission and shall remain in force until 31 December 2017.

(5) **Definitions**

Unless the context otherwise indicates or requires the several expressions hereunder defined shall have the respective meanings assigned to them:

“Act” shall mean the Fair Work Act.

"Assistant in Nursing " means a person, other than a registered nurse, or enrolled nurse, who is employed in nursing/midwifery duties in a hospital.

“Average Occupied Beds” means calculating the adjusted daily average of occupied beds of a hospital, each newly born baby shall count as one half patient and 700 outpatients per annum shall count as one occupied bed. The average shall be taken for the twelve months ended on the 30 June in each and every year and such average shall relate to the salary of the succeeding year.

"Board" means the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Australia and shall also be taken to mean the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency.

"Clinical Nurse Educator" means a registered nurse with relevant post registration certificate qualifications or experience deemed appropriate by the employer, who is required to implement and evaluate educational programmes at the ward/unit level. The Clinical Nurse Educator shall cater for the delivery of clinical nurse education in the ward/unit level only.

A nurse will achieve Clinical Nurse Educator status on a personal basis by being required by the Hospital to provide the educational programmes detailed above.

Nothing in this clause shall affect the role carried out by the Clinical Nurse Specialist as a specialist resource and the Clinical Nurse Consultant in the primary role of clinical consulting, researching etc.

“Clinical Nurse Specialist” means a registered nurse with relevant post-basic qualifications and 12 months’ experience working in the clinical area of his/her specified post-basic qualification, or a minimum of four years’ post-basic registration experience, including three years’ experience in the relevant specialist field and who satisfies the local criteria.

“Clinical Nurse Consultant” means a registered nurse appointed as such to the position of, who has had at least five years post-basic registration experience and who has in addition approved post-basic nursing qualifications relevant to the field in which they are appointed or such other qualifications or experience deemed appropriate by the employer.

“Day Procedure Centre” means a licensed day procedure centre as defined in the *Private Health Facilities Act 2007*.

“Day Worker” means a worker who works their ordinary hours from Monday to Friday inclusive and who commences work on such days at or after 6.00 am and before 10.00 am otherwise than as part of the shift system.

“Deputy Director of Nursing” means a registered nurse appointed to that position or deemed to hold that position pursuant to Clause 29, Deputy Directors of Nursing, Assistant Directors of Nursing, of this Agreement.

“Director of Nursing” includes a registered nurse who is registered by their employer with the Health Administration Corporation of New South Wales as the person in charge of the hospital. There shall be only one person in each hospital entitled to be classified as Director of Nursing or whatever title the Senior Nursing Administrator is known at the hospital.

“Enrolled Nurse” (previously referred to as an Endorsed Enrolled Nurse) means a person enrolled by the Board and endorsed to administer medications by the Board.

“Enrolled Nurse – Without Medication Qualification” (previously referred to as an Enrolled Nurse) means a nurse enrolled with the Board who has the following notation on their licence: “Does not hold Board-approved qualifications in administration of medications” attached to their enrolment.”

“Experience” in relation to an enrolled nurse, or assistant in nursing/ midwifery means experience before and/or after the commencement of this Agreement whether within New South Wales or elsewhere and in the case of an enrolled nurse or assistant in nursing/midwifery who was formerly a student nurse includes experience as such student nurse.

For the purpose of determining the year of experience for part time or casual employment, a year of experience shall be 1976 hours of employment.

“Hospital” means a private health facility as defined by the *Private Health Facilities Act 2007*.

“Industry of Nursing” means the industry of persons engaged and employed in New South Wales in the profession or occupation of nursing and employed in or in connection with private hospitals.

“NES” means the National Employment Standards as varied from time to time.

“Nurse Clinician” means a Clinical Nurse Specialist who demonstrates clinical expertise through advanced knowledge and skills in an area of clinical nursing The Nurse Clinician is responsible for the admission of the patient to the clinic, ensuring all relevant pre-operative information is available and completing a medical history for each patient. The Nurse Clinician will also provide pre-operative education to the patient and their family and must report to the medical staff any issues that may impact the patient’s treatment.

“Nurse Educator” means a registered nurse with a post registration certificate, who has relevant experience or other qualifications, deemed appropriate by the employer who is appointed to a position of Nurse Educator.

A Nurse Educator shall be responsible for the development, implementation and delivery of nursing education programmes within a hospital or group of hospitals. Nurse education programmes shall mean courses conducted such as post registration certificates, continuing nurse education, new graduate orientation, post registration enrolled nurses courses and where applicable general staff development courses.

A person appointed to a position of Nurse Educator who holds relevant tertiary qualification in education or tertiary postgraduate specialist clinical nursing qualifications shall commence on the 3rd year rate of the salary scale.

A person appointed as the sole nurse educator for the hospital shall be paid at the 3rd year rate of the salary scale.

Incremental progression for Nurse Educators' shall be on completion of 12 months' satisfactory service subject that progression shall not be beyond the 3rd year rate unless the person possesses the qualifications detailed in the two previous paragraphs. Persons appointed to the 3rd year rate by virtue of paragraphs 3 and 4 above shall progress to the 4th year rate after completion of 12 months' satisfactory full time service.

"Nursing Unit Manager" means a registered nurse in charge of a ward or unit or group of wards or units in a hospital shall include:

(a) **"Nursing Unit Manager Level 1"** whose responsibilities include:

(1) Co-ordination of Patient Services

- Liaison with all health care disciplines for the provision of services to meet patient needs.
- The orchestration of services to meet patient needs after discharge.
- Monitoring catering and transport services.

(2) Unit Management

- Implementation of hospital policy.
- Dissemination of information to all personnel.
- Ensuring environmental safety.
- Monitoring the use and maintenance of equipment.
- Monitoring the supply and use of stock and supplies.
- Monitoring cleaning services.

(3) Nursing Staff Management

- Direction, co-ordination and supervision of nursing activities.
- Training, appraisal and counselling of nursing staff.
- Rostering and/or allocation of nursing staff.
- Development and/or implementation of new nursing practice according to patient need.

- (b) **"Nursing Unit Manager Level 2"** whose responsibilities in relation to patient services, ward or unit management and staff management are in excess of those of a Nursing Unit Manager Level 1.
- (c) **"Nursing Unit Manager Level 3"** whose responsibilities in relation to patient services ward or unit management and staff are in excess of those of a Nursing Unit Manager Level 2.

"Ordinary pay" of an employee includes in addition to the basic periodic rate of pay and any applicable over-agreement payments for ordinary hours of work. It does not include shift or weekend penalties.

"Registered Nurse" means a person registered by the Board as a Registered Nurse.

"Senior Nurse Educator" means a registered nurse with a post registration certificate or appropriate qualifications, who has, or is working towards recognised tertiary qualifications in education or equivalent and has demonstrated experience and skills in the field of education appointed to a position of Senior Nurse Educator.

A Senior Nurse Educator shall be responsible for one or more Nurse Educators in the planning, co-ordination, delivery, and evaluation of educational programmes such as post registration certificate courses, continuing nurse education, new graduate orientation, post registration enrolled nurses courses and where applicable general staff development courses either on a hospital or group of hospitals basis.

Incremental progression shall be on completion of 12 months' satisfactory service.

"Service" for the purpose of Clause 11, Recognition of Service and Experience, means service before or after the commencement of this Agreement in New South Wales or elsewhere as a registered nurse, provided that all service recognised prior to the commencement of this Agreement shall continue to be recognised.

To the foregoing shall be added any actual periods on and from January 1971 during which a registered nurse undertook a post-basic course whilst an employee of and rendering service in an institution or hospital and such course is recognised by the Board or acceptable to the Health Administration Corporation of New South Wales, or is one of the following certificate or diploma courses:

Associate Diploma in Community Health - College of Nursing, Australia; NSW College of Nursing.

Associate Diploma in Nursing Administration - College of Nursing, Australia; NSW College of Nursing.

Associate Diploma in Nursing Education - College of Nursing, Australia; NSW College of Nursing; Newcastle College of Advanced Education.

Certificate in Ward Management - NSW College of Nursing.

Provided that no more than three such courses shall count as service.

A reference to the New South Wales College of Nursing in this Agreement shall be deemed to be a reference also to the School of Nursing Studies, Cumberland College of Health Sciences.

For the purpose of determining the year of service for part time or casual employment a year of service shall be 1976 hours of employment. Only paid leave shall be counted as service.

"Shift Worker" means a worker who is not a day worker as defined.

"Standards" means the National Employment Standards (NES).

"Union" means the NSW Nurses and Midwives' Association/ Australian Nursing and Midwifery Federation New South Wales Branch.

“Workplace Representative” Workplace Representative means a person(s) nominated by an employee or employees to represent them in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

(6) Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees

- 6.1 The ordinary hours of work for day workers, exclusive of meal times, shall be 152 hours per 28 calendar days to be worked Monday to Friday inclusive and to commence on such days at or after 6.00 am and before 10.00 am.
- 6.2 The ordinary hours of work for shift workers, exclusive of meal times, shall not exceed an average of 38 hours per week in each roster cycle.
- 6.3 (a) The hours of work prescribed in subclauses 6.1 and 6.2 of this clause shall, where possible, be arranged in such a manner, that in each roster cycle of 28 calendar days each employee shall not work their ordinary hours or work on more than nineteen days in the cycle.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provision of paragraph (a) of this subclause, employees may, with the agreement of the employer work shifts of less than 8 hours each over 20 days in each cycle of 28 days.
- (c) Provided that on the occasion of an employee's written request, and with the consent of the employer, a 9.5 day fortnight may be worked instead of the 19-day month or
- (d) the 38 hours per week, may be arranged in order that an employee shall not be required to work his/her ordinary hours in more than five days in one week or 10 days in one fortnight.
- 6.4 Except where authorised by subclause 6.18 of this clause, each shift shall consist of no more than 10 hours on a day shift or 11 hours on a night shift with not less than 8 hours break between each shift; provided that an employee shall not work more than 7 consecutive shifts unless the employee so requests and the Director of Nursing agrees. An employee shall not work more than two (2) quick shifts in any period of 7 days.
- A quick shift is an evening shift which is followed by a morning shift.
- 6.5 The employer is to decide when employees take their additional days off duty prescribed by subclause 6.3 of this clause (as a consequence of the implementation of the 38 hour week). Where necessary the employer must consult with the affected employees to ascertain the employees' preferences and must take any such preferences into account when arriving at a decision. Where practicable additional days off duty shall be consecutive with the rostered days off duty prescribed in subclause 6.14 of this clause.
- 6.6 Once set, the additional days off may not be changed except in accordance with the provisions of Clause 9, Rosters.
- 6.7 Where the employer's decision (in accordance with subclause 6.5 of this clause) is that an employee's additional days off be accumulated, no more than 6 days may be accumulated in any one year of employment. By mutual agreement this may be extended to no more than 12 days at any one time. Where the employee wants to accumulate more than 6 accumulated additional days off the Employee must apply and the Employer will not unreasonably decline the request. Such accumulated additional days off may be taken in conjunction with the Employee's annual leave, or as otherwise agreed.
- 6.8 Except for breaks for meals the hours of duty each day shall be continuous. Provided, that in the case of permanent part-time employees, an employer will consult with employees and if requested by the employee, any nominated representative which may be a union representative, an exemption from this provision, and from subclause 6.4 of this clause with regard to the span of hours only, to enable an additional break of no more than 4 hours. In any event, the span of hours shall not exceed 12 hours.

- 6.9 (a) Each employee shall be allowed a break of not less than thirty minutes and not more than sixty minutes for each meal occurring on duty.
- (b) Where practicable, employees shall not be required to work more than 5 hours without a meal break. Provided that where practicable an employee engaged to work for 5 hours or less in any one shift may elect not to take a meal break as otherwise provided for by this subclause without penalty to the employer. The term "where practicable" encompasses regard being paid to the service requirements of the employer.
- 6.10 Two separate ten-minute intervals (in addition to meal breaks) shall be allowed each employee on duty during each ordinary shift of 8 or 10 hours as the case may be. Subject to agreement between the employer and the employee, such intervals may alternatively be taken as one twenty-minute interval, or by one 10-minute interval with the employee allowed to proceed off duty 10 minutes before the completion of the normal shift finishing time. Such interval(s) shall count as working time.
- 6.11 (a) Subclauses 6.9 and 6.10 of this clause shall not apply to an employee who, before going on night duty, is provided with a meal between 9.00 pm and 11.00 pm and who is allowed two intervals of twenty minutes each during the period of night duty but such intervals shall count as working time and shall be paid for as such.
- (b) Where an employee is required to change into a uniform or a specified type of garment at the employer's premises they shall be allowed ten minutes for such a purpose and such time shall be counted as working time and paid as such.
- 6.12 (a) Except as provided for in paragraph (b) an employee shall not be employed on night duty for a longer period than 8 consecutive weeks. After having served a period of night duty an employee shall not be required to serve a further period on night duty until they have been off night duty for a period equivalent to the previous period on night duty.
- (b) The provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply to an Assistant Director of Nursing, a Nursing Unit Manager or a general nurse in charge, as the case may be, who is employed permanently in charge at night nor to an employee who requests to be employed on night duty and the Director of Nursing consents.
- 6.13 An employee changing from night duty to day duty or from day duty to night duty shall be free from duty during the twenty hours immediately preceding the commencement of the changed day.
- 6.14 (a) Each employee shall be free from duty for not less than two full days in each week or four full days in each fortnight or eight full days in each twenty-eight (28) day cycle and no duties shall be performed by the employee on any of such free days except for overtime. Where practicable, days off shall be consecutive and shall not be preceded by an evening shift or a night shift unless an additional eight hours are granted as sleeping time. An evening shift shall be one which commences at or after 1.00 pm and before 4.00 pm.
- (b) An employee, at her or his request, may be given free from duty time in one or more periods but no period shall be less than one full day.
- (c) For the purpose of this subclause "full day" means from midnight to midnight or midday to midday.
- 6.15 (a) Employees may be required to remain on call. Any such time on call shall not be counted as time worked (except insofar as an employee may take up actual duty in response to a call), but shall be paid for in accordance with Clause 12, Special Allowances, of this Agreement: Provided, however, no employee shall be required to remain on call whilst on leave or on the day before entering upon leave.
- (b) No employee shall be required to remain on call whilst on a rostered day off nor on completion of the shift on the day preceding a rostered day off. This provision shall not apply where in special circumstances it is necessary for an employer to place staff on call on rostered days off

or on completion of the shift on the day preceding a rostered day off in order to ensure the provision of services.

