

DECISION

Fair Work Act 2009 s.185—Enterprise agreement

Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital Pty Ltd T/A Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital

(AG2014/5818)

WESTMEAD REHABILITATION HOSPITAL PTY LTD TRADING AS WESTMEAD REHABILITATION HOSPITAL AND NSWNMA/ANMF ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT 2014-2016

Health and welfare services

DEPUTY PRESIDENT BOOTH

SYDNEY, 19 MAY 2014

Application for approval of the Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital Pty Ltd trading as Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital and NSWNMA/ANMF Enterprise Agreement 2014-2016.

- [1] An application has been made for approval of an enterprise agreement known as the *Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital Pty Ltd trading as Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital and NSWNMA/ANMF Enterprise Agreement 2014-2016* (the Agreement). The application was made pursuant to s.185 of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (the Act). It has been made by Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital Pty Ltd T/A Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital. The agreement is a single-enterprise agreement.
- [2] The Agreement does contain a flexibility term, however, it is not a flexibility term which complies with s.202(1) of the Act. I note that the model flexibility term is taken, pursuant to s.202(4) of the Act, to be a term of the Agreement
- [3] The New South Wales Nurses and Midwives' Association and the Australian Nursing and Midwifery Federation, New South Wales Branch, being bargaining representatives for the Agreement, have given notice under s.183 of the Act that they want the Agreement to cover them. In accordance with s.201(2) of the Act, I note that the Agreement covers the organisations.
- [4] I am satisfied that each of the requirements of ss.186, 187 and 188 of the Act as are relevant to this application for approval have been met.
- [5] The Agreement is approved and, in accordance with s.54 of the Act, will operate from 26 May 2014. The nominal expiry date of the Agreement is 31 March 2016.



DEPUTY PRESIDENT

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<Price code J, AE408212 PR550773>



WESTMEAD REHABILITATION HOSPITAL &

NSW Nurses and Midwives' Association and The Australian Nursing and Midwifery Federation – NSW Branch

ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT

2014 - 2016



PART A

1. **Arrangement**

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2. Title

This agreement will be known as and referred to as the Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital Pty Ltd trading as Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital and NSWNMA/ANMF Enterprise Agreement 2014-2016 ('the Agreement").

3. Parties

This agreement will be binding on:

- 3.1 Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital Pty Ltd, A.B.N 28 132 458 818.
- 3.2 ("the employer") of 7 Coleman Street, Westmead NSW 2160
- 3.3 The New South Wales Nurses' and Midwives' Association (NSWWNA) and, Australian Nursing Midwifery Federation (ANMF) A.B.N 63 398 164 405 ('the Association") of 50 O'Dea Avenue, Waterloo, Sydney, New South Wales, 2017; and
- 3.4 Nursing employees employed in classifications listed in Table 1 –Monetary Rates of Part B by Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital.

4. **Duration**

- 4.1 This agreement will commence operation seven days after it is approved by Fair Work Commission and shall remain in force for approximately 24 months with a nominal expiry date of 31st March 2016.
- 4.2 It is agreed to by the parties that negotiations for a new Enterprise Agreement will commence within 3 months of the nominal expiry date as specified in the subclause 4.1.

5. **Definitions**

Where a term of this Agreement has a corresponding definition in the Act or the Regulations, the definition in the Act or the Regulations shall apply. Any such terms that are also defined in this Agreement are defined for the convenience only of the parties and shall be overridden to the extent of any inconsistency with the definition found in the Act or the Regulations.

For the purposes of this Agreement:

"Act" means the Fair Work Act 2009 (as amended).

- "Assistant in Nursing" (AIN's) means a person, other than a registered nurse, or enrolled nurse, who is employed in nursing/midwifery duties in a hospital. The Assistant in Nursing thereafter rates of pay as per Part B Table 1 Monetary Rates will apply to those AIN's who have a Certificate III.
- "Average Occupied Beds" means calculating the adjusted daily average of occupied beds of a hospital, each newly born baby shall count as one half patient and 700 outpatients per annum shall count as one occupied bed. The average shall be taken for the twelve months ended on the 30 June in each and every year and such average shall relate to the salary of the succeeding year.

"Board" means the Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency.

"Clinical Nurse Consultant" means a registered nurse appointed as such to the position of, who has had at least five years post-basic registration experience and who has in addition approved post-basic nursing qualifications relevant to the field in which they are appointed or such other qualifications or experience deemed appropriate by the employer.

"Clinical Nurse Educator" means a registered nurse with relevant post registration certificate qualifications or experience deemed appropriate by the employer, who is required to implement and evaluate educational programmes at the ward/unit level. The Clinical Nurse Educator shall cater for the delivery of clinical nurse education in the ward/unit level only.

A nurse will achieve Clinical Nurse Educator status on a personal basis by being required by the Hospital to provide the educational programmes detailed above.

Nothing in this clause shall affect the role carried out by the Clinical Nurse Specialist as a specialist resource and the Clinical Nurse Consultant in the primary role of clinical consulting, researching etc.

"Clinical Nurse Specialist" means a registered nurse with relevant post-basic qualifications and 12 months' experience working in the clinical area of his/her specified post-basic qualification, or a minimum of four years' post-basic registration experience, including three years' experience in the relevant specialist field and who satisfies the local criteria.

"Day Worker" means a worker who works their ordinary hours from Monday to Friday inclusive and who commences work on such days at or after 6.00 am and before 10.00 am otherwise than as part of the shift system.

"Deputy Director of Nursing" means a person appointed to that position.

"Director of Nursing" includes a registered nurse who is registered by their employer with the Health Administration Corporation of New South Wales as the person in charge of the hospital. There shall be only one person in each hospital entitled to be classified as Director of Nursing or whatever title the Senior Nursing Administrator is known as.

"Enrolled Nurse" means a person enrolled by the Board and endorsed to administer medications by the Board.

"Enrolled Nurse with notation" means a person enrolled by the Board as such.

"Experience" in relation to an enrolled nurse, or assistant in nursing/ midwifery means experience before and/or after the commencement of this Agreement whether within New South Wales or elsewhere and in the case of an enrolled nurse or assistant in nursing/midwifery who was formerly a student nurse includes experience as such student nurse.

For the purpose of determining the year of experience for part time or casual employment, a year of experience shall be 1976 hours of employment.

"Hospital" means a private hospital as defined by the *Private Hospitals and Day Procedure Centres Act* 1988.

"Industry of Nursing" means the industry of persons engaged and employed in New South Wales in the profession or occupation of nursing and employed in or in connection with private hospitals.

NES means The National Employment Standards as varied from time to time.

"Nurse Educator" means a registered nurse with a post registration certificate, who has relevant experience or other qualifications, deemed appropriate by the employer who is appointed to a position of Nurse Educator.

A Nurse Educator shall be responsible for the development, implementation and delivery of nursing education programmes within a hospital or group of hospitals. Nurse education programmes shall mean courses conducted such as post registration certificates, continuing nurse education, new graduate orientation, post registration enrolled nurses courses and where applicable general staff development courses.

A person appointed to a position of Nurse Educator who holds relevant tertiary qualification in education or tertiary postgraduate specialist clinical nursing qualifications shall commence on the 3rd year rate of the salary scale.

A person appointed as the sole nurse educator for a hospital or group of hospital shall be paid at the 3rd year rate of the salary scale.

Incremental progression for Nurse Educators' shall be on completion of 12 months' satisfactory service subject that progression shall not be beyond the 3rd year rate unless the person possesses the qualifications detailed in the two previous paragraphs. Persons appointed to the 3rd year rate by virtue of paragraphs 3 and 4 above shall progress to the 4th year rate after completion of 12 months' satisfactory full time service.

"Nursing Unit Manager" means a registered nurse in charge of a ward or unit or group of wards or units in a hospital shall include:

(a) "Nursing Unit Manager Level 1" whose responsibilities include:

- (1) Co-ordination of Patient Services
 - Liaison with all health care disciplines for the provision of services to meet patient needs.
 - The orchestration of services to meet patient needs after discharge.
 - Monitoring catering and transport services.

(2) Unit Management

- Implementation of hospital policy.
- Dissemination of information to all personnel.
- Ensuring environmental safety.
- Monitoring the use and maintenance of equipment.
- Monitoring the supply and use of stock and supplies.
- Monitoring cleaning services.

(3) Nursing Staff Management

- Direction, co-ordination and supervision of nursing activities.
- · Training, appraisal and counselling of nursing staff.
- Rostering and/or allocation of nursing staff.

- Development and/or implementation of new nursing practice according to patient need.
- **"Nursing Unit Manager Level 2"** whose responsibilities in relation to patient services, ward or unit management and staff management are in excess of those of a Nursing Unit Manager Level 1.
- (c) "Nursing Unit Manager Level 3" whose responsibilities in relation to patient services ward or unit management and staff are in excess of those of a Nursing Unit Manager Level 2.

"Ordinary pay of an employee includes in addition to the basic periodic rate of pay and any applicable over-agreement payments for ordinary hours of work. It does not include shift or weekend penalties.

"Registered Nurse" means a person registered by the Board as a Registered Nurse.

"Senior Nurse Educator" means a registered nurse with a post registration certificate or appropriate qualifications, who has, or is working towards recognised tertiary qualifications in education or equivalent and has demonstrated experience and skills in the field of education appointed to a position of Senior Nurse Educator.

A Senior Nurse Educator shall be responsible for one or more Nurse Educators in the planning, coordination, delivery, and evaluation of educational programmes such as post registration certificate courses, continuing nurse education, new graduate orientation, post registration enrolled nurses courses and where applicable general staff development courses either on a hospital or group of hospitals basis.

Incremental progression shall be on completion of 12 months' satisfactory service.

"Service" for the purpose of Clause 13, Recognition of Service and Experience, means service before or after the commencement of this Agreement in New South Wales or elsewhere as a registered nurse, provided that all service recognised prior to the commencement of this Agreement shall continue to be recognised.

To the foregoing shall be added any actual periods on and from January 1971 during which a registered nurse undertook a post-basic course whilst an employee of and rendering service in an institution or hospital and such course is recognised by the Board or acceptable to the Health Administration Corporation of New South Wales, or is one of the following certificate or diploma courses:

Associate Diploma in Community Health - College of Nursing, Australia; NSW College of Nursing.

Associate Diploma in Nursing Administration - College of Nursing, Australia; NSW College of Nursing.

Associate Diploma in Nursing Education - College of Nursing, Australia; NSW College of Nursing; Newcastle College of Advanced Education.

Certificate in Ward Management - NSW College of Nursing.

Provided that no more than three such courses shall count as service.

A reference to the New South Wales College of Nursing in this Agreement shall be deemed to be a reference also to the School of Nursing Studies, Cumberland College of Health Sciences.

For the purpose of determining the year of service for part time or casual employment a year of service shall be 1976 hours of employment. Only paid leave shall be counted as service.

"Shift Worker" means a worker who is not a day worker as defined.

"Union" means the NSW Nurses' and Midwives' Association/ Australian Nursing and Midwifery Federation.

"Workplace Representative" Workplace Representative means a person(s) nominated by an employee or employees to represent them in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.