- 6.16 The employer shall not alter the period over which the ordinary hours of work of employees are balanced except upon giving one month's notice of their intention to do so to affected employees and if requested by the employee, any nominated representative which may be a union representative.
- 6.17 The provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subclause 6.12 and of subclause 6.13 and of paragraph (a) of subclause 6.14 of this clause, shall not apply if the employee is required to perform duty to enable the nursing service of the employer to be carried on or where another employee is absent from duty on account of illness or in an emergency.
- 6.18 The following criteria shall apply to the introduction of 12 hour shifts:
- (a) 12 hour shifts will only be introduced in units where there has been full consultation with the staff affected and a majority of the staff affected agree to the introduction of the proposed 12 hour shift system;
 - (b) any employee who does not wish to work under the 12 hour shift system may work a mutually agreed alternative shift system in the unit affected or may transfer to another mutually agreed position within the facility with no loss of classification and contracted hours;
 - (c) the span of hours must not exceed 12.5 hours;
 - (d) there must be a maximum of three consecutive night shifts which include one or more 12 hour shifts;
 - (e) there must be a minimum break of 11.5 hours rostered between each 12 hour shift;
 - (f) employees must be allowed either two 30 minutes or one 60 minutes meal break. In addition to the meal breaks employees must be allowed either two 10 minute or one 20 minute paid tea break;
 - (g) the employer must notify the employees, and if requested by the employee any nominated employee representative, which may be a union representative, of the implementation of the 12 hour shifts at least one month prior to commencing the new arrangements. The details of that notification must indicate the number of staff involved, the section of the hospital involved and the Agreement provisions which need to be overridden.
 - (h) there must be an evaluation process at the completion of the first 12 months, or sooner if the employer and affected employees agree. The evaluation process must involve representatives of employees and the employer. Aspects which are to be considered in the evaluation process are to include occupational health and safety data, sick leave patterns and the frequency of overtime.
 - (i) the employees and if requested by the employee any nominated employee representative which may be a union representative are to be notified of the outcome of the evaluation process;
 - (j) nothing contained in this subclause shall prevent an individual employee and their employer reaching mutual agreement to that individual working 12 hour shifts.

(7) Hours of Work and Free Time of Directors of Nursing

This clause does not apply to part-time employees.

- 7.1 A Director of Nursing shall be free from duty for not less than 9 days in each 28 consecutive days and such days free from duty may be taken in one or more periods.

- 7.2 If any of the days mentioned in subclause 7.1 of this clause cannot be taken by reason of emergency, such day or days shall be given and taken within 28 days of becoming due.
- 7.3 A Director of Nursing shall, where practicable, inform his or her employer giving not less than seven days' notice of the days he or she proposes to be free from duty; provided that such days shall be subject to the approval of the employer, and such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(8) Banking of Hours

- 8.1 A full time or part time employee may, by agreement made daily, weekly or fortnightly with their Nurse Unit Manager or DON:
- (a) work less than their daily, weekly or fortnightly rostered or contracted hours and work those hours at a later date; or
 - (b) work more than their daily, weekly or fortnightly rostered or contracted hours and take time off in lieu of payment, or may set off the additional hours worked against any owing under (a) above.
- 8.2 (a) An employee who works less than their rostered or contracted hours in accordance with Clause 8 Banking of Hours shall be paid as though the hours had been worked during the relevant period, including payment for any weekend or shift penalties that would otherwise have been due for the time not worked.
- (b) Employees who work less than their rostered or contracted hours and who have a positive TOIL balance are to expire this balance before going into debt.
- 8.3 An employee who works more than their rostered or contracted hours shall not receive payment for any weekend or shift penalties that would otherwise have been due for that extra time worked.
- 8.4 Time debited under these arrangements shall all be at ordinary time, i.e. an hour for an hour.
- 8.5 Time credited under these arrangements shall all be at overtime rates.
- 8.6 An employee may not have more than 76 hours in debit or credit at any point in time.
- 8.7 Employees who have hours in debit must be given first option to work additional hours prior to the use of casual employees.
- 8.8 The hospital must keep detailed records of all hours credited and debited to employees under these arrangements. Employees must have full access to these records.
- 8.9 On termination of employment the employer must pay the employee for all hours in credit and may deduct from termination pay the value of any hours in debit.
- 8.10 Either party shall have the right to terminate an agreement under this clause with two weeks notice.

(9) Rosters

- 9.1 The ordinary hours of work for each employee, other than the Director of Nursing and casual employees, shall be displayed on a roster in a place conveniently accessible to employees.
- 9.2 The roster shall be displayed where practicable at least two weeks prior, but in any event not less than one week prior, to the commencing date of the first working period in the roster. Provided that in the case of a permanent part-time employee whose hours are balanced over 4 weeks, the roster shall be displayed where practicable, at least 4 weeks prior to the commencing date of the first working period in the roster but in any event not less than one week prior, to the commencing date of the first working period in the roster.

- 9.3 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this clause, a roster may be altered at any time to enable the nursing service of the hospital to be carried on where another employee is absent from duty on account of illness or in an emergency: Provided that where any such alteration involves an employee working on a day which would otherwise have been such employee's day off, the day off in lieu thereof shall be as mutually arranged.
- 9.4 Prior to the date of the changed shift, such change of roster shall be notified verbally or in writing to the employee concerned.
- 9.5 An employee may change their roster at short notice, with the agreement of their Director of Nursing for any reasonable ground.
- 9.6 An employer may change an employee's roster at short notice, with the agreement of the employee, for any reasonable ground including unexpected situations and unforeseen fluctuations in patient dependency.
- 9.7 Where an employee is entitled to an additional day off duty in accordance with Clause 6, Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees, of this Agreement, such day is to be shown on the roster of hours for that employee.
- 9.8 All rosters shall be retained for at least six years.

(10) Salaries

- 10.1 The minimum salaries per week shall be as set out in Table 1 – Monetary Rates, of Part B. The current minimum salaries are set out in Column 1 of Table 1 – Salaries. The parties have agreed that the following wage increases will apply:
 - (a) **2.5 %** from the first full pay period to commence on or after 1 January 2016 Column 2
 - (b) **2.5%** from the first full pay period to commence on or after 1 January 2017 Column 3
- 10.2 The allowances as set out in Table 2 – Other Rates and Allowances, of Part B Monetary Rates shall be paid.

Where an employee receives a rate of pay in excess of the rates set out in Table 1, the employee will maintain their above Agreement wage and will not be disadvantaged.
- 10.3 An Enrolled Nurse Without Medication Endorsement who is subsequently qualified to administer medication, will be classified and paid as an Enrolled Nurse from the commencement of the first full pay period following the completion of an appropriate course, which is approved by the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law. From that pay period they shall be paid on a pay point within the Enrolled Nurse classification scale which is higher than the salary they were receiving as an Enrolled Nurse Without Medication Endorsement immediately before they qualified.

They shall progress through the pay points in the Enrolled Nurse classification scale on the completion of twelve months' service (or for part time employees the full time equivalent of 1,982 hours) at each pay point.
- 10.4 In relation to the salaries of Deputy Director of Nursing and Director of Nursing, "beds" means adjusted daily average of occupied beds; in relation to the salary of Subsidiary Hospital Director of Nursing, "beds" means the adjusted daily average of occupied beds in the subsidiary hospital.
- 10.5 The wage increase specified above are inclusive of any wage increases; determination or award of the Fair Work Commission or any other authorised tribunal or commission made during the period of this Agreement. Any increase in the Award rates of pay shall be absorbed into the wage rates paid under this Agreement. Should the application of any increase awarded by the Fair Work Commission result in rates applicable to the employees that are greater than those applying in this Agreement,

those rates will be applied in lieu of the above increase from the date specified by the Fair Work Commission.

(11) Recognition of Service and Experience

- 11.1 The employer shall notify each nurse in writing of the requirements of this clause at the time of the nurse's commencement of employment. If the employer does not so notify the nurse then the requirements of this clause shall not commence until the employer does so notify the nurse.
- 11.2 From the time of commencement of employment the nurse has three months in which to provide documentary evidence to their employer detailing any other 'service' or 'experience', as defined in Clause 5, Definitions, not disclosed at the time of commencement. This evidence, in the absence of other documentary evidence may take the form of a statutory declaration.
- 11.3 Until such time as the nurse furnishes any such documentation contemplated in 11.2 above the employer shall pay the nurse at the level for which documentary evidence has been provided.
- 11.4 If within three months of commencing employment a nurse does provide documentary evidence of other previous service or experience not disclosed at the time of commencement, the employer shall pay the nurse at the appropriate rate as and from the date of commencement that would have been paid from that date had the additional evidence been provided at that time.
- 11.5 If a nurse provides documentary evidence of other previous service or experience not disclosed at the time of commencement after the said three months period, the nurse shall be paid a rate appropriate for the previous service or experience then proved but only from the date of providing that evidence to the employer.
- 11.6 A nurse who is working as a nurse for more than one organisation shall notify each employer under this Agreement within one month of the end of each quarter of their hours of service or experience, as appropriate, worked with those other employers in the last quarter.
- 11.7 A nurse who is entitled to progress to the next year of service or experience (by reason of hours worked with other employers) as and from a particular date must provide documentary evidence of that entitlement within three months of that entitlement arising. If that proof is so provided the nurse shall be paid at the higher rate as and from the particular date. If the documentary evidence is provided outside that three month period the nurse shall be paid at the higher rate only from the date of proof.

(12) Special Allowances

- 12.1 (a) A registered nurse in charge during the day, evening or night of a hospital having a daily average of occupied beds of less than 100 shall be paid, in addition to her or his appropriate salary, whilst so in charge, the sum set out in Item 1 of Table 2 (Part B), per shift.
- (b) A registered nurse in charge of a shift in a ward or unit during the day, evening or night in the absence of the Nursing Unit Manager shall be paid, in addition to her or his appropriate salary whilst so in charge the sum set out in Item 2 of Table 2 (Part B) per shift. This subclause shall only apply where the registered nurse is in charge of one or more other nurses in the ward or unit in question.
- (c) This subclause shall not apply to registered nurses holding classified positions of a higher grade than that of registered nurse.
- 12.2 (a) An employee required by their employer to be on call otherwise than as provided for in paragraph (b) shall be paid the sum set out in Item 3 of Table 2 (Part B) for each period of 24

hours or part thereof provided that only one allowance shall be payable in any period of 24 hours.

- (b) (i) An employee required to be on call on rostered days off in accordance with subclause 6.15(b) of Clause 6, Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees, shall be paid the sum set out in Item 4 of Table 2 (Part B) for each period of 24 hours or part thereof provided that only one allowance shall be payable in any period of 24 hours.
- (ii) Eligible nurses will also be entitled to be paid the sum set out in item 4a of Table 2 (Part B) for being on call from 6pm Friday to 8am Saturday.
- (c) An employee who is directed to remain on call during a meal break shall be paid an allowance of the sum set out in Item 5 of Table 2 (Part B) provided that no allowance shall be paid if, during a period of 24 hours including such period of on call, the employee is entitled to receive the allowance prescribed in 12.2(a) above. If an employee is recalled to duty during such meal break, they shall be paid at overtime rates for the total period of the meal break.
- (d) Where an employee on call leaves the hospital and is recalled to duty, they shall be reimbursed all reasonable fares and expenses actually incurred provided that where an employee uses a motor car in these circumstances the allowance payable shall be the rate set out in Item 8 of Table 2 (Part B). The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all employees.
- (e) This subclause shall not apply to a Director of Nursing, Subsidiary Hospital Director of Nursing, Deputy Director of Nursing or Assistant Director of Nursing.

12.3 An employee required to wear a lead apron shall be paid an allowance of the sum set out in Item 6 of Table 2 (Part B) for each hour or part thereof that they are required to wear the said apron.

12.4 (a) A registered nurse who is designated to be in-charge of a ward or unit when the Nursing Unit Manager is not rostered for duty and who is also designated to be in-charge of a hospital with less than 100 beds during the day, evening or night on the same shift shall be paid an allowance per shift of the sum set out in Item 7 of Table 2 (Part B). This subclause shall only apply where the registered nurse is in charge of one or more other nurses in the ward or unit in question.

(b) This subclause shall not apply to registered nurses holding classified positions of a higher

(13) Penalty Rates for Shift Work and Weekend Work

13.1 Employees working afternoon or night shift shall be paid the following percentages in addition to the ordinary rate for such shift: Provided that employees who work less than 38 hours per week shall only be entitled to the additional rates where their shifts commence prior to 6.00 am or finish subsequent to 6.00 pm.

Afternoon shift commencing at 10am and before 1pm – 10%

Afternoon shift commencing at 1.00 pm and before 4.00 pm - 12.5%

Midday shift commencing at midday and before 1.00 pm – 12.5%

Night shift commencing at 4.00 pm and before 4.00 am - 15%

13.2 "**Ordinary rate**" and "**ordinary time**" shall not include any percentage addition by reason of the fact that an employee works less than 38 hours per week but shall include amounts payable under Clause 10, Salaries and Clause 12 Special Allowances.

13.3 For the purposes of this clause day, afternoon and night shifts shall be defined as follows:

"Day Shift" means a shift which commences at or after 6.00 am and before 10.00 am.

"Afternoon shift" means a shift which commences at or after 10.00 am and before 4.00 pm.

"Night Shift" means a shift which commences at or after 4.00 pm and before 6.00 am on the day following.

13.4 Employees whose ordinary working hours include work on a Saturday and/or Sunday shall be paid for ordinary hours worked between midnight on Friday and midnight on Saturday at the rate of time and one half and for ordinary hours worked between midnight on Saturday and midnight on Sunday at the rate of time and three quarters. These extra rates shall be in substitution for and not cumulative upon the shift premiums prescribed in the subclause 13.1 of this clause.

The foregoing paragraph shall apply to employees who work less than 38 hours per week, but such employees shall not be entitled to be paid in addition any allowance prescribed by Clause 21. Part-time, Casual and Temporary Employees, of this Agreement in respect of their employment between midnight on Friday and midnight on Sunday.

13.5 The additional payments prescribed by this clause shall not form part of the employee's ordinary pay for the purposes of this Agreement, except as provided in Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays, of this Agreement.

13.6 (a) This subclause shall only apply to nurses who work an entire ordinary time shift in a discrete designated day procedure ward or unit which routinely functions between the hours of 7.00 am and 6.00 pm.

(b) This subclause shall not apply to any nurse whose employment commenced prior to 15 December 1994 and who has been employed on a continuous basis since that date.

(c) A nurse to whom this subclause applies shall not be entitled to an additional penalty rate payment for ordinary time worked prior to 6.00 pm on any week day.