6. **Agreement Flexibility**

- 6.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this agreement, an employer and an individual employee may agree to vary the application of certain terms of this agreement to meet the genuine individual needs of the employer and the individual employee. The terms the employer and the individual employee may agree to vary the application of are those concerning:
 - (a) arrangements for when work is performed;
 - (b) overtime rates;
 - (c) penalty rates;
 - (d) allowances; and;
 - (e) leave loading
- 6.2 The employer and the individual employee must have genuinely made the agreement without coercion or duress.
- 6.3 The agreement between the employer and the individual employee must:
 - (a) be confined to a variation in the application of one or more of the terms listed in sub clause (i); and
 - (b) result in the employee being better off overall than the employee would have been if no individual flexibility agreement had been agreed to.
- 6.4 The agreement between the employer and the individual employee must also:
 - (a) be in writing, name the parties to the agreement and be signed by the employer and the individual employee and, if the employee is under 18 years of age, the employee's parent or quardian:
 - (b) state each term of this agreement that the employer and the individual employee have agreed to vary;
 - (c) detail how the application of each term has been varied by agreement between the employer and the individual employee;
 - (d) detail how the agreement results in the individual employee being better off overall in relation to the individual employee's terms and conditions of employment; and
 - (e) state the date the agreement commences to operate.
- 6.5 The employer must give the individual employee a copy of the agreement and keep the agreement as a time and wages record.
- 6.6 Except as provided in subclause the agreement must not require the approval or consent of a person other than the employer and the individual employee.
- 6.7 An employer seeking to enter into an agreement must provide a written proposal to the employee. Where the employee's understanding of written English is limited the employer must take measures, including translation into an appropriate language, to ensure the employee understands the proposal.
- 6.8 The agreement may be terminated:
 - (a) by the employer or the individual employee giving 28 days' notice of termination, in writing, to the other party and the agreement ceasing to operate at the end of the notice period; or

- (b) at any time, by written agreement between the employer and the individual employee.
- 6.9 The right to make an agreement pursuant to this clause is in addition to, and is not intended to otherwise affect, any provision for an agreement between an employer and an individual employee contained in any other term of this agreement.

7. National Employment Standards (NES)

- 7.1 It is the intention of this Agreement that the NES, as it may be varied from time to time, shall apply to the employees the subject of this Agreement. Any provisions of the Standard that are also referred to or set out in this Agreement are for the ease of the parties.
- 7.2 Where the NES provides, or is varied to provide, a condition or entitlement more favourable to the employee in a particular respect than that set out in this Agreement, the better entitlement will apply.
- 7.3 The minimum guarantees provided by the NES will override less favourable provisions in this Agreement.

8. Resolution of Disputes

- 8.1 In the event of a dispute about any matter, including a dispute in relation to the NES, except the actual termination of employment, in the first instance the parties must attempt to resolve the matter at the workplace by discussions between the employee or employees concerned and the relevant supervisor. If such discussions do not resolve the dispute, the parties will endeavour to resolve the dispute in a timely manner by discussions between the employee or employees concerned and more senior levels of management as appropriate.
- 8.2 The parties agree that disputes in relation to requests for reasonable working arrangements and extending a period of unpaid parental leave may be dealt with under the terms of this clause.
- 8.3 An employer or employee may appoint another person or the Union to accompany and/or represent them for the purposes of this clause.
- 8.4 If a dispute is unable to be resolved at the workplace, and all appropriate steps under clause 8.1 have been taken, a party to the dispute may refer the dispute to Fair Work Commission or other statutory tribunal.
- 8.5 Where the matter in dispute remains unresolved, Fair Work Commission or other statutory tribunal may exercise any method of dispute resolution permitted by the Act that it considers appropriate to ensure the settlement of the dispute.
- 8.6 The parties agree that Fair Work Commission or other statutory tribunal shall have the power to do all such things as are necessary for the just resolution of the dispute including mediation, conciliation and arbitration.
- 8.7 Fair Work Commission or other statutory tribunal shall be provided access to the workplace to inspect or view any work, material, machinery, appliance, article, document or other thing or interview any employee who is usually engaged in work at the workplace.
- 8.8 The parties agree that Fair Work Commission or other statutory tribunal may give all such directions and do all such things as are necessary for the just resolution, remedy and determination of the dispute.

- 8.9 Subject to any review of Fair Work Commission or other statutory tribunal's decision or direction relating to the dispute, the decision or direction shall be accepted by all affected parties as a settlement of the dispute and shall be implemented by them.
- 8.10 The parties agree to confer immunity on Fair Work Commission or other statutory tribunal for all matters relating to the dispute resolution between the parties.
- 8.11 While the dispute resolution procedure is being conducted, the status quo must remain and work must continue in accordance with this agreement and the Act. Subject to applicable occupational health and safety legislation, an employee must not unreasonably fail to comply with a direction by the employer to perform work, whether at the same or another workplace that is safe and appropriate for the employee to perform.