(d) A nurse to whom this subclause applies shall be paid, in addition to their ordinary rate, a penalty payment at the rate of 15% for all ordinary time worked after 6.00 pm on any week day.

(14) Fares and Expenses

14.1 An employee required to travel in the performance of duty shall be paid all reasonable out of pocket expenses (including fares).

14.2 An employee who is engaged for an indefinite period and who remains in the employment for at least six months shall be reimbursed forward fares from the place of engagement; provided that the distance of normal travel there from to the employment exceeds 40 kilometres.

14.3 An employee who is engaged for a definite period and who completed the period of engagement or who is dismissed before completing such period for any reason other than misconduct or inefficiency shall be reimbursed also return fares to such place of engagement or to the employee's immediate destination, whichever is the cheaper.

14.4 Fares within the meaning of this clause shall include only fares incurred in respect to travel within New South Wales.

14.5 An employee who claims reimbursement of fares, pursuant to this clause, shall furnish to the employer, if so required, satisfactory proof that they have not received from another employer reimbursement in respect of those fares.

(15) Mobile Phones

- e15.1 If the employee is required, for the purpose of their employment, to be on call on a regular basis, or where the employee is required by their employer to be contactable by telephone, the employer shall provide the employee with a mobile phone for the duration of such requirements.
- 15.2 If no mobile phone is available and an employee is required for the purpose of their employment, to be on call, the employee shall be reimbursed for all telephone calls made by the employee in responding to a call to the hospital, upon production of satisfactory evidence to the employer.

(16) Uniform and Laundry Allowances.

- 16.1 Subject to subclause 16.3 of this clause, sufficient, suitable and serviceable uniforms, including one pair of shoes per annum which shall be of a recognised acceptable standard for the performance of nursing duties, and one cardigan or jacket shall be supplied free of cost to each employee required to wear a uniform. An employee to whom a new uniform or part of a uniform has been issued who, without good reason, fails to return the corresponding article last supplied shall not be entitled to have such article replaced without payment therefore at a reasonable price.
- 16.2 An employee, on leaving the service of an employer, shall return any uniform or part thereof supplied by that employer which is still in use immediately prior to leaving.
- 16.3 (a) In lieu of supplying uniforms and shoes to an employee, an employer shall pay the said employee the sum set out in Item 9 of Table 2 (Part B), for uniforms and the sum set out in Item 10 of Table 2 (Part B) for shoes per week.
- (b) In lieu of supplying stockings to an employee an employer shall pay the said employee the sum set out in Item 11 of Table 2 (Part B) per week.
- (c) In lieu of supplying a cardigan or jacket to an employee an employer shall pay the said employee the sum set out in Item 12 of Table 2 (Part B) per week.
- (d) If, in any hospital, the uniforms of an employee are not laundered at the expense of the hospital an allowance of the sum set out in Item 13 of Table 2 (Part B) shall be paid to the said employee; provided that the payment of such laundry allowance shall not be made to any employee on absences exceeding one week.
- (e) Where the employer requires any employee to wear headwear, the hospital shall provide headwear free of charge to the employee.
- (f) In lieu of supplying socks to an employee the employer shall pay the said employee the sum set out in Item 14 of Table 2 (Part B) per week.
- (g) The allowances referred to subclause 16.3 are also payable during any period of paid leave.

(17) Higher Grade Duty

- 17.1 An employee who is called upon to relieve an employee in a higher classification or is called upon to act in a vacant position of a higher classification shall be entitled to receive for the period of relief or the period during which they act the minimum payment for such higher classification.
- 17.2 The provisions of subclause 17.1 shall not apply where the employee being relieved is absent from duty for a period of three consecutive working days or less which have been rostered in advance, except where the duties of the higher position involve being in charge of the facility during the period in question.

17.3 Further, the provisions of subclause 17.1 shall not apply where a Director of Nursing is absent from duty for a period of three working days or less for any reason other than Clause 7, Hours of Work and Free Time of Directors of Nursing..

(18) Overtime

18.1 Subject to subclause 18.2 an employer may require an employee to work reasonable overtime

18.2 An employee may refuse to work overtime in circumstances where the working of such overtime would result in the employee working hours which are unreasonable.

18.3 For the purposes of subclause 18.2 what is unreasonable or otherwise will be determined having regard to:

- (a) the risk to the employee's health and safety;
- (b) the employee's personal circumstances including any family and carer responsibilities;
- (c) the needs of the facility;
- (d) the notice (if any) given by the employer of the overtime and by the employee of his or her intention to refuse it; and
- (e) any other relevant matter.

18.4 (a) Subject to paragraph (b) hereof all time worked by employees other than the Director of Nursing in excess of the rostered daily ordinary hours of work shall be overtime and shall be paid for at the rate of time and one half for the first two hours and double time thereafter in respect of each overtime shift worked or in respect of overtime worked prior to or at the conclusion of a normal shift. Provided that overtime worked on Sundays shall be paid for at the rate of double time and on public holidays at the rate of double time and one half.

(b) All time worked by permanent part time employees, in excess of the rostered daily ordinary hours of work prescribed for the majority of full-time employees employed on that shift in the ward or section concerned shall be paid for at the rate of time and one half for the first two hours and double time thereafter except that on Sundays such overtime shall be paid for at the rate of double time and on public holidays at the rate of double time and one half.

Time worked up to the rostered daily ordinary hours of work prescribed for a majority of the full-time employees employed on that shift in the ward or section concerned shall not be regarded as overtime but an extension of the contract hours for that day and shall be paid at the ordinary rate of pay.

18.5 The ordinary hours of work for the Director of Nursing shall be as provided for in Clause 7 - Hours of Work and Free Time of Director of Nursing.

18.6 An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer's premises shall be paid for a minimum of four hours work at the appropriate rate for each time so recalled. If the work required is completed in less than four hours, the employee shall be released from duty provided that this subclause does not apply to a Director of Nursing.

18.7 An employee required to work overtime following on the completion of their normal shift for more than two hours shall be allowed twenty minutes for the partaking of a meal and a further twenty minutes after each subsequent four hours overtime. All such time shall be counted as time worked; provided that benefits of this subclause shall not apply to permanent part time employees, until the expiration of the normal shift for a majority of the full-time employees employed on that shift in the ward or section concerned.

- 18.8 An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer's premises and who is required to work for more than four hours shall be allowed twenty minutes for the partaking of a meal and a further twenty minutes after each subsequent four hour's overtime; all such time shall be counted as time worked.
- 18.9 The meals referred to in subclauses 18.7 and 18.8 of this clause shall be allowed to the employee free of charge. Where the hospital is unable to provide such meals, an allowance per meal of the sum set out in Item 15 of Table 2 (Part B), shall be paid to the employee concerned.
- 18.10 Where an employee is required to work an overtime shift on his or her rostered day off, the appropriate meal breaks for that shift, as prescribed by Clause 6, Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees shall apply.
- 18.11 If an employee is recalled to duty during a meal break, they shall be paid at overtime rates for the total period of the meal break.
- 18.12 An employee who works so much overtime:
- (a) between the termination of their ordinary work on any day or shift and the commencement of their ordinary work on the next day or shift that they have not had at least eight consecutive hours off duty between these times; or
 - (b) on a Saturday, a Sunday and a holiday, not being ordinary working days, or on a rostered day off without having had eight consecutive hours off duty in the twenty-four hours preceding their next day or shift; shall subject to this subclause, be released after completion of such overtime until they have had eight consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence. If on the instruction of the employer such an employee resumes or continues to work without having such eight consecutive hours off duty they shall be paid at double time of the appropriate rate applicable on such day until they are released from duty for such period and they then shall be entitled to be absent until they have had eight consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
- 18.13 In lieu of receiving payment for overtime in accordance with this clause, employees may be compensated by way of time off in lieu of overtime on the following basis:
- (a) Time off in lieu of overtime must be taken within six months of it being accrued (b) Where it is not possible for a nurse to take the time off in lieu of overtime within the six month period, it is to be paid out at the appropriate overtime rate based on the rates of pay applying at the time payment is made.
 - (c) Nurses cannot be compelled to take time off in lieu of overtime.
 - (d) Records of all time off in lieu of overtime owing to nurses and taken by nurses must be maintained by the employer.
 - (e) Time off in lieu will accrue at overtime rates. That is for each hour worked at time and one half, time in lieu will be accrued at one and one half hours. For each hour worked at double time, accrual will be for two hours time in lieu of overtime.

(19) Payment and Particulars of Salaries

- 19.1 All salaries and other payments shall be paid weekly or fortnightly, provided that payment for any overtime worked may be deferred to the pay day next following the completion of the working cycle within which such overtime is worked, but for no longer; provided further that the payment of shift and weekend penalties relating to work performed in the second week of a fortnightly roster period may be deferred to the pay day next following the completion of the working cycle within which such shifts were worked, but for no longer.

- 19.2 Employees shall have their salary paid into one account with a bank or other financial institution in New South Wales as nominated by the employee. Wages may be initially deposited into the hospital's own local bank and transferred to each employee's requested financial institution. Salaries shall be deposited by hospitals in sufficient time to ensure that wages are available for withdrawal by employees by no later than pay day, provided that this requirement shall not apply where employees nominate accounts with non-bank financial institutions, but in such cases facilities shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that the wages of such employees are available for withdrawal by no later than pay day.
- 19.3 Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause 19.2 of this Clause, an employee who has given or has been given the required notice of termination of employment, in accordance with Clause 33, Termination of Employment, of this Agreement, shall be paid all moneys due to them prior to ceasing duty on the last day of employment.

Where an employee is summarily dismissed or their services are terminated without due notice, any moneys due to them shall be paid as soon as possible after such dismissal or termination but in any case not more than three days thereafter.

- 19.4 On each payday an employee, in respect of the payment then due, shall be furnished with a written statement containing the following particulars, namely: name, the amount of ordinary salary, the total number of hours or overtime worked, if any, the amount of any overtime payment, the amount of any other moneys paid and the purpose for which they are paid, and the amount of the deductions made from the total earnings and the nature thereof.

(20) Registration or Enrolment Pending

- 20.1 A student who has completed the course of training prescribed by the Board and applied for registration or enrolment shall, upon registration or enrolment, be paid as from the date of application for registration or enrolment the salary to which they would have been entitled if registered or enrolled.
- 20.2 A nurse or enrolled nurse who has trained outside New South Wales shall be paid as a registered nurse or enrolled nurse as and from the date they are notified that they are eligible for registration or enrolment as a registered nurse or enrolled nurse provided that they make application for registration within seven days after being so notified.
- 20.3 They shall notify the employer as soon as possible after they have so applied.

(21) Part-Time, Casual and Temporary Employees

PART I - Permanent Part-time Employees

- 21.1 (a) A permanent part-time employee is one who is permanently appointed by the hospital to work a specified number of hours which are less than those prescribed for a full-time employee.
- (b) By agreement between employer and employee, the specified number of hours may be balanced over a week, a fortnight or four weeks. Provided that the average weekly hours shall be deemed to be the specified number of hours for the purposes of accrual of annual leave.
- (c) An employee whose hours are averaged over 4 weeks shall be paid each week or fortnight according to the employee's average weekly or fortnightly hours as is appropriate.
- (d) Provided further that there shall be no interruption to the continuity of employment merely by reason of an employee, whose hours are balanced over a fortnight or over four weeks, not working in any one week in accordance with paragraph (b).

- 21.2 Permanent part time employees shall be paid an hourly rate calculated on the basis of one thirty-eighth of the appropriate rate prescribed by Clause 10, Salaries, of this Agreement and, where applicable, one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowance or allowances prescribed by Clause 12, Special Allowances, of this Agreement, with a minimum payment of 4 hours for each start, and one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowances prescribed by Clause 16, Uniform and Laundry Allowances of this Agreement, but shall not be entitled to an additional day off or part thereof, as prescribed by subclauses 6.3 and 6.5 of Clause 6, Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees.
- 21.3 Four weeks' Annual Leave on ordinary pay is to be granted per annum. The provisions of subclauses 22.5 to 22.13 of Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays, and Clause 23, Annual Leave Loading, of this Agreement shall apply to employees engaged under Part I of this clause. The remaining provisions of Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays shall not apply.

Where an employee has any period of permanent part-time employment during any 12 months qualifying period for annual leave, payment for such annual leave shall be calculated on the basis of the proportion that the average number of hours worked each week bears to 38 hours.

- 21.4 A public holiday occurring on a day on which the employee would normally be rostered to work shall be allowed to employees without loss of pay; provided that an employee who is required to and does work on a public holiday shall have one day or one half day, as appropriate, added to their period of annual leave and be paid at the rate of one half time extra to the time actually worked. Such payment is in lieu of any additional rate for shift work or weekend work which would otherwise be payable had the day not been a public holiday. In lieu of adding to annual leave under this paragraph an employee may elect to be paid for the time actually worked at the rate of time and one half in addition to their ordinary weekly rate.

Such election shall be made on the commencement of employment and then on the anniversary date each year. The employee may not alter such election during the year except with the agreement of the employer. Where payment is made in lieu of leave in respect of time worked on a public holiday, payment shall be made for a minimum of four hours work, and any balance of the day or shift not worked shall be paid at ordinary rates.

- 21.5 To the leave prescribed by subclause 21.4 of Part I of this clause there shall be added one working day for each public holiday or one half working day for each half public holiday which occurs on what would have been an ordinary working day during a period of annual leave.
- 21.6 For the purpose of Part I of this clause the following are to be public holidays, viz: New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Saturday, Easter Sunday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Queen's Birthday, Local Labour Day, Christmas Day, Boxing Day and any other day duly proclaimed and observed as a public holiday within the area in which the hospital is situated.
- 21.7 In addition to those public holidays prescribed in subclause 21.6 of Part I of this clause, there shall be an extra public holiday each year. This additional day's holiday will occur on the August Bank Holiday or on a date agreed by the respective employees and if requested by the employee any nominated representative which may be a union representative. This additional day may be taken by agreement between Christmas and the 5th day of the new calendar year, provided that such day is placed between Monday to Friday (inclusive) which is not gazetted as a public holiday.
- 21.8 The foregoing does not apply in areas where, in each year:
- (a) a day in addition to the public holidays specified in subclause 21.6 Part I of this clause is proclaimed and observed as a public holiday; or
 - (b) two half days in addition to the public holidays specified in subclause 21.6 of Part I of this clause are proclaimed and observed as half public holidays.
- 21.9 In areas where in each year one half day in addition to the public holidays specified in subclause 21.6 of Part I of this Clause is proclaimed and observed as a half public holiday, for the purposes of this

Agreement the whole day is to be regarded and observed as a public holiday, and no additional public holiday which would otherwise apply as a result of this subclause will be observed.