9. Hours of Work and Free Time

- 9.1 The ordinary hours of work for day workers, exclusive of meal times, shall be 152 hours per 28 calendar days to be worked Monday to Friday inclusive and to commence on such days at or after 6.00 am and before 10.00 am.
- 9.2 The ordinary hours of work for shift workers, exclusive of meal times, shall not exceed an average of 38 hours per week in each roster cycle.
- 9.3 (a) The hours of work prescribed in subclauses 9.1 and 9.2 of this clause shall, where possible, be arranged in such a manner, that in each roster cycle of 28 calendar days each employee shall not work their ordinary hours or work on more than nineteen days in the cycle.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the provision of paragraph (a) of this subclause, employees may, with the agreement of the employer work shifts of less than 8 hours each over 20 days in each cycle of 28 days.
 - (c) Provided that on the occasion of an employee's written request, and with the consent of the employer, a 9.5 day fortnight may be worked instead of the 19-day month or
 - (d) the 38 hours per week, may be arranged in order that an employee shall not be required to work his/her ordinary hours in more than five days in one week or 10 days in one fortnight.
- 9.4 Except where authorised by subclause 9.18 of this clause, each shift shall consist of no more than 10 hours on a day shift or 11 hours on a night shift with not less than 8 hours break between each shift; provided that an employee shall not work more than 7 consecutive shifts unless the employee so requests and the Director of Nursing agrees. An employee shall not work more than two (2) quick shifts in any period of 7 days.
 - A quick shift is an evening shift which is followed by a morning shift.
- 9.5 The employer is to decide when employees take their additional days off duty prescribed by subclause 9.3 of this clause (as a consequence of the implementation of the 38 hour week). Where necessary the employer must consult with the affected employees to ascertain the employees' preferences and must take any such preferences into account when arriving at a decision. Where practicable additional days off duty shall be consecutive with the rostered days off duty prescribed in subclause 9.14 of this clause.
- 9.6 Once set, the additional days off may not be changed except in accordance with the provisions of Clause 11. Rosters.
- 9.7 Where the employer's decision (in accordance with subclause 9.5 of this clause) is that an employee's additional days off be accumulated, no more than 6 days may be accumulated in any one year of employment. By mutual agreement this may be extended to no more than 12 days at any one time.

- 9.8 Except for breaks for meals the hours of duty each day shall be continuous, unless agreed to by mutual consent and from subclause 9.4 of this clause with regard to the span of hours only, to enable an additional break of no more than 4 hours. In any event, the span of hours shall not exceed 12 hours. Arrangements made under this sub clause will be treated as an agreement made under Clause 6.1 (a) of this Agreement.
- 9.9 (a) Each employee shall be allowed a break of not less than thirty minutes and not more than sixty minutes for each meal occurring on duty.
 - (b) Where practicable, employees shall not be required to work more than 5 hours without a meal break. Provided that where practicable an employee engaged to work for 5 hours or less in any one shift may elect not to take a meal break as otherwise provided for by this subclause without penalty to the employer. The term where practicable' encompasses regard being paid to the service requirements of the employer.
- 9.10 Two separate ten-minute intervals (in addition to meal breaks) shall be allowed each employee on duty during each ordinary shift of 8 or 10 hours as the case may be. Subject to agreement between the employer and the employee, such intervals may alternatively be taken as one twenty-minute interval, or by one 10-minute interval with the employee allowed to proceed off duty 10 minutes before the completion of the normal shift finishing time. Such interval(s) shall count as working time.
- 9.11 (a) Subclauses 9.9 and 9.10 of this clause shall not apply to an employee who, before going on night duty, is provided with a meal between 9.00 pm and 11.00 pm and who is allowed two intervals of twenty minutes each during the period of night duty but such intervals shall count as working time and shall be paid for as such.
 - (b) Where an employee is required to change into a uniform or a specified type of garment at the employer's premises they shall be allowed ten minutes for such a purpose and such time shall be counted as working time and paid as such.
- 9.12 (a) Except as provided for in paragraph (b) an employee shall not be employed on night duty for a longer period than 8 consecutive weeks. After having served a period of night duty an employee shall not be required to serve a further period on night duty until they have been off night duty for a period equivalent to the previous period on night duty.
 - (b) The provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply to a Nursing Unit Manager or a general nurse in charge, as the case may be, who is employed permanently in charge at night nor to an employee who requests to be employed on night duty and the Director of Nursing consents.
- 9.13 An employee changing from night duty to day duty or from day duty to night duty shall be free from duty during the twenty hours immediately preceding the commencement of the changed day.
- 9.14 (a) Each employee shall be free from duty for not less than two full days in each week or four full days in each fortnight or eight full days in each twenty-eight (28) day cycle and no duties shall be performed by the employee on any of such free days except for overtime. Where practicable, days off shall be consecutive and shall not be preceded by an evening shift or a night shift unless an additional eight hours are granted as sleeping time. An evening shift shall be one which commences at or after 1.00 pm and before 4.00 pm.
 - (b) An employee, at her or his request, may be given free from duty time in one or more periods but no period shall be less than one full day.
 - (c) For the purpose of this subclause "full day" means from midnight to midnight or midday to midday.
- 9.15 (a) Employees may be required to remain on call. Any such time on call shall not be counted as time worked (except insofar as an employee may take up actual duty in response to a call), but shall be paid for in accordance with Clause 14, Special Allowances, of this Agreement: Provided, however, no employee shall be required to remain on call whilst on leave or on the day before entering upon leave.
 - (b) No employee shall be required to remain on call whilst on a rostered day off nor on completion of the shift on the day preceding a rostered day off. This provision shall not apply where in special circumstances it is necessary for an employer to place staff on call on rostered days off or on completion of the shift on the day preceding a rostered day off in order to ensure the provision of services.

- 9.16 An employer shall not alter the period over which the ordinary hours of work of employees are balanced except upon giving one month's notice of their intention to do so to affected employees and if requested by the employee any nominated representative which may be a union representative.
- 9.17 The provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subclause 9.12 and of subclause 9.13 and of paragraph (a) of subclause 9.14 of this clause, shall not apply if the employee is required to perform duty to enable the nursing service of the employer to be carried on or where another employee is absent from duty on account of illness or in an emergency.
- 9.18 The following criteria shall apply to the introduction of 12 hour shifts:
 - (a) 12 hour shifts will only be introduced in units where there has been full consultation with the staff affected and a majority of the staff affected agree to the introduction of the proposed 12 hour shift system;
 - (b) any employee who does not wish to work under the 12 hour shift system may work a
 mutually agreed alternative shift system in the unit affected or may transfer to another
 mutually agreed position within the facility with no loss of classification and contracted hours;
 - (c) the span of hours must not exceed 12.5 hours;
 - (d) there must be a maximum of three consecutive night shifts which include one or more 12 hour shifts:
 - (e) there must be a minimum break of 11.5 hours rostered between each 12 hour shift;
 - employees must be allowed either two 30 minutes or one 60 minutes meal break. In addition to the meal breaks employees must be allowed either two 10 minute or one 20 minute paid tea break:
 - (g) the employer must notify the employees and if requested, by the employer any nominated employee representatives which may be a union representative of the implementation of the 12 hour shifts at least one month prior to commencing the new arrangements. The details of that notification must indicate the number of staff involved, the section of the hospital involved and the Agreement provisions which need to be overridden.
 - (h) there must be an evaluation process at the completion of the first 12 months, or sooner if the employer and affected employees agree. The evaluation process must involve representatives of employees and the employer. Aspects which are to be considered in the evaluation process are to include occupational health and safety data, sick leave patterns and the frequency of overtime.
 - the employees and if requested by the employee any nominated employee representative which may be a union representative are to be notified of the outcome of the evaluation process;
 - nothing contained in this subclause shall prevent an individual employee and their employer reaching mutual agreement to that individual working 12 hour shifts.

9.19 Rostered Days Off

- (a) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to take a rostered day off at any time.
- (b) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to take rostered days off in part day amounts.
- (c) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to accrue some or all rostered days off for the purpose of creating a bank as per clause 10 Banking of Hours to be drawn upon at a time mutually agreed between the employer and employee, or subject to reasonable notice by the employee or the employer.
- (d) This sub-clause is subject to the employer informing the affected employees and their workplace representatives of its intention to introduce an enterprise system of RDO flexibility, and providing a reasonable opportunity for the affected employees and their workplace representatives to participate in negotiations.

10. Banking of Hours

- 10.1 A full time or part time employee may, by agreement made daily, weekly or fortnightly with their Nurse Unit Manager or DON:
 - (a) work less than their daily, weekly or fortnightly rostered or contracted hours and work those hours at a later date; or
 - (b) work more than their daily, weekly or fortnightly rostered or contracted hours and take time off in lieu of payment, or may set off the additional hours worked against any owing under (a) above.
- 10.2 An employee who works less than their rostered or contracted hours shall be paid as if those hours had been worked during the relevant period, including payment for any weekend or shift penalties that would otherwise have been due for the time not worked.
- 10.3 An employee who works more than their rostered or contracted hours shall not receive payment for any weekend or shift penalties that would otherwise have been due for that extra time worked.
- 10.4 Time debited or credited under these arrangements shall all be at ordinary time, i.e. an hour for an hour.
- 10.5 An employee may not have more than 24 hours in credit or 16 hours in debit at any point in time.
- 10.6 Employees who have hours in debit must be given first option to work additional hours prior to the use of casual employees.
- 10.7 The hospital must keep detailed records of all hours credited and debited to employees under these arrangements. Employees must have full access to these records.
- 10.8 On termination of employment the employer must pay the employee for all hours in credit and may deduct from termination pay the value of any hours in debit.
- 10.9 Either party shall have the right to terminate an agreement under this clause with two weeks notice.

11. Rosters

- 11.1 The ordinary hours of work for each employee, other than the Director of Nursing and casual employees, shall be displayed on a roster in a place conveniently accessible to employees.
- 11.2 The roster shall be displayed where practicable at least two weeks prior, but in any event not less than one week prior, to the commencing date of the first working period in the roster.
 - In the case of a part-time employee whose hours are balanced over 4 weeks, the roster shall be displayed where practicable, at least 4 weeks prior to the commencing date of the first working period in the roster but in any event not less than one week prior, to the commencing date of the first working period in the roster. If there is a dispute about the implementation and or the operation of this clause, employees should engage Clause 8 Resolution of Disputes.
- 11.3 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this clause, a roster may be altered at any time to enable the nursing service of the hospital to be carried on where another employee is absent from duty on account of illness or in an emergency: Provided that where any such alteration involves an employee working on a day which would otherwise have been such employee's day off, the day off in lieu thereof shall be as mutually arranged.
- 11.4 Prior to the date of the changed shift, such change of roster shall be notified verbally or in writing to the employee concerned.

- 11.5 An employee may change their roster at short notice, with the agreement of their Nurse Unit Manager or Director of Nursing for any reasonable ground.
- 11.6 An employer may change an employee's roster at short notice, with the agreement of the employee, for any reasonable ground including unexpected situations and unforseen fluctuations in patient dependency.
- 11.7 Where an employee is entitled to an additional day off duty in accordance with Clause 9, Hours of Work and Free Time, of this Agreement, such day is to be shown on the roster of hours for that employee.
- 11.8 All rosters shall be retained for at least six years.

12. **Salaries**

- 12.1 The minimum salaries and allowances per week are set out in Table 1 Salaries, of Part B, Monetary and Table 2 Allowances respectively Rates. The parties have agreed that the following increase shall apply;
 - (a) 5.07% from the first pay period, after the approval of this agreement by the Fair Work Commission
 - (b) 3.15% from the first pay period, 8 months after the approval of this agreement with Fair Work Commission.
 - (c) 3.15% from the first pay period, 16 months weeks after the approval of this agreement with Fair Work Commission.