- 21.10 Employees engaged under Part I of this clause shall be entitled to all other benefits of this Agreement not otherwise expressly provided for herein in the same proportion as their ordinary hours of work bear to full-time hours.
- 21.11 Where the employee is regularly working more than their specified contract hours they may request that their contracted hours are reviewed by their Manager on an annual basis. The Manager will formally respond to the request by the employee stating the reasons if the request is not agreed to. The Manager will not unreasonably reject the request. The Manager will also take into account that the hours worked in the following circumstances will not be incorporated to any adjustment made:
- (a) if the increase in hours is as a direct result of an employee being absent on leave, such as for example, annual leave, long service leave, maternity leave, workers compensation; and
 - (b) if the increase in hours is due to a temporary increase in hours only due, for example, to the specific needs of a patient
 - (c) Any adjusted contracted hours resulting from a review by the employer should however, be such as to readily reflect roster cycles and shift configurations utilised at the workplace.

PART II - Casual Employees

- 21.1.1 A casual employee is one engaged on an hourly basis otherwise than as a permanent part-time or full-time employee.
- 21.1.2 A casual employee shall be paid an hourly rate calculated on the basis of one thirty-eighth of the appropriate rate, prescribed by Clause 10, Salaries, of this Agreement and where applicable one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowance or allowances prescribed by Clause 12, Special Allowances, of this Agreement plus and allowance of 25%
- 21.1.3 For each engagement a casual shall receive a minimum payment of 4 hours for each start, and one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowances prescribed by Clause 16, Uniform and Laundry Allowances, of this Agreement.
- 21.1.4 With respect to a casual employee the provisions of Clause 29, Deputy Directors of Nursing, Assistant Directors of Nursing; Clause 7, Hours of Work and Free Time of Director of Nursing; Clause 9, Rosters; Clause 18, Overtime; Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays and Clause 14, Fares and Expenses of this Agreement, shall not apply. Further, casual employees shall not be entitled to an additional day off or part thereof as prescribed by subclauses 6.3 and 6.5 of Clause 6, Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees.
- 21.1.5 In accordance with the NES, casual employees have no entitlement to paid annual leave.
- 21.1.6 A casual employee who is required to and does work on a public holiday as defined in sub-clauses 22.3 and 22.4 of Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays, shall be paid for the time actually worked at the rate of double time and one-half such payment being in lieu of weekend or shift allowances which would otherwise be payable had the day not been a public holiday; provided that a casual employee shall not be entitled to be paid in addition the allowance prescribed in subclause 21.2 of Part II in respect of such work.
- 21.1.7 For the entitlement to payment in respect of long service leave, see the Long Service Leave Act 1955.
- 21.1.8 Casual Conversion

- (a) A casual employee who has been rostered on a regular and systematic basis over a period of 26 weeks has the right to request conversion to permanent employment:
 - (i) on a full-time contract where the employee has worked on a full-time basis throughout the period of casual employment; or
 - (ii) on a permanent part-time contract where the employee has worked on a permanent part-time basis throughout the period of casual employment. Such contract would be on the basis of the same number of hours as previously worked, unless other arrangements are agreed between the employer and the employee.
- (b) The employer may consent to or refuse the request, but shall not unreasonably withhold agreement to such a request.
- (c) Casual conversion will not apply where a casual has covered absences of permanent staff that are expected to return to work.

PART III - Temporary Employees

21.2.1 A temporary employee is one engaged for a set period not exceeding 13 weeks.

21.2.2 A temporary employee shall be paid, in addition to all rates and allowances to which the said employee is entitled under this Agreement, an allowance equal to 10 per centum of the rates prescribed for his or her classification by Clause 10, Salaries, of this Agreement, provided that this subclause shall cease to apply upon:

- (a) The said period of engagement being extended after the said period of 13 weeks;
- (b) The employer and the employee agreeing during the said period of 13 weeks, that the employee shall be employed on a permanent part-time or full-time basis.

21.2.3 For entitlement to payment in respect of annual leave, refer to Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays.

(22) Annual Leave and Public Holidays

22.1 Annual leave will accrue progressively.

- (a) Full Time employees required to work on a seven (7) day basis - six (6) weeks annual leave per annum. This encompasses the additional week of annual leave entitled to shift workers.
- (b) All other employees - four (4) weeks annual leave per annum.

22.2 (a) An employee to whom paragraph (a) of subclause 22.1 applies and who is required to and does work on a public holiday shall be paid, in addition to the appropriate ordinary weekly rate of pay, at the rate of one half time extra for the time actually worked on such holiday. Such payment shall be in lieu of any additional rate for shift work or weekend work which would otherwise be payable had the day not been a public holiday.

(b) To leave prescribed by paragraph (a) of subclause 22.1 there shall be added one working day or one half working day for each special public holiday or half public holiday (not being one of the public holidays prescribed by subclause 22.3 of this clause, or a special day proclaimed in lieu of any of them) which may occur during the qualifying period for annual leave or during the period of annual leave.

(c) A public holiday occurring on a day that the employee would normally work shall be allowed to employees covered by paragraph (b) of subclause 22.1 on full pay; provided that an employee who is required to and does work on a public holiday shall have one day or one half day, as

appropriate, added to their period of annual leave and be paid at the rate of one half time extra for the time actually worked. Such payment is in lieu of any additional rate for shift work or weekend work which would otherwise be payable had the day not been a public holiday. In lieu of adding to annual leave under this paragraph an employee may elect to be paid for the time actually worked at the rate of time and one half in addition to their ordinary weekly rate. Such election shall be made on the commencement of employment and then on the anniversary date each year.

The employee may not alter such election during the year except with the agreement of the employer. Where payment is made in lieu of leave in respect of the time worked on a public holiday payment shall be made for a minimum of four hours work, and any balance of the day or shift not worked shall be paid at ordinary rates.

- (d) Where a public holiday falls on a rostered day off of a shift worker as defined in Clause 5, Definitions, of this Agreement, and who receives four (4) weeks annual leave in accordance with paragraph (b) of subclause 22.1 of this clause, such shift worker shall be paid one day's pay in addition to the weekly rate or if the employee so elects shall have one day added to the period of annual leave.
- (e) To the leave prescribed by paragraph (b) of subclause 22.1 there shall be added one working day for each public holiday or one half working day for each half public holiday which occurs on what would have been an ordinary working day during a period of annual leave; provided that in the case of a shift worker referred to in paragraph (d) of this subclause the provision of this paragraph shall apply to any public holidays falling during the period of annual leave.

22.3 For the purpose of this subclause the following are to be public holidays, viz: New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Saturday, Easter Sunday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Queen's Birthday, Local Labour Day, Christmas Day, Boxing Day and any other day duly proclaimed and observed as a public holiday within the area in which the hospital is situated.

- 22.4 (a) In addition to those public holidays prescribed in subclause 22.3 of this clause, employees are entitled to an extra public holiday each year. Such public holiday will occur
- (i) on the August Bank Holiday; or
 - (ii) on a date which is agreed upon by the respective employees and if nominated by the employee, the employee's nominated representative which may be a union representative;
 - (iii) as an additional public holiday between Christmas and the first week of the following calendar year; provided that such day is placed between Monday to Friday (inclusive) which is not gazetted as a public holiday.

The foregoing does not apply in areas where in each year:

- (iv) a day in addition to the public holidays specified in subclause (i) is proclaimed and observed as a public holiday; or
 - (v) two half days in addition to the public holidays specified in subclause (i) are proclaimed and observed as half public holidays.
- (b) In areas where in each year only one half day in addition to the public holidays specified in subclause 22.3 is proclaimed and observed as a half public holiday for the purposes of this Agreement the whole day is to be regarded and observed as a public holiday and no additional public holiday which would otherwise apply as a result of this subclause will be observed.

22.5 (a) **Taking of Annual Leave** – An employee is entitled to take an amount of annual leave during a particular period if:

- (i) at least that amount if annual leave is credited to the employee; and
 - (ii) the employer has authorised the employee to take the annual leave during that period.
- (b) An employee will request annual leave, in writing, at least two (2) weeks prior to the date on which the leave would commence.
 - (c) Credit of time towards an allocated day off duty shall not accrue when an employee is absent in accordance with subclause 22.1 of this clause. Employees entitled to allocated days off duty in accordance with Clause 6, Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees, of this Agreement shall accrue credit towards an allocated day off duty in respect of each day those employees are absent on additional annual leave in accordance with subclauses 22.2(b) and subclause 22.2(c) of the Agreement.

22.6 Annual leave shall be taken in an amount and at a time which is approved by the employer subject to the operational requirements of the workplace. The employer shall not unreasonably withhold or revoke such approval.

22.7 **Extensive accumulated annual leave:** An employee must take an amount of annual leave during a particular period if:

- (a) the employee is directed to do so by the employer. The employer shall give the employee at least one months notice. Provided that, where an employee makes a written request to take annual leave which has not been approved by the employer, that employee shall not be directed to take annual leave for a period of 12 months after that request;
- (b) at the time that the direction is given, the employee has annual leave credited to him or her of more than 1/13 of the number of ordinary hours worked by the employee for the employer during the period of 104 weeks ending at the time that the direction is given; and
- (c) the amount of annual leave that the employee is directed to take is less than, or equal to, ¼ of the amount of credited annual leave of the employee at the time that the direction is given.

22.8 (a) Where an employee has any period of permanent part-time employment during any 12 month period for annual leave, payment for such annual leave shall be calculated on the basis of the proportion that the average number of hours worked each week bears to 38 hours.

(b) An employee to whom paragraph (a) of subclause 22.1 applies shall be paid during the first twenty eight (28) consecutive days whilst on annual leave her or his ordinary rate of salary plus shift allowances and weekend penalties relating to ordinary time the employee would have worked if they had not been on annual leave; additional annual leave accrued under subclause 22.11 attracts shift allowances and weekend penalties relating to ordinary time the employee would have worked if they had not been on annual leave; provided that the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this subclause shall not apply to public holidays which occur during a period of annual leave or days which have been added to annual leave in accordance with paragraph (b) of subclause 22.2 and subclause 22.4 of this clause.

22.9 **Cashing out of Annual Leave**

Annual leave credited to an employee may be cashed out, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the employee must elect in writing to receive in lieu of an amount of annual leave;
- (b) during each 12 month period, an employee is not entitled to for an amount of annual leave that is equal to more than 1/26 of the ordinary hours worked by the employee during the period;
- (c) the employer has agreed to the employee cashing out the annual leave;

- (d) the payment in lieu of the amount of annual leave shall be at a rate that is no less than the employee's ordinary pay at the time of the election is made; and
- (e) the employee will retain a balance of at least four weeks annual leave.

22.10 Where the employment of an employee is terminated the employee shall be entitled to receive, in addition to all other amounts due, in respect of service of less than one year an amount equal to one-twelfth (6/46ths in respect of employees rostered to work on a seven (7) day basis) of her or his ordinary pay for that period of employment together with payment for any days added to annual leave in accordance with subclause 22.2 of this clause, and in calculating such payment no deduction is to be made for accommodation or board.

22.11 (a) In addition to leave prescribed by subclause 22.1 employees who work their ordinary hours on Sundays and/or Public Holidays are entitled to receive additional annual leave as follows:

Number of ordinary shifts worked on Sundays and/or Public Holidays during a qualifying period of employment for annual leave purposes	Additional Annual Leave
4 – 10	1 Day
11 – 17	2 Days
18 – 24	3 Days
25 – 31	4 Days
32 or more	5 Days

Provided that an employee may elect to be paid when proceeding on annual leave on annual leave an amount equivalent to the value of their additional leave entitlement in lieu of taking the annual leave. Such election is to be made in writing by the employee at the commencement of each year of employment and is irrevocable during the currency of that year of employment.

- (b) On termination of employment employees are to be paid for any untaken annual leave due under this subclause together with payment for any leave in respect of an uncompleted year of employment calculated in accordance with this subclause together with payment for any untaken annual leave due in accordance with subclause 22.10.

22.12 Annual Leave and Service

A period of paid annual leave does not break an employee's continuity of service and annual leave counts as service for all purposes.

22.13 Annual Closedown Provision

- (a) The employer may temporarily close a part or the whole of the hospital not more than once every twelve months for a period not exceeding 3 weeks.
- (b) Where practicable the employer will give at least three (3) months notice but in any event no less than 2 months of the dates of the closedown; all prospective employees will be advised of any closedown in the letter offering them employment.
- (c) An employee with an entitlement to annual leave and / or accumulated Additional Days Off (ADOs) sufficient to cover the closedown period will be required to access their accumulated annual leave and / or ADOs for the period of the closedown. The employee may choose the combination of annual leave and accrued ADOs that she or he will use to cover the closedown period.

- (d) Where an employee has an entitlement to annual leave which is less than the period of the closedown, she or he will have to choose one or more of the following forms of leave to make up the difference between the accumulated annual leave and the period of the closedown:
 - (i) leave without pay;
 - (ii) annual leave taken in advance; and/or
 - (iii) accumulated ADOs.
- (e) The employer will favourably consider requests for staff to accumulate up to 12 ADOs for use during a closedown.
- (f) Employees will continue to be able to access annual leave throughout the year. They will not be required to store their annual leave for use during a closedown.

(23) Annual Leave Loading

- 23.1 Before an employee is given and takes an annual holiday, or where by agreement between the employer and the employee the annual holiday is given and taken in more than one separate period, then before each of such separate periods the employer shall pay the employee a loading determined in accordance with this clause.
- 23.2 The loading is payable in addition to the pay for the period of holiday given and taken due to the employee under subclauses 22.1(b) and 22.2(c) of Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays, of this Agreement, or in the case of part-time employees for the period of holiday given and taken and due to the employee.
- 23.3 The loading is to be calculated in relation to any period of annual holiday to which the employee becomes entitled.
- 23.4 The loading is the amount payable for the period or the separate periods, as the case may be, stated in subclause 23.3 of the rate per week of 17½% of the appropriate ordinary weekly time rate of pay prescribed by this Agreement for the classification in which the employee was employed immediately before commencing by the employee's annual holiday together with any allowances prescribed by subclause 12.3 of Clause 12, Special Allowances, of this Agreement.
- 23.5 No loading is payable to an employee who takes an annual holiday wholly or partly in advance; provided that, if the employment of such an employee continues until the day when the employee would have become entitled under the said Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays to an annual holiday, the loading then becomes payable in respect of the period of such holiday and is to be calculated in accordance with subclause 23.4 of this clause applying the Agreement rates and wages payable on that day. This subclause applies where an annual holiday has been taken wholly or partly in advance.
- 23.6 No loading is payable on the additional annual leave as set out in Clause 22.11 of this agreement
- 23.7 When the employment of an employee is terminated and at the time of termination the employee has not been given and has not taken the whole of an annual holiday the employee shall be paid a loading calculated in accordance with subclause 23.4 of the period not taken.
- 23.8 This clause extends to an employee who is given and takes an annual holiday and who would have worked as a shift worker if the employee had not been on holidays; provided that, if the amount to which the employee would have been entitled by way of shift work allowances and weekend penalty rates to the ordinary time (not including time on a public or special holiday) which the employee would have worked during the period of the holiday exceeds the loading calculated in accordance with this clause, then that amount shall be paid to the employee in lieu of the loading.