Where an employee receives a rate of pay in excess of the rates set out in Table 1, the employee will maintain their above Agreement wage and will not be disadvantaged.

Westmead Rehabilitation gives an undertaking that the rates of pay specified will not fall below the base rates of pay derived from the Nurses Award 2010 (including casual loading).

12.2 An Enrolled Nurse who is endorsed to administer medication will be classified and paid as an Enrolled Nurses from the commencement of the first full pay period following the issuing by the Board of their Letter of Endorsement to Administer Medication or Authority to Practice Certificate, Enrolled Nurse including Endorsement to Administer Medication, whichever is issued earlier. This provision will commence on or after the date of certification of this Agreement.

Provided that an Enrolled Nurse 1st year shall not progress to Enrolled Nurse 2nd year until completion of twelve months' service at the 1st year rate (or for part time employees the full time equivalent of 1,976 hours), and to the 3rd year rate until completion of twelve months' service at the 2nd year rate (or for part time employees the full time equivalent of 1,976 hours), and so on throughout the scale.

12.3 The wage increase specified above is inclusive of any wage and/or allowance increases; determination or award of Fair Work Commission or any other authorised tribunal or commission made during the period of this Agreement. Any increase in the Award/Allowance rates of pay shall be absorbed into the wage rates paid under this Agreement. Should the application of any increase awarded by Fair Work Commission result in rates applicable to the employees that are greater than those applying in this Agreement, those rates will be applied in lieu of the above increase from the date specified by the Fair Work Commission.

13. Recognition of Service and Experience

- 13.1 The employer shall notify each nurse in writing of the requirements of this clause at the time of the nurse's commencement of employment. If the employer does not so notify the nurse then the requirements of this clause shall not commence until the employer does so notify the nurse.
- 13.2 From the time of commencement of employment the nurse has three months in which to provide documentary evidence to their employer detailing any other 'service' or 'experience', as defined in Clause 5, Definitions, not disclosed at the time of commencement. This evidence, in the absence of other documentary evidence may take the form of a statutory declaration.
- 13.3 Until such time as the nurse furnishes any such documentation contemplated in 13.2 above the employer shall pay the nurse at the level for which documentary evidence has been provided.
- 13.4 If within three months of commencing employment a nurse does provide documentary evidence of other previous service or experience not disclosed at the time of commencement, the employer shall pay the nurse at the appropriate rate as and from the date of commencement that would have been paid from that date had the additional evidence been provided at that time.
- 13.5 If a nurse provides documentary evidence of other previous service or experience not disclosed at the time of commencement after the said three months period, the nurse shall be paid a rate appropriate for the previous service or experience then proved but only from the date of providing that evidence to the employer.
- 13.6 A nurse who is working as a nurse for more than one organisation shall notify each employer under this Agreement within one month of the end of each quarter of their hours of service or experience, as appropriate, worked with those other employers in the last quarter.
- 13.7 A nurse who is entitled to progress to the next year of service or experience (by reason of hours worked with other employers) as and from a particular date must provide documentary evidence of that entitlement within three months of that entitlement arising. If that proof is so provided the nurse shall be paid at the higher rate as and from the particular date. If the documentary evidence is provided outside that three month period the nurse shall be paid at the higher rate only from the date of proof.

14. Special Allowances

- 14.1 (a) A registered nurse in charge during the day, evening or night of a hospital having a daily average of occupied beds of less than 100 shall be paid, in addition to her or his appropriate salary, whilst so in charge, the sum set out in Table 2 Other Rates and Allowances, of Part B Monetary Rates, per shift.
 - (b) A registered nurse in charge of a shift in a ward or unit during the day, evening or night in the absence of the Nursing Unit Manager shall be paid, in addition to her or his appropriate salary whilst so in charge the sum set out in Table 2-Other Rates & Allowances, per shift. This subclause shall only apply where the registered nurse is in charge of one or more other nurses in the ward or unit in question.
 - (c) This subclause shall not apply to registered nurses holding classified positions of a higher grade than that of registered nurse.
- 14.2 (a) An employee required by their employer to be on call otherwise than as provided for in paragraph (b) shall be paid the sum set out in Table 2 for each period of 24 hours or part thereof provided that only one allowance shall be payable in any period of 24 hours.
 - (b) An employee required to be on call on rostered days off in accordance with subclause 9.15(b) of Clause 9, Hours of Work, shall be paid the sum set out in Table 2 for each period of 24 hours or part thereof provided that only one allowance shall be payable in any period of 24 hours.
 - (c) An employee who is directed to remain on call during a meal break shall be paid an allowance of the sum set out in Table 2 provided that no allowance shall be paid if, during a period of 24 hours including such period of on call, the employee is entitled to receive the allowance prescribed in 14.2(a) above. If an employee is recalled to duty during such meal break, they shall be paid at overtime rates for the total period of the meal break.
 - (d) Where an employee on call leaves the hospital and is recalled to duty, they shall be reimbursed all reasonable fares and expenses actually incurred provided that where an

employee uses a motor car in these circumstances the allowance payable shall be the rate determined by the Australian Taxation Office. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all employees.

- 14.3 (a) A registered nurse who is designated to be in-charge of a ward or unit when the Nursing Unit Manager is not rostered for duty and who is also designated to be in-charge of a hospital with less than 100 beds during the day, evening or night on the same shift shall be paid an allowance per shift of the sum set out in Table 2-Other Rates & Allowances. This subclause shall only apply where the registered nurse is in charge of one or more other nurses in the ward or unit in question.
 - (b) This subclause shall not apply to registered nurses holding classified positions of a higher grade than of a registered nurse.

15. Penalty Rates for Shift Work and Weekend Work

15.1 Employees working afternoon or night shift shall be paid the following percentages in addition to the ordinary rate for such shift: Provided that employees who work less than 38 hours per week shall only be entitled to the additional rates where their shifts commence prior to 6.00 am or finish subsequent to 6.00 pm.

Afternoon shift commencing at 10am and before 1pm – 10%

Afternoon shift commencing at 1.00 pm and before 4.00 pm - 12.5%

Night shift commencing at 4.00 pm and before 4.00 am - 15%

Night shift commencing at 4.00 am and before 6.00 am - 10%

- 15.2 "Ordinary rate" and "ordinary time" shall not include any percentage addition by reason of the fact that an employee works less than 38 hours per week but shall include amounts payable under Clause 12, Salaries.
- 15.3 For the purposes of this clause day, afternoon and night shifts shall be defined as follows:
 - "Day Shift" means a shift which commences at or after 6.00 am and before 10.00 am.
 - "Afternoon shift" means a shift which commences at or after 10.00 am and before 4.00 pm.
 - "Night Shift" means a shift which commences at or after 4.00 pm and before 6.00 am on the day following.
- 15.4 Employees whose ordinary working hours include work on a Saturday and/or Sunday shall be paid for ordinary hours worked between midnight on Friday and midnight on Saturday at the rate of time and one half and for ordinary hours worked between midnight on Saturday and midnight on Sunday at the rate of time and three quarters. These extra rates shall be in substitution for and not cumulative upon the shift premiums prescribed in the subclause 15.1 of this clause.
 - The foregoing paragraph shall apply to employees who work less than 38 hours per week, but such employees shall not be entitled to be paid in addition any allowance prescribed by Clause 24. Part-time, Casual and Temporary Employees, of this Agreement in respect of their employment between midnight on Friday and midnight on Sunday.
- 15.5 The additional payments prescribed by this clause shall not form part of the employee's ordinary pay for the purposes of this Agreement, except as provided in Clause 27, Annual Leave, of this Agreement.

- 15.6 (a) This subclause shall only apply to nurses who work an entire ordinary time shift in a discrete designated day procedure ward or unit which routinely functions between the hours of 7.00 am and 6.00 pm.
 - (b) This subclause shall not apply to any nurse whose employment commenced prior to 15 December 1994 and who has been employed on a continuous basis since that date.
 - (c) A nurse to whom this subclause applies shall not be entitled to an additional penalty rate payment for ordinary time worked prior to 6.00 pm on any week day.
 - (d) A nurse to whom this subclause applies shall be paid, in addition to their ordinary rate, a penalty payment at the rate of 15% for all ordinary time worked after 6.00 pm on any week day.

16. Fares and Expenses

- 16.1 An employee required to travel in the performance of duty shall be paid all reasonable out of pocket expenses (including fares).
- 16.2 (a) An employee who is engaged for an indefinite period and who remains in the employment for at least six months shall be reimbursed forward fares from the place of engagement; provided that the distance of normal travel there from to the employment exceeds 40 kilometres.
 - (b) An employee who is engaged for an indefinite period and who is dismissed within six months for any reason other than misconduct or inefficiency shall be reimbursed forward fares from the place of engagement; provided that the distance of normal travel there from to the employment exceeds 40 kilometres; and shall also be reimbursed return fares to such place of engagement or the employee's immediate destination, whichever is the cheaper.
- 16.3 An employee who is engaged for a definite period and who completed the period of engagement or who is dismissed before completing such period for any reason other than misconduct or inefficiency shall be reimbursed also return fares to such place of engagement or to the employee's immediate destination, whichever is the cheaper.
- 16.4 Fares within the meaning of this clause shall include only fares incurred in respect to travel within New South Wales.
- 16.5 An employee who claims reimbursement of fares, pursuant to this clause, shall furnish to the employer, if so required, satisfactory proof that they have not received from another employer reimbursement in respect of those fares.

17. **Telephone Allowance**

- 17.1 If an employee is required, for the purpose of their employment, to be on call on a regular basis or where an employee is required by their employer to be contactable by telephone the employer shall provide the employee with a mobile phone for the duration of such requirements.
- 17.2 Where the employer does not provide the employee with such a mobile phone, the employee will be paid for the costs of calls related to their employment.

18. **Uniform and Laundry Allowances.**

- 18.1 Subject to subclause 18.3 of this clause, sufficient, suitable and serviceable uniforms, including one pair of shoes per annum which shall be of a recognised acceptable standard for the performance of nursing duties, and one cardigan or jacket shall be supplied free of cost to each employee required to wear a uniform. An employee to whom a new uniform or part of a uniform has been issued who, without good reason, fails to return the corresponding article last supplied shall not be entitled to have such article replaced without payment therefore at a reasonable price.
- 18.2 An employee, on leaving the service of an employer, shall return any uniform or part thereof supplied by that employer which is still in use immediately prior to leaving.

- 18.3 (a) In lieu of supplying uniforms to an employee, an employer shall pay the said employee the sum set out in Table 2 Other Rates and Allowances, of Part B, Monetary Rates, for uniforms.
 - (b) In lieu of supplying a cardigan or jacket to an employee an employer shall pay the said employee the sum set out in Table 2 per week.
 - (c) If, in any hospital, the uniforms of an employee are not laundered at the expense of the hospital an allowance of the sum set out in Table 2 shall be paid to the said employee; provided that the payment of such laundry allowance shall not be made to any employee on absences exceeding one week.
 - (d) Where the employer requires any employee to wear headwear, the hospital shall provide headwear free of charge to the employee.
 - (e) The allowances referred to subclause 18.3 are also payable during any period of paid leave.