(24) Long Service Leave

24.1 For long service leave falling due prior to 20th February 1981, see Long Service Leave Act 1955.

24.2 This clause provides Long Service Leave more beneficial than the provisions of the Long Service Leave Act 1955.

The provisions of this clause shall apply for Long Service Leave. Where the provisions of this clause are more beneficial these provisions shall apply. Where this clause is silent the provisions of the *Long Service Leave Act 1955* shall apply.:

- (a) (i) Every employee after ten years' continuous service with the same employer shall be entitled to two months' long service leave on full pay; after fifteen years' continuous service to an additional one month's long service leave on full pay; and for each five years' continuous service thereafter to an additional one and one half months' long service leave on full pay. Such leave shall be taken at a time to be mutually arranged between the employer and the employee.
- (ii) Where the service of an employee with at least five years' service is terminated, the employee shall be entitled for five years' service to one month's long service leave on full pay and for service after 5 years to a proportionate amount of such leave on full pay calculated on the basis of 2 months' long service leave for 10 years' service.
- (b) Where an employee has acquired a right to long service leave under subclause (a) of this clause, then and in every such case:
 - (i) If before such leave has been entered upon the employment of such employee has been terminated such employee shall be entitled to receive the monetary value of the leave to which such employee has been entitled computed at the rate of salary which such employee had been receiving immediately prior to the termination of employment.
 - (ii) If such employee dies before entering upon such long service leave, or if after having entered upon the same dies before its termination, any accrued long service leave will be paid out in accordance with Section 4 (Long Service Leave) subsection (5)(b) of the Long Service Leave Act 1955 (NSW). This provision provides that:

Where a worker dies and any long service leave:

- (a) to which the worker was entitled has not been taken; or
- (b) accrued upon termination of the services of the worker by reason of the worker's death and has not been taken,

the employer shall upon request by the worker's personal representative pay to the worker's personal representative in full the ordinary pay that would have been payable to the worker in respect of long service leave less any amount already paid to the worker in respect of that leave

- (c) Employees are entitled to take their long service leave on a pro-rata basis after 7 years of continuous service.
- (d) For the purpose of this clause:
 - (i) Continuous service in the same hospital prior to the coming into force of this Agreement shall be taken into account.
 - (ii) One month equals four and one-third weeks.

- (iii) Continuous service shall be deemed not to have been broken by:
 - (a) any period of absence on leave without pay not exceeding six months;
 - (b) absence of an employee from the hospital whilst a member of the Defence Forces of the Commonwealth in time of war.
- (e) Where any employee has been granted a period of long service leave prior to the coming into force of this award the amount of such leave shall be debited against the amount of leave due under this agreement.
- (f) Any period(s) of part-time employment with the same employer shall count towards long service leave as provided for in paragraph 24.2(a) of this clause. Such long service leave shall be paid for on the basis of the proportion that the average number of hours worked per week bears to 38 hours.
- (g) Where an employee has accrued a right to an allocated day off duty on pay prior to entering a period of long service leave such day shall be taken on the next working day immediately following the period of long service leave.

An employee returning to duty from long service leave shall be given the next allocated day off duty in sequence irrespective of whether sufficient credits have been accumulated or not.

(25) Compassionate Leave

25.1 Entitlement to compassionate leave

An employee is entitled to 2 days of compassionate leave for each occasion (a permissible occasion) when a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household:

- (a) contracts or develops a personal illness that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
- (b) sustains a personal injury that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
- (c) dies.
 - (i) Where the employee is involved in funeral arrangements, travelling etc., leave may be allowed for up to 3 days for each permissible occasion.
 - (ii) In addition to the above, in exceptional circumstances, the employee may apply to the General Manager for further paid or unpaid compassionate leave.

25.2 For the purposes of this clause, immediate family means:

- (a) a spouse, de facto partner either of the same or opposite sex, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee; or
- (b) a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the employee.

25.3 Taking compassionate leave

- (a) An employee may take compassionate leave for a particular permissible occasion if the leave is taken:

- (i) to spend time with the member of the employee's immediate family or household who has contracted or developed the personal illness, or sustained the personal injury, referred to in subclause 25.1; or
 - (ii) after the death of the member of the employee's immediate family or household referred to in subclause 25.1.
- (b) An employee may take compassionate leave for a particular permissible occasion as:
- (i) a single continuous period; or
 - (ii) separate periods of 1 day each; or
 - (iii) any separate periods to which the employee and his or her employer agree.
- (c) If the permissible occasion is the contraction or development of a personal illness, or the sustaining of a personal injury, the employee may take the compassionate leave for that occasion at any time while the illness or injury persists.

25.4 **Payment for compassionate leave (other than for casual employees)**

If an employee, other than a casual employee, takes a period of compassionate leave, the employer must pay the employee at the employee's base rate of pay for the employee's ordinary hours of work in the period. For casual employees, compassionate leave is unpaid leave.

25.5 **Other Circumstances**

The above principles are not intended to codify completely purposes for which compassionate leave with pay may be allowed. The element of unforeseen emergency could be present in other situations, eg. floods and bushfires, which clearly prevent attendance for duty.

In view of the purpose for which compassionate leave is intended, it is not possible to prescribe a precise limitation of the amount of leave to be granted in a given period. It is suggested, however, that only under the most exceptional circumstances should leave exceeding a total of three days be granted to an employee in any year other than in accordance with subclause 25.1.

Where an employee is forced to absent themselves other than in accordance with subclause 25.1 or in circumstances that do not reasonably constitute an unforeseen emergency, the employee can cover such an absence by applying for leave with pay or, if the employee so desires, taking annual leave.

(26) Personal/Carer's Leave

26.1 **The Standard**

- (a) Employees are entitled to personal leave in accordance with the provisions of the Standard.
- (b) Casual employees have no entitlement to paid personal/carers leave, but do have an entitlement to unpaid carer's leave.

26.2 **Meaning of Personal/Carer's Leave**

Personal/carers leave is either:

- (a) paid leave (**sick leave**) taken by an employee because of a personal illness, or injury, of the employee; or
- (b) paid or unpaid leave (**carer's leave**) taken by an employee to provide care or support to a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household, who requires care or support because of:
 - (i) a personal illness, or injury, of the member; or
 - (ii) an unexpected emergency affecting the member.
- (c) immediate family or member of the employees household is defined as:
 - (i) a spouse of the employee; or
 - (ii) a de facto spouse, who, in relation to a person, is a person of the same or opposite sex to the first mentioned person who lives with the first mentioned person on a bona fide domestic basis although not legally married to that person; or
 - (iii) a child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a step child, a foster child or an ex-nuptial child), parent (including a foster parent and legal guardian), grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee or spouse or de facto spouse of the employee; or
 - (v) a relative of the employee who is a member of the same household, where for the purposes of this paragraph:
 - (a) "relative" means a person related by blood, marriage or affinity;
 - (b) "affinity" means a relationship that one spouse because of marriage has to blood relatives of the other; and
 - (c) "household" means a family group living in the same domestic dwelling.

26.3 **Accrual of Paid Personal/Carer's Leave**

- (a) Subject to transitional arrangements, an employee shall accrue an amount of paid personal/carers leave, for each completed 4 week period of continuous service with the employer, of $\frac{1}{26}$ of the number of ordinary hours worked by the employee for the employer during that 4 week period.
- (b) Paid personal/carers leave shall accrue on a pro-rata basis and be credited monthly.
- (c) Paid personal/carers leave is cumulative.
- (d) No payment will be made in lieu of accumulated personal/carers leave.
- (e) Casual employees have no entitlement to paid personal/carers leave.

26.4 **Payment of Paid Personal/Carer's Leave**

If an employee takes paid personal/carers leave during a period, the personal/carers leave shall be paid at the employee's ordinary pay immediately before the period begins.

26.5 Unpaid Carer's Leave

- (a) An employee is entitled to a period of up to 2 days unpaid carer's leave for each occasion when a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household, requires care or support during such a period because of:
 - (i) a personal illness, or injury, of the member; or
 - (ii) an unexpected emergency affecting the member.
- (b) This entitlement extends to casual employees and the employer agrees not to fail to re-engage a casual employee because the employee accessed the entitlements provided for in this sub-clause. The rights of the employer to engage or not to engage a casual employee are otherwise not affected.
- (c) An employee is entitled to unpaid carer's leave for a particular occasion only if the employee cannot take an amount of paid personal/carer's leave.

26.6 Taking of Paid Sick Leave

- (a) An employee is entitled to use their paid personal/carer's leave entitlement as paid sick leave in accordance with the Standard.
- (b) An employee is not entitled to be paid sick leave whilst they are in receipt of workers' compensation payments.
- (c) **Sick Leave - Notice:** To be entitled to sick leave during a period, an employee must give the employer notice as soon as reasonably practicable (which may be at a time before or after the sick leave has started) that the employee is (or will be) absent from his or her employment during the period because of a personal illness, or injury, of the employee.

This requirement does not apply to an employee who could not comply with it because of circumstances beyond the employee's control.

- (d) **Sick Leave - Documentary Evidence:** If the employer requires an employee to give the employer documentary evidence in relation to a period of sick leave taken (or to be taken) by the employee:
 - (i) To be entitled to sick leave during the period, the employee must give the employer as soon as reasonably practicable (which may be at a time before or after the sick leave has started):
 - (a) if it is reasonably practicable to do so - a medical certificate from a registered health practitioner;
 - (b) if it is not reasonably practicable for the employee to give the employer a medical certificate - a statutory declaration made by the employee; and
 - (ii) The document must include a statement to the effect that:
 - (a) if the document is a medical certificate - in the registered health practitioner's opinion, the employee was, is, or will be unfit for work during the period because of a personal illness or injury; or
 - (b) if the document is a statutory declaration - the employee was, is, or will be unfit for work during the period because of a personal illness or injury.

This requirement does not apply to an employee who could not comply with it because of circumstances beyond the employee's control.

26.7 Taking of Carer's Leave

- (a) An employee is entitled to use their paid personal/carer's leave entitlement as paid carer's leave in accordance with the NES.
- (b) An employee who is entitled to a period of unpaid carer's leave is entitled to take the unpaid carer's leave as:
 - (i) a single, unbroken period of up to 2 days; or
 - (ii) any separate periods to which the employee and the employer agree.
- (c) **Carer's Leave - Notice:** To be entitled to carer's leave during a period, an employee must give the employer notice as soon as reasonably practicable (which may be at a time before or after the carer's leave has started) that the employee requires (or required) leave during the period to provide care or support to a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household, who requires (or required) care or support because of:
 - (i) a personal illness, or injury, of the member; or
 - (ii) an unexpected emergency affecting the member.

This requirement does not apply to an employee who could not comply with it because of circumstances beyond the employee's control.

- (d) **Carer's Leave - Documentary Evidence:** If the employer requires an employee to give the employer documentary evidence in relation to a period of carer's leave taken (or to be taken) by the employee:
 - (i) To be entitled to carer's leave during the period, the employee must give the employer as soon as reasonably practicable (which may be at a time before or after the carer's leave has started):
 - (a) if the care or support is required because of a personal illness, or injury, of the member - a medical certificate from a registered health practitioner or a statutory declaration made by the employee;
 - (b) if the care or support is required because of an unexpected emergency affecting the member - a statutory declaration made by the employee; and
 - (ii) The document must include a statement to the effect that:
 - (a) if the document is a medical certificate - in the registered health practitioner's opinion, the member had, has or will have a personal illness or injury during the period; or
 - (b) if the document is a statutory declaration - the employee requires (or required) leave during the period to provide care or support to the member because the member requires (or required) care or support during the period because of:
 - (1) a personal illness, or injury, of the member; or
 - (2) an unexpected emergency affecting the member.

This requirement does not apply to an employee who could not comply with it because of circumstances beyond the employee's control.

26.8 Time Off in Lieu of Payment for Overtime for the Purposes of Personal/Carer's Leave

- (a) For the purpose only of providing care and support for a person in accordance with subclause 26.2 of this clause, and despite the provisions of Clause 20, Overtime, the following provisions shall apply.

- (b) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to take time off in lieu of payment for overtime at a time or times agreed with the employer within 12 months of the said election.
- (c) Overtime taken as time off during ordinary time hours shall be taken at the ordinary time rate, that is an hour for each hour worked.
- (d) If, having elected to take time as leave in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subclause, the leave is not taken for whatever reason payment for time accrued at overtime rates shall be made at the expiry of the 12-month period or on termination.
- (e) Where no election is made in accordance with the said paragraph (a), the employee shall be paid overtime rates in accordance with the Agreement.

26.9 Make-up time

- (a) An employee may elect, with the consent of their employer, to work "make-up time", under which the employee takes time off ordinary hours, and works those hours at a later time, during the spread of ordinary hours provided in the Agreement at the ordinary rate of pay.
- (b) An employee on shift work may elect, with the consent of the employer, to work "make-up time" (under which the employee takes time off ordinary hours and works those hours at a later time), at the shift work rate which would have been applicable to the hours taken off.

26.10 Personal / Carers Leave and Rostered Days Off

- (a) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to take a rostered day off at any time.
- (b) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to take rostered days off in part day amounts.
- (c) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to accrue some or all rostered days off for the purpose of creating a bank to be drawn upon at a time mutually agreed between the employer and employee, or subject to reasonable notice by the employee or the employer.
- (d) This subclause is subject to the employer informing the affected employees and their workplace representatives of its intention to introduce an enterprise system of RDO flexibility, and providing a reasonable opportunity for the affected employees and their workplace representatives to participate in negotiations.

26.11 Personal/Carer's Leave and Service

- (a) A period of paid personal/carers leave does not break an employee's continuity of service and paid personal/carers leave counts as service for all purposes.
- (b) A period of unpaid personal/carers leave does not break an employee's continuity of service, however a period of unpaid personal/carers leave does not count as service.

(27) Staff Amenities

The employer shall provide for the use of employees:

27.1 A suitable changing room and adequate washing and toilet facilities;

27.2 A locker fitted with lock and key or other suitable place for the safe keeping of clothing and personal effects of such employee;

27.3 An employer shall provide for an employee morning and afternoon tea, supper and early morning tea (which shall include tea or coffee together with milk and sugar) when the employee is on duty, at times appropriate for the partaking thereof, and shall provide also for such an employee, who requires them, meals of a reasonable standard, which fall due during the duty period, and for such meals so provided may make a charge, provided that the charge for breakfast shall be the sum set out in Item 16 of Table 2 (Part B) and the sum set out in Item 17 of Table 2 (Part B) for other meals.

(28) Escort Duty

28.1 Periods during which an employee, other than Director of Nursing, is engaged in nursing duties, viz, in attendance on a patient, shall be paid as working time under this Agreement. Where applicable, overtime shall be payable.

28.2 All reasonable out-of-pocket expenses shall be reimbursed.

28.3 Rostered time shall be paid as such even though an employee may be travelling, in hotel/motel accommodation, or waiting for transport.

28.4 In respect of non-rostered time not spent in nursing duties:

(a) Periods in hotel/motel accommodation or waiting for transport shall not be counted as working time;

(b) Periods in travelling shall count as working time.

(29) Deputy Directors of Nursing, Assistant Directors of Nursing

29.1 The following appointments shall be made in the hospital with adjusted daily averages of occupied beds as specified hereunder:

Less than 40 beds – a Deputy Director of Nursing except where

(a) the Registered Nurses at the hospital are all given the same duties and no Registered Nurse is delegated Deputy Director of Nursing duties; and

(b) the Director of Nursing perceives no requirement for a Deputy Director of Nursing to be employed.

40 beds and over but less than 75 beds – a Deputy Director of Nursing except where

(c) at least two full time equivalent Nursing Unit Managers are employed; and

(d) the Director of Nursing perceives no requirement for a Deputy Director of Nursing to be employed.

Provided that no Deputy Director of Nursing employed as at 1 January 1998 shall be dismissed or demoted as a result of the implementation of this clause.

29.2 Appointments under subclause 29.1 of this clause, shall be made within two calendar months of the date this Agreement becomes operative and thereafter within two calendar months of the occurrence of a vacancy. In default of appointment within the said period of two calendar months of the occurrence of a vacancy, the registered nurse employed as such or in a higher classification who has customarily relieved, in the vacant position, or if no one has so customarily relieved, the registered nurse employed in the same or the next senior classification at the hospital, shall be deemed to be appointed until such time as another appointment is made by the hospital.

(30) Medical Examination of Nurses

- 30.1 Medical examination of a nurse will be in accordance with Sutherland Heart Clinic policy as varied from time to time. Requirements for vaccination of nurses will be in accordance with Department of Health policy directive NSW PD2011_2005 (Occupational Assessment, Screening and Vaccination against the specified infectious diseases)
- 30.2 For protection against radiation exposure, nurses required to work in close proximity to a source of ionising radiation should be provided with a film badge or personal radiation dosimeter, and a record should be maintained of the radiation exposure measured by such film badge or dosimeter.
- 30.3 The costs involved in these screening and protection procedures shall be borne by the employer.

(31) Domestic Work

- 31.1 Except as hereinafter provided, nurses, enrolled nurses and assistants-in-nursing shall not be required to perform, as a matter of routine, the following duties, viz: washing, sweeping, polishing and/or dusting of floors, walls or windows of wards, corridors, annexes, bathrooms or verandas, nor any duties which are generally performed by classifications other than nursing staff: but this provision shall not preclude the employment of nurses, enrolled nurses and assistants-in-nursing on any of such duties in an isolation block or where the performance of those duties involves disinfection.
- 31.2 Nothing in subclause 31.1 of this clause shall preclude an enrolled nurse or an assistant-in-nursing from being required to perform all or any of the specified duties during the first thirteen weeks of training or experience, as the case may be.
- 31.3 Nothing in subclause 31.1 of this clause shall preclude any employee from being required to perform all or any of the specified duties at any time when domestic staff is not available to perform them; provided that the employer has made all reasonable efforts to obtain domestic staff.

(32) Labour Flexibility

- 32.1 An employer may direct an employee to carry out duties as are within the limits of the employee's skill, competence and training. Such duties may include work which is incidental or peripheral to the employee's main tasks provided that such duties are not designed to promote deskilling nor are inconsistent with Clause 31, Domestic Work.
- 32.2 Any employer may direct an employee to carry out duties and use such equipment as may be required provided that the employee has been properly trained or has otherwise acquired the necessary skills in the use of such equipment. Any such direction issued by the employer shall be consistent with the employer's responsibility to provide a safe and healthy working environment for employees and the employer's duty of care to patients.

(33) Termination of Employment

- 33.1 Employment, other than of a casual, will be terminated only by appropriate notice on either side or by the payment by the employer or forfeiture by the employee of wages in lieu of notice. Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified, and part payment or forfeiture, in lieu of the period of notice specified.
- 33.2 Notice of termination by the employer:

(a) (i)	<u>Period of Continuous Service</u>	<u>Minimum Period of Notice</u>
	1 year or less	1 week
	More than 1 year but not more than 3 years	2 weeks

More than 3 years but not more than 5 years	3 weeks
More than 5 years	4 weeks

(ii) A Director of Nursing be entitled to four weeks notice.

(b) Employees (other than casuals) aged 45 years or older will be entitled to an additional one week's notice if the employee has completed at least two years continuous service for the employer.

(c) Casuals are to be given notice to the end of the current shift worked.

33.3 Notice by employee -

(a) Subject to sub-clauses 33.3 (b), (c) employees with 12 months or more service shall give the employer two week's notice of termination in writing. Employees with less than 12 months service shall give the employer one week notice of termination in writing.

(b) A Director of Nursing shall give four (4) weeks notice of termination in writing.

(c) Casuals shall only be required to give notice to the end of the current shift worked.

33.4 Upon the termination of the services of an employee, the employer shall furnish the employee with a written statement, surely signed by or on behalf of the employer, setting out the period of the employment and the capacity in which the employee was employed.

33.5 Employees who have accrued additional days off duty pursuant to subclause 6.7 of Clause 6, Hours of Work and Free Time of Employees, shall be paid for such accrued time at ordinary rate of pay upon termination.

(34) Transfer of Business

Where there is a Transfer of Business, the provisions in the Act will apply.

(35) Attendance at Meetings and Fire Drills

35.1 Any employee required to work outside the ordinary hours of work in satisfaction of the requirements for compulsory fire safety practices (fire drill and evacuation procedures) contained from time to time within the Private Health Facilities Act 2007, and the regulations made there under, shall be entitled to be paid the "ordinary rate" for the actual time spent in attendance at such practices. In lieu of receiving payment, employees may with the agreement of the employer be permitted to be free from duty for a period of time equivalent to the period spent in attendance at such meetings. Such time spent in attendance shall not be viewed as overtime for the purposes of this Agreement.

35.2 Any employee required to attend Occupational Health and Safety Committee and/or Board of Management meetings in the capacity of employee representative shall, if such meetings are held outside the ordinary hours of work, be entitled to receive payment at the "ordinary rate" for the actual time spent in attendance at such meetings. In lieu of receiving payment, employees may with the agreement of the employer be permitted to be free from duty for a period of time equivalent to the period spent in attendance at such meetings. Such time spent in attendance shall not be viewed as overtime for the purposes of this Agreement.

35.3 For the purposes of this clause "ordinary rate" shall include amounts payable under Clause 10, Salaries, and Clause 12, Special Allowances, subclauses 12.1 and 12.2, of this Agreement; plus, where appropriate, the loading prescribed in Clause 21.2, Part-time, Casual and Temporary

Employees of this Agreement for employees engaged otherwise than as a full-time or permanent part-time employee.

(36) Resolution of Disputes

- 36.1 In the event of a dispute about any matter, except the actual termination of employment, in the first instance the parties must attempt to resolve the matter at the workplace by discussions between the employee or employees concerned and the relevant supervisor. If such discussions do not resolve the dispute, the parties will endeavour to resolve the dispute in a timely manner by discussions between the employee or employees concerned and more senior levels of management as appropriate.
- 36.2 The parties agree that disputes in relation to requests for reasonable working arrangements and extending a period of unpaid parental leave may be dealt with under the terms of this clause.
- 36.3 An employer or employee may appoint another person or the Union to accompany and/or represent them for the purposes of this clause.
- 36.4 If a dispute is unable to be resolved at the workplace, and all appropriate steps under clause 36.1 have been taken, a party to the dispute may refer the dispute to the Fair Work Commission. This is not intended to prevent a party referring the dispute to another statutory tribunal if that is more appropriate.
- 36.5 Where the matter in dispute remains unresolved, the Fair Work Commission may exercise any method of dispute resolution permitted by the Act that it considers appropriate to ensure the settlement of the dispute.
- 36.6 The parties agree that the Fair Work Commission shall have the power to do all such things as are necessary for the just resolution of the dispute including mediation, conciliation and arbitration.
- 36.7 The Fair Work Commission shall be provided access to the workplace to inspect or view any work, material, machinery, appliance, article, document or other thing or interview any employee who is usually engaged in work at the workplace.
- 36.8 The parties agree that the Fair Work Commission may give all such directions and do all such things as are necessary for the just resolution, remedy and determination of the dispute.
- 36.9 Subject to any review of the Fair Work Commission's decision or direction relating to the dispute, the decision or direction shall be accepted by all affected parties as a settlement of the dispute and shall be implemented by them.
- 36.10 The parties agree to confer immunity on the Fair Work Commission for all matters relating to the dispute resolution between the parties.
- 36.11 While the dispute resolution procedure is being conducted, the status quo must remain and work must continue in accordance with this agreement and the Act. Subject to applicable occupational health and safety legislation, an employee must not unreasonably fail to comply with a direction by the employer to perform work, whether at the same or another workplace, that is safe and appropriate for the employee to perform.

(37) Anti-Discrimination

It is the intention of the parties bound by this Agreement to achieve the object in section 3(e) of the Act to prevent and eliminate discrimination in the workplace. This includes discrimination on the grounds of race, colour, sex, sexual preference, age, marital status, physical or mental disability, family responsibilities, pregnancy, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, homosexuality, transgender identity and age.

(38) Parental Leave

- 38.1 Parental Leave entitlements are governed by the NES.
- 38.2 In addition to the entitlements contained in the NES, employees with 52 or more weeks of service and who are to be the primary care giver of the child are entitled to ten (10) weeks pay on commencement of parental leave. The period of paid maternity leave will be based on average hours worked in the 12 months prior to proceeding on maternity leave. The employee may elect to take the ten (10) weeks paid leave at half pay over 20 weeks.
- 38.3 In addition to the entitlements contained in the NES, employees with 52 or more weeks of service and who are to be the secondary carer of the child are entitled to one (1) week's pay on commencement of parental leave. The period of paid secondary carer leave will be based on average hours worked in the 12 months prior to proceeding on secondary carer leave.

(39) Superannuation

39.1 Sutherland Heart Clinic will make Superannuation Contributions to an approved complying superannuation fund nominated by the employee in accordance with the Superannuation Guarantee (SG) legislation as varied from time to time.

39.2 An 'approved fund' means:

- the Health Employees' Superannuation Trust Australia (H.E.S.T.A.);
- any agreed complying superannuation fund; nominated by the employee;
- any superannuation fund to which the employer was making superannuation contributions for the benefit of its employees before 12 September 2008, provided the superannuation fund is an eligible choice fund and is a fund that offers a MySuper product or is an exempt public sector scheme.

39.3 An employee will nominate one approved fund to which all statutory superannuation contributions shall be paid.

39.4 Definitions

(a) "Default fund" means the Health Employees' Superannuation Trust Australia (H.E.S.T.A.)

Should an employee fail to nominate a fund, the employer will choose the above approved fund as the default fund into which contributions shall be paid under this Agreement.

(c) "Qualified employee" means:

- (i) a full-time or part-time employee;
- (ii) a casual employee who has earned in excess of \$450.00 or more (before tax) in a month.

39.2 Superannuation Legislation

The subject of superannuation is dealt with extensively by federal legislation including the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992, The Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992, the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993, and the Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993. This legislation, as varied from time to time, shall govern the superannuation rights and obligations of the parties.

39.3 Contributions

- (a) For qualified employees the employer shall, in respect of each employee, pay a sum equal to the Superannuation Guarantee legislation, as amended from time to time, of the employee's gross ordinary time earnings into a complying fund. Such contributions shall be remitted to the complying fund on a monthly basis. With respect to casual employees, contributions shall be remitted at the time that employees receive their annual group certificates
- (b) An employee may nominate one complying fund to which all Agreement and statutory superannuation contributions shall be paid, subject to employer approval of the fund nominated by the employee. Provided that the employer shall not unreasonably withhold agreement unless it establishes good and proper reasons for the withholding of the agreement.
- (c) Where no such nomination is made before any such contributions become payable, the contributions referred to in this clauses will be paid to the default fund for that place of employment.

39.4 Salary Sacrifice to Superannuation

- (a) Salary Sacrifice to Superannuation means the option of making additional superannuation contributions by electing to sacrifice a portion of the gross earnings (pre tax dollars) under the parent awards. This will give the effect of reducing the taxable income by the amount for salary sacrifice.
- (b) Salary sacrifice to superannuation shall be offered to employees by mutual agreement between the employee and employer.
- (c) Such election must be made prior to the commencement of the period of service to which the earnings relate.
- (d) One change of a sacrificed amount will be permitted in an employee's anniversary year, which is 12 months from the date of commencement of employment, without incurring an administration charge (\$50). Changing from full-time to part-time or part-time to full-time employment will not be classified as a change for administration charge purposes.
- (e) The amount sacrificed must not exceed any relevant superannuation guarantee contribution limit.
- (f) The sacrificed portion of salary reduces the salary subject to PAYG Taxation deductions.
- (g) Any allowance, penalty rate, overtime payment for unused leave entitlements, other than any payments for leave taken whilst employed, shall be calculated by reference to the salary which would have applied to the employee in the absence of any salary sacrifice to superannuation. Payment for leave taken whilst employed will be at the post salary sacrificed amount.
- (h) Salary sacrifice arrangements can be cancelled by either the employer or employee at any time provided either party gives one months notice. The employer has the right to withdraw from offering salary sacrifice to employees without notice if there is any alteration to relevant Australian Taxation legislation.
- (i) Contributions payable by the employer in relation to the Superannuation Guarantee Legislation shall be calculated by reference to the salary which would have applied to the employee under this Agreement in the absence of any salary sacrifice.
- (j) Employers will not use any amount that is salary sacrificed by an employee to negate contributions payable under the Superannuation Guarantee Legislation.

- (k) The employee shall have the portion of payable salary that is sacrificed paid as additional employer superannuation contributions into the same superannuation fund that receives the employer's SGC contributions.
- (l) Nothing in this clause shall affect the right of an employer to maintain alternate arrangements with respect to salary sacrifice for employees.

(40) Consultation Regarding Major Workplace Change

40.1 Introduction of Change and Consultation

(a) Employer's Duty to Notify -

- (i) Where an employer has made a definite decision to introduce major changes in production, programme, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer must notify the employees who may be affected by the proposed changes and or their workplace representatives, which may include the Union
- (ii) "Significant effects" include termination of employment, major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer's workforce or in the skills required, the elimination or diminution of job opportunities, promotion opportunities or job tenure, the alteration of hours of work, the need for retraining or transfer of employees to other work or locations and the restructuring of jobs.

(b) Employer's Duty to Discuss Change -

- (i) The employer must discuss with the employees affected and their workplace representatives, inter alia, the introduction of the changes referred to in subclause 40.1(a)(i) of this clause, the effects the changes are likely to have on employees and measures to avert or mitigate the adverse effects of such changes on employees, and must give prompt consideration to matters raised by the employees and/or their workplace representatives, which may include the Union, in relation to the changes.
- (ii) The discussion shall commence as early as practicable after a definite decision has been made by the employer to make the changes referred to in the said subclause 40.1(a)(i).
- (iii) For the purpose of such discussion, the employer must provide in writing to the employees concerned and their representatives, including the Union, all relevant information about the changes including the nature of the changes proposed, the expected effects of the changes on employees and any other matters likely to affect employees, provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information the disclosure of which would adversely affect the Employer.

40.2 Change to regular roster or ordinary hours of work

- (a) the employer must notify the relevant employees of the proposed change; and

40.3 The relevant employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term.

40.4 If:

- (a) a relevant employee appoints, or relevant employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation; and
- (b) the employee or employees advise the employer of the identity of the representative; the employer must recognise the representative.

40.5 As soon as practicable after proposing to introduce the change, the employer must:

- (a) discuss with the relevant employees the introduction of the change; and
- (b) for the purposes of the discussion—provide to the relevant employees:
 - (i) all relevant information about the change, including the nature of the change; and
 - (ii) information about what the employer reasonably believes will be the effects of the change on the employees; and
 - (iii) information about any other matters that the employer reasonably believes are likely to affect the employees; and
- (c) invite the relevant employees to give their views about the impact of the change (including any impact in relation to their family or caring responsibilities).

40.6 However, the employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant employees.

40.7 The employer must give prompt and genuine consideration to matters raised about the change by the relevant employees.

(41) Redundancy

41.1 Redundancy

- (a) Discussions Before terminations
 - (i) Where the employer has made a decision that they no longer wish the job an employee has been doing to be done by anyone and pursuant to subclause 40.1(a) of Clause 40, Introduction of Change and Consultation, and that decisions may lead to the termination of employment, the employer shall hold discussions with the employees directly affected and their workplace representatives.
 - (ii) The discussions shall take place as soon as practicable after the employer has made a definite decision which will invoke the provisions of subclause 40.1(a) of Clause 40, Introduction of Change and Consultation and shall cover, inter alia, any reasons for the proposed terminations, measures to avoid or minimise the terminations and measures to mitigate any adverse effects of any termination on the employees concerned.
 - (iii) For the purpose of the discussion the employer shall, as soon as practicable, provide to the employees concerned and if requested by the employee, any nominated employee representative which may be a union representative, all relevant information about the proposed terminations including the reasons for the proposed terminations, the number and categories of employees likely to be affected, and the number of employees normally employed and the period over which the terminations are likely to be carried out. Provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information the disclosure of which would adversely affect the employer.

41.2 Termination of Employment

- (a) Notice for Changes in Production, Programme, Organisation or Structure –

This subclause sets out the notice provisions to be applied to terminations by the employer for reasons arising from production, programme, organisation or structure in accordance with subclause 40.1(a) of Clause 40, Introduction of Change and Consultation:

- (i) In order to terminate the employment of an employee the employer shall give to the employee the following notice:

<u>Period of continuous service</u>	<u>Period of notice</u>
Less than 1 year	1 week
1 year and less than 3 years	2 weeks
3 years and less than 5 years	3 weeks
5 years and over	4 weeks

- (ii) In addition to the notice above, employees over 45 years of age at the time of the giving of the notice, with not less than two years continuous service, shall be entitled to an additional week's notice.
 - (iii) Payment in lieu of the notice above shall be made if the appropriate notice period is not given. Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified and part payment in lieu thereof.
- (b) Notice for Technological Change –
- This subclause sets out the notice provisions to be applied to terminations by the employer for reasons arising from "technology" in accordance subclause 40.1(a) of Clause 40, Introduction of Change:
- (i) In order to terminate the employment of an employee the employer shall give to the employee three months notice of termination.
 - (ii) Payment in lieu of the notice above shall be made if the appropriate notice period is not given. Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified and part payment in lieu thereof.
 - (iii) The period of notice required by this subclause to be given shall be deemed to be service with the employer for the purposes of the Long Service Leave Act 1955, or any Act amending or replacing the Act and Clause 22, Annual Leave and Public Holidays.
- (c) Time Off During the Notice Period -
- (i) During the period of notice of termination given by the employer, an employee shall be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay during each week of notice, to a maximum of five weeks, for the purpose of seeking other employment.
 - (ii) If the employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the employee shall, at the request of the employer, be required to produce proof of attendance at an interview or the employee shall not receive payment for the time absent.
- (d) Employee Leaving During the Notice Period –
- If the employment of an employee is terminated (other than for misconduct) before the notice period expires, the employee shall be entitled to the same benefits and payments under this clause had the employee remained with the employer until the expiry of such notice. Provided that in such circumstance the employee shall not be entitled to payment in lieu of notice.
- (e) Statement of Employment –
- The employer shall, upon receipt of a request from an employee whose employment has been terminated, provide to the employee a written statement specifying the period of the employee's employment and the classification of or the type of work performed by the employee.
- (f) Notice to Centrelink –
- Where a decision has been made to terminate the employment of employees, the employer shall notify Centrelink thereof as soon as possible giving relevant information including the

number and categories of the employees likely to be affected and the period over which the terminations are intended to be carried out.

(g) Centrelink Employment Separation Certificate –

The employer shall, upon receipt of a request from an employee whose employment has been terminated, provide to the employee an "Employment Separation Certificate" in the form required by Centrelink.

(h) Transfer to Lower Paid Duties –

Where an employee is transferred to lower paid duties, for reasons set out in subclause 41.1(a) Redundancy – Discussions before terminations, the employee shall be entitled to the same period of notice of transfer as the employee would have been entitled to if the employee's employment had been terminated. The employer may at the employer's option make payment in lieu thereof of an amount equal to the difference between the former ordinary-time rate of pay and the new ordinary-time rate for the number of weeks notice still owing.

41.3 Severance Pay

(a) Where the employment of an employee is to be terminated, the employer shall pay the following severance pay in respect of a continuous period of service.

(i) If an employee is under 45 years of age, the employer shall pay in accordance with the following scale:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Entitlement</u>
Less than 1 year	Nil
1 year and less than 2 years	4 weeks
2 years and less than 3 years	7 weeks
3 years and less than 4 years	10 weeks
4 years and less than 5 years	12 weeks
5 years and less than 6 years	14 weeks
6 years and over	16 weeks

(ii) Where an employee is 45 years of age or over, the entitlement shall be in accordance with the following scale:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Entitlement</u>
Less than 1 year	Nil
1 year and less than 2 years	5 weeks
2 years and less than 3 years	8.75 weeks
3 years and less than 4 years	12.5 weeks
4 years and less than 5 years	15 weeks
5 years and less than 6 years	17.5 weeks
6 years and over	20 weeks

(iii) "Week's pay" means the all-purpose rate of pay for the employee concerned at the date of termination. For the purposes of this clause, in addition to the ordinary rate of pay and over-agreement payments, all allowances, penalties or shift payment to which the nurse would be entitled shall form part of an employee's "week's pay". For the purpose of this subparagraph the following allowances in Clause 12 Special Allowances shall form part of the employee's "week's pay"; subclauses 12.1(a) and 12.1 (b), 12.2(a) and 12.2(c) and 12.4.

(iv) A "week's pay" for a particular employee shall be determined according to the average week's pay received by the employee in the period immediately prior to their last date of

employment equal to the number of weeks of severance pay to which the employee is entitled under subclauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (a) of this subclause.

- (v) The employer shall also pay the following amounts to any employee terminated pursuant to this clause:
 - (a) Pro rata long service leave as per Clause 24 Long Service Leave;
 - (b) Accrued annual leave and
 - (c) any annual leave loading to which the employee is entitled.

(b) Incapacity to Pay

Subject to an application by the employer and further order of the Fair Work Commission, an employer may pay a lesser amount (or no amount) of severance pay than that contained in 41.3(a) of this subclause.

The Fair Work Commission shall have regard to such financial and other resources of the employer concerned as the Fair Work Commission thinks relevant, and the probable effect paying the amount of severance pay in subclause 41.3(a) will have on the employer.

(c) Alternative Employment

Subject to an application by the employer and further order of the Fair Work Commission, an employer may pay a lesser amount (or no amount) of severance pay than that contained in subclause 41.3(a) if the employer obtains acceptable alternative employment for an employee.

41.4 Grievance Procedure

Refer to Clause 36, Resolution of Disputes contained in this Agreement.

(42) No Extra Claims

The parties agree not to pursue any extra claims except where provided for under this Agreement, Further, this provision will not apply to any improvements in conditions that may arise from any consolidation of the Employer's policies.

(43) National Employment Standards (NES)

- 43.1 It is the intention of this Agreement that the NES, as it may be varied from time to time, shall apply to the employees the subject of this Agreement. Any provisions of the NES that are also referred to or set out in this Agreement are for the ease of the parties.
- 43.2 Where the Standard provides, or is varied to provide, a condition or entitlement more favourable to the employee in a particular respect than that set out in this Agreement, the better entitlement will apply.
- 43.3 The minimum guarantees provided by the Standard will override less favourable provisions in this Agreement.

(44) Intentions

This Agreement is entered into on the understanding that it does not contravene any aspect of the *Fair Work Act 2009* and relevant Regulations. Where any term of this Agreement contravenes legislation, such term shall not apply. Where this Agreement is silent in whole or in part, the relevant legislation will apply.

(45) Agreement Flexibility

- 45.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this agreement, an employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of certain terms of this agreement to meet the genuine individual needs of the employer and the individual employee. The terms the employer and the individual employee may agree to vary the application of are those concerning:
- (a) arrangements for when work is performed in relation to the timing of breaks and time off in lieu of overtime;
 - (b) the simplification of allowances and the inclusion of allowances in base salary; and
 - (c) the inclusion of leave loading in base salary.
- 45.2 The employer and the individual employee must have genuinely made the agreement without coercion or duress.
- 45.3 The agreement between the employer and the individual employee must:
- (a) be confined to a variation in the application of one or more of the terms listed in sub clause (i); and
 - (b) result in the employee being better off overall than the employee would have been if no individual flexibility agreement had been agreed to.
 - (c) ensure that the terms in the agreement are about permitted matters under section 172 of the Fair Work Act 2009; and
 - (d) and those terms in the agreement are not unlawful terms under section 194 of the Fair Work Act 2009.
- 45.4 The agreement between the employer and the individual employee must also:
- (a) be in writing, name the parties to the agreement and be signed by the employer and the individual employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, the employee's parent or guardian;
 - (b) state each term of this agreement that the employer and the individual employee have agreed to vary;
 - (c) detail how the application of each term has been varied by agreement between the employer and the individual employee;
 - (d) detail how the agreement results in the individual employee being better off overall in relation to the individual employee's terms and conditions of employment; and
 - (e) state the date the agreement commences to operate.
- 45.5 The employer must give the individual employee a copy of the agreement and keep the agreement as a time and wages record.
- 45.6 Except as provided in subclause the agreement must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the individual employee.
- 45.7 An employer seeking to enter into an agreement must provide a written proposal to the employee. Where the employee's understanding of written English is limited the employer must take measures, including translation into an appropriate language, to ensure the employee understands the proposal.
- 45.8 The agreement may be terminated:

- (a) by the employer or the individual employee giving 14 days' notice of termination, in writing, to the other party and the agreement ceasing to operate at the end of the notice period; or
- (b) at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the individual employee.

45.9 The right to make an agreement pursuant to this clause is in addition to, and is not intended to otherwise affect, any provision for an agreement between an employer and an individual employee contained in any other term of this agreement.

(46) Access to Copies of the Agreement and the Standard

46.1 Where practicable, a copy of this Agreement and the National Employment Standards will be made readily accessible to staff at the workplace. In all cases a copy of both documents will be available for inspection through the person responsible for personnel matters at the workplace.

(47) Qualifications Allowance

47.1 An employee employed in the classification of Registered Nurse (years 1 to 8), Clinical Nurse Specialist, Nursing Unit Manager, Nurse Manager Grade 1, Nurse Manager Grade 2 or Nurse Manager Grade 3 and above (who satisfies the employer that she/he is engaged in clinical work for more than 50% of her/his time) who holds a continuing education qualification in a clinical field, in addition to the qualification leading to registration, shall be paid a continuing education allowance, subject to the following conditions set out below:

- (a) the allowance is only payable where the qualification is accepted by the employer to be directly relevant to the competency and skills used by the nurse in the duties of the position. The allowance will be payable from the date of application by the employee;
- (b) an employee holding more than one relevant qualification is only entitled to one allowance, being the allowance of the highest monetary value;

47.2 the employee claiming entitlement to a qualification allowance must provide evidence to the employer that they hold that qualification;

- (a) An allowance shall be absorbed into any over agreement rate being paid to an employee;
- (b) An allowance shall only be payable in the areas of intensive care, coronary care, cardiac or cardiothoracic nursing, perioperative nursing, anaesthetics and recovery. Emergency will be recognised in the relevant corresponding work area; and
- (c) Any such areas as may be agreed between the employee and if requested by the employee a workplace representative and the employer.

47.3 Subject to the provisions in subclause (i) of this clause, an employee who holds a relevant post-graduate certificate, other than a Hospital Certificate, shall be paid an allowance of an amount set out in Item 20 Table 3 – Qualifications Allowance of Part B, Monetary Rates.

47.4 Subject to the provisions in subclause (i) of this clause, an employee who holds a relevant post-graduate diploma or degree (other than an undergraduate nursing degree) shall be paid an allowance of an amount set out in Item 21 of Table 3 – Qualifications Allowance of Part B, Monetary Rates.

47.5 Subject to the provisions in subclause (i) of this clause, an employee who holds a masters degree or doctorate shall be paid an allowance of an amount set out in Item 22 of Table 3.

47.6 A Clinical Nurse Educator who holds a post graduate diploma, degree, Masters or Doctorate in education or a clinical field in addition to the qualification leading to registration, or a Clinical Nurse Specialist who holds a post graduate diploma, degree, Masters or Doctorate in a clinical field in

addition to the qualification leading to registration, shall be paid a qualifications allowance, subject to the following conditions set out below:

- (a) the allowance is only payable where the qualification is accepted by the employer to be directly relevant to the competency and skills used by the registered nurse in the duties of the position;
- (b) an employee holding more than one relevant qualification is only entitled to one allowance, being the allowance of the highest monetary value;
- (c) the employee claiming entitlement to a qualification allowance must provide evidence to the employer that they hold that qualification.

47.7 Subject to the provisions in subclause 47.7 of this clause, a Clinical Nurse Educator who holds a post graduate diploma, degree, Masters or Doctorate in education or a clinical field, or a Clinical Nurse Specialist who holds a post graduate diploma, degree, Masters or Doctorate in a clinical field, shall be paid an allowance of the relevant amount set out in Table 3.

47.8 The above allowances are not to be included in the employee's ordinary rate of pay. The allowances are not payable during periods of paid leave taken by an employee, but they will be paid on ADO's.

47.9 The continuing education allowances shall be considered salary-related allowances for the purpose of salary and salary related allowance increases that may occur.

47.10 Where a dispute arises concerning the eligibility for payment of a Qualifications Allowance that is not resolved by the process contained in subclauses 47.1 to 47.4 of clause 36, Resolution of Disputes, negotiations between the Employer and the Association must occur prior to referral to the Fair Work Commission for determination.

(48) Ceremonial Leave

An employee who is legitimately required by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander tradition to be absent from work for ceremonial purposes will be entitled to up to ten working days unpaid leave in any one year, with the approval of the employer.

(49) Requests for Flexible Working Arrangements

49.1 In addition to the individual flexibility agreements described in clause 8 of this Agreement, an employee may request a change in their working arrangements if they require flexibility because they:

- (a) are the parent, or have responsibility for the care of a child who is of school age or younger
- (b) are a carer (within the meaning of the Carer Recognition Act 2010)
- (c) have a disability
- (d) are 55 or older
- (e) are experiencing violence from a member of their family; or
- (f) provide care or support to a member of their immediate family or household, who requires care or support because they are experiencing violence from their family.

49.2 The employee is not entitled to make the request unless:

- (a) for an employee other than a casual employee, the employee has completed at least 12 months of continuous service with the Employer immediately before making the request; or

- (b) for a casual employee, the employee:
 - (i) is a long term casual employee of the Employer immediately before making the request; and
 - (ii) has a reasonable expectation of continuing employment by the Employer on a regular and systematic basis.

49.3 The request must:

- (a) be in writing; and
- (b) set out details of the change sought and of the reasons for the change.

49.4 The Employer must give the employee a written response to the request within 21 days, stating whether the Employer grants or refuses the request.

(50) Nursing Workloads

- 50.1 The employer is committed to ensuring that staffing levels are appropriate, in order to ensure the delivery of high quality patient care and a safe working environment for nurses.
- 50.2 The parties agree that existing flexibility in respect of staffing will be maintained. Additionally the parties recognise and agree that the model of operation at Sutherland Heart Clinic is unique and that workloads may vary according to patient presentation and acuity.
- 50.3 Should any nurse in the unit feel the workloads are unreasonably heavy, on a regular basis, then they have a responsibility to discuss their concerns with their Director of Nursing.
- 50.4 The Director of Nursing shall investigate any issue that is raised within 48 hours and provide a response to the issues.
- 50.5 It is the intent of the parties that the issue be initially dealt with as close to the source as possible, with graduated steps for further discussion and resolution at higher authority levels where necessary.
- 50.6 If the matter is not settled with a reasonable period of time, Clause 36 Resolution of Disputes will apply.
- 50.7 In determining workloads the employer is entitled to take into account the needs of the workplace including patient care, the unique nature of the operational model and the need to roster employees at short notice in accordance with subclause (vi) of Clause 9, Rosters of this Agreement.

(51) Learning and Development

- 51.1 Sutherland Heart Clinic recognises that ongoing learning and development is essential for the maintenance and development to nursing practice. Sutherland Heart Clinic will continue to provide and support training and education opportunities where possible.
- 51.2 The responsibility for staff development is shared between employees and employer. Employees are expected to participate fully in professional skill development to ensure performance is at a standard consistent with nursing competencies relevant to classification and registration.
- 51.3 The provision of mandatory training and skills updates is a joint responsibility between the employer and employee. Attendance at mandatory training and skills update sessions provided by the employer is the responsibility of the employee.

- 51.4 Professional development shall be identified on an annual basis through the employees' annual performance appraisal.
- 51.5 When an employee is required by the employer to undertake training outside ordinary working hours, the employee will be paid at their ordinary rate of pay for the time spent in training. Where the employee elects to undertake training at home (e.g. e-learning modules) they will be free to do so without pay.

Professional Development Support

- 51.6 Support for professional development activities may be available in the form of either paid time or payment for costs and associated expenses. Applications for professional development support will be considered by the General Manager who will consider:
- a) the overall cost of the activities;
 - b) the benefits to the employee; and
 - c) the benefits to the business

PART B

Table 1 – Monetary Rates

Classification	Column 1 Current Rate \$ Per Week	Column 2 FFPP on after 1 January 2016 \$ Per Week 2.5%	Column 3 FFPP on after 1 January 2017 \$ Per Week 2.5%
Assistant in Nursing -			
First year of experience	\$792.50	\$812.31	\$832.62
Second year of experience	\$817.62	\$838.06	\$859.01
Third year of experience	\$843.39	\$864.47	\$886.09
Thereafter	\$869.49	\$891.23	\$913.51
Enrolled Nurse – Without Medication Qualification			
First year of experience	\$972.35	\$996.66	\$1,021.58
Second year of experience	\$993.88	\$1,018.73	\$1,044.20
Third year of experience	\$1,015.20	\$1,040.58	\$1,066.59
Fourth year of experience	\$1,036.62	\$1,062.54	\$1,089.10
Thereafter	\$1,058.47	\$1,084.93	\$1,112.06
Enrolled Nurse			
First year of experience	\$993.88	\$1,018.73	\$1,044.20
Second year of experience	\$1,015.20	\$1,040.58	\$1,066.59
Third year of experience	\$1,036.62	\$1,062.54	\$1,089.10
Fourth year of experience	\$1,058.47	\$1,084.93	\$1,112.06
Thereafter	\$1,080.00	\$1,107.00	\$1,134.68
Registered Nurse			
First year of experience	\$1,102.62	1142.35	1170.90
Second year of experience	\$1,162.64	1204.18	1234.29
Third year of experience	\$1,222.56	\$1266.57	\$1298.24
Fourth year of experience	\$1,390.86	\$1,425.63	\$1,461.27
Fifth year of service	\$1,462.70	\$1,499.27	\$1,536.75
Sixth year of service	\$1,523.42	\$1,561.51	\$1,600.54
Seventh year of service	\$1,557.37	\$1,596.30	\$1,636.21
Eighth year of service	\$1,591.09	\$1,630.87	\$1,671.64
Clinical Nurse Specialist	\$1,653.27	\$1,694.60	\$1,736.97
Clinical Nurse Educator	\$1,763.02	\$1,807.10	\$1,852.27
Nurse Educator -			
First year	\$1,735.72	\$1,779.11	\$1,823.59
Second year	\$1,784.64	\$1,829.26	\$1,874.99
Third year	\$1,828.36	\$1,874.07	\$1,920.92
Fourth year	\$1,923.72	\$1,971.81	\$2,021.11
Clinical Nurse Consultant	\$1,923.72	\$1,971.81	\$2,021.11
Nursing Unit Manager -			
Level I	\$1,885.99	\$1,933.14	\$1,981.47
Level II	\$1,975.47	\$2,024.86	\$2,075.48
Level III	\$2,028.45	\$2,079.16	\$2,131.14

Senior Nurse Educator -			
First year	\$1,970.38	\$2,019.64	\$2,070.13
Second year	\$2,010.82	\$2,061.09	\$2,112.62
Third year	\$2,078.17	\$2,130.12	\$2,183.38
Deputy Director of Nursing -			
Less than 100 beds	\$1,975.47	\$2,024.86	\$2,075.48
Director of Nursing			
Less than 25 beds	\$2,035.80	\$2,086.70	\$2,138.86
25 beds, less than 50 beds	\$2,155.56	\$2,209.45	\$2,264.69

Table 2 – Other Rates and Allowances

Item No	Clause No.	Brief Description	Current Rates	FFPP on or after 1 January 2016	FFPP on or after 1 January 2017
			\$	\$	\$
1	12.1(a)	In charge of hospital	\$31.15	\$31.93	\$32.73
2	12.1(b)	In charge of ward/unit in absence of NUM	\$26.17	\$26.82	\$27.49
3	12.2(a)	On call	\$27.23	\$50.00	\$51.25
4	12.2(b)	On call on rostered days off	\$54.46	\$55.82	\$57.22
4a	12.2(b)(ii)	On call 6pm Friday to 8am Saturday	\$72.77	\$74.59	\$76.45
		On call per 24 hours from 8am Saturday or 8am Sunday	\$114.96	\$117.83	\$120.78
5	12.2(c)	On call during meal break	\$13.06	\$13.39	\$13.72
6	12.3	Lead apron allowance	\$1.94	\$1.99	\$2.04
7	12.4(a)	In charge of ward/unit and hospital	\$26.66	\$27.33	\$28.01
8	12.2(d)	Use of Private Vehicle (cents per km)	ATO	ATO	ATO
9	16.3(a)	Uniforms	\$7.14	\$7.32	\$7.50
10	16.3(a)	Shoes	\$2.21	\$2.27	\$2.32
11	16.3(b)	Stockings	\$3.70	\$3.79	\$3.89
12	16.3(c)	Cardigan or jacket	\$2.15	\$2.20	\$2.26
13	16.3(d)	Laundry	\$5.10	\$5.23	\$5.36
14	16.3(f)	Socks	\$0.72	\$0.74	\$0.76
15	18.9	Meal on overtime	\$20.28	\$20.79	\$21.31
16	27.3	Breakfast	\$4.14	\$4.24	\$4.35
17	27.3	Other meals	\$7.51	\$7.70	\$7.89

Table 3 – Qualifications Allowance

Item No	Qualifications	FFPPOOA 01/01/15	FFPPOOA 01/01/16	FFPPOOA 01/01/17
20	Post Graduate Certificate (per week)	\$37.36	\$38.29	\$39.25
21	Post Graduate Diploma or Degree (per week)	\$56.64	\$58.06	\$59.51
22	Masters Degree or Doctorate (per week)	\$68.68	\$70.40	\$72.16

Signature Page for Sutherland Heart Clinic Pty Ltd

.....

Todd Donaghy
General Manager
Sutherland Heart Clinic Pty Ltd
The Kingsway
CARINGBAH NSW 2229

.....

WITNESS

.....

(Name & Address of Witness)

As a General Manager, Mr Donaghy is authorised to sign this Agreement on behalf of the Employer.

Signature Page for the Sutherland Heart Clinic Enterprise Agreement 2015-2017



Todd Donaghy
General Manager

Sutherland Heart Clinic Pty Ltd

The Kingsway
SUTHERLAND NSW 2232



Witness Signature

IAN STARKEY

Witness Name

Eastern West Clinic
Campus Centre Bldg.
Witness Address Baulk St

Date

Round 2011

As General Manager, Mr Donaghy has authority to sign this Agreement on behalf of the employer.

Employee Representatives Signature Page for the Sutherland Heart Clinic Enterprise Agreement
2015-2017

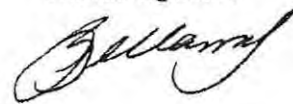
Joseph Kamand



Registered Nurse

The Kingsway CARINGBAH NSW 2232

Witness Signature



Witness Name

DONNA BELLAMY

Witness Address THE KINGSWAY, CARINGBAH. Date 20/1/16

Miriam Sheehan



Registered Nurse

The Kingsway CARINGBAH NSW 2232

Witness Signature



Witness Name

DONNA BELLAMY

Witness Address THE KINGSWAY, CARINGBAH. Date 20/1/16

As appointed representatives Mr Kamand & Ms Sheehan has authority to sign this Agreement on behalf of the employees.

Schedule 2.2—Model flexibility term

(regulation 2.08)

Model flexibility term

- (1) An employer and employee covered by this enterprise agreement may agree to make an individual flexibility arrangement to vary the effect of terms of the agreement if:
 - (a) the agreement deals with 1 or more of the following matters:
 - (i) arrangements about when work is performed;
 - (ii) overtime rates;
 - (iii) penalty rates;
 - (iv) allowances;
 - (v) leave loading; and
 - (b) the arrangement meets the genuine needs of the employer and employee in relation to 1 or more of the matters mentioned in paragraph (a); and
 - (c) the arrangement is genuinely agreed to by the employer and employee.
- (2) The employer must ensure that the terms of the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) are about permitted matters under section 172 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*; and
 - (b) are not unlawful terms under section 194 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*; and
 - (c) result in the employee being better off overall than the employee would be if no arrangement was made.
- (3) The employer must ensure that the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) is in writing; and
 - (b) includes the name of the employer and employee; and
 - (c) is signed by the employer and employee and if the employee is under 18 years of age, signed by a parent or guardian of the employee; and
 - (d) includes details of:

- (i) the terms of the enterprise agreement that will be varied by the arrangement; and
 - (ii) how the arrangement will vary the effect of the terms; and
 - (iii) how the employee will be better off overall in relation to the terms and conditions of his or her employment as a result of the arrangement; and
- (e) states the day on which the arrangement commences.
- (4) The employer must give the employee a copy of the individual flexibility arrangement within 14 days after it is agreed to.
- (5) The employer or employee may terminate the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) by giving no more than 28 days written notice to the other party to the arrangement; or
 - (b) if the employer and employee agree in writing—at any time.