19. Continuing Education Allowance

- 19.1 Employees employed in the following classifications may be entitled to be paid a qualification allowance:
 - (a) Registered Nurse/Midwife;
 - (b) Clinical Nurse/Midwife Specialist: and
 - (c) Clinical Nurse/Midwife Educator.
- 19.2 The employee will be entitled to be paid a qualification allowance when:
 - (a) The employee holds a qualification in a clinical field which is considered by the employer to be directly relevant to the competency and skills used in the duties of their position;
 - (b) The qualification is from a recognised educational institution;
 - (c) The employee has provided evidence to the employer of holding the qualification; and
 - (d) The employee is available to work, competent to work, rostered to work and the qualification or skill is being utilised.
- 19.3 The qualifications which are eligible for a Qualification Allowance are listed at Table 3.
- 19.4 The following qualifications will be paid as Qualification Allowance Level 1:
 - (a) Post-registration hospital certificate;
 - (b) Post-graduate certificate; and
 - (c) Post-graduate diploma.
- 19.5 The following qualifications will be paid as Qualification Allowance Level 2:
 - (a) Degree (other than an undergraduate nursing degree);
 - (b) Masters Degree
- 19.6 The employer will review the employee's eligibility to be paid the qualification allowance annually.
- 19.7 Where an employee holds more than one relevant qualification they are entitled to be paid only one qualification allowance, whichever is the highest value or most relevant as appropriate to their role.
- 19.8 Part-time employees will be entitled to be paid the qualification allowance on a pro-rata basis on their contracted hours.
- 19.9 Casual employees are not entitled to be paid a qualification allowance.

20. Higher Grade Duty

- 20.1 An employee who is called upon to relieve an employee in a higher classification or is called upon to act in a vacant position of a higher classification shall be entitled to receive for the period of relief or the period during which they act the minimum payment for such higher classification.
- 20.2 The provisions of subclause 20.1 shall not apply where the employee being relieved is absent from duty for a period of three consecutive working days or less which have been rostered in advance, except where the duties of the higher position involve being in charge of the facility during the period in question.
- 20.3 Further, the provisions of subclause 20.1 shall not apply where a Director of Nursing is absent from duty for a period of three working days or less for any reason other than Clause 9, Hours of Work.

21. Overtime

- 21.1 Subject to subclause 21.2 an employer may require an employee to work reasonable overtime.
- 21.2 An employee may refuse to work overtime in circumstances where the working of such overtime would result in the employee working hours which are unreasonable.
- 21.3 For the purposes of subclause 21.2 what is unreasonable or otherwise will be determined having regard to:
 - (a) the risk to the employee's health and safety;
 - (b) the employee's personal circumstances including any family and carer responsibilities;
 - (c) the needs of the facility;
 - (d) the notice (if any) given by the employer of the overtime and by the employee of his or her intention to refuse it; and
 - (e) any other relevant matter.
- 21.4 (a) Subject to paragraph (b) hereof all time worked by employees in excess of the rostered daily ordinary hours of work shall be overtime and shall be paid for at the rate of time and one half for the first two hours and double time thereafter in respect of each overtime shift worked or in respect of overtime worked prior to or at the conclusion of a normal shift. Provided that overtime worked on Sundays shall be paid for at the rate of double time and on public holidays at the rate of double time and one half.
 - (b) All time worked by permanent part time employees, in excess of the rostered daily ordinary hours of work prescribed for the majority of full-time employees employed on that shift in the ward or section concerned shall be paid for at the rate of time and one half for the first two hours and double time thereafter except that on Sundays such overtime shall be paid for at the rate of double time and on public holidays at the rate of double time and one half.
 - Time worked up to the rostered daily ordinary hours of work prescribed for a majority of the full-time employees employed on that shift in the ward or section concerned shall not be regarded as overtime but an extension of the contract hours for that day and shall be paid at the ordinary rate of pay.
- 21.5 An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer's premises shall be paid for a minimum of three hours work at the appropriate rate for each time so recalled. If the work required is completed in less than three hours, the employee shall be released from duty.
- 21.6 An employee required to work overtime following on the completion of their normal shift for more than four hours shall be allowed twenty minutes for the partaking of a meal and a further twenty minutes after each subsequent four hours overtime. All such time shall be counted as time worked; provided that benefits of this subclause shall not apply to permanent part time employees, until the expiration of the normal shift for a majority of the full-time employees employed on that shift in the ward or section concerned.
- 21.7 An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer's premises and who is required to work for more than four hours shall be allowed twenty minutes for the partaking of a meal and a

- further twenty minutes after each subsequent four hour's overtime; all such time shall be counted as time worked.
- 21.8 The meals referred to in subclauses 21.6 and 21.7 of this clause shall be allowed to the employee free of charge. Where the hospital is unable to provide such meals, an allowance per meal of the sum set out in Table 2 Other Rates and Allowances, of Part B, Monetary Rates, shall be paid to the employee concerned.
- 21.9 Where an employee is required to work an overtime shift on his or her rostered day off, the appropriate meal breaks for that shift, as prescribed by Clause 9, Hours of Work shall apply.
- 21.10 If an employee is directed by the nurse in charge to duty during a meal break, they shall be paid at overtime rates for the total period of the meal break.
- 21.11 An employee who works so much overtime:
 - (a) between the termination of their ordinary work on any day or shift and the commencement of their ordinary work on the next day or shift that they have not had at least eight consecutive hours off duty between these times; or
 - (b) on a Saturday, a Sunday and a holiday, not being ordinary working days, or on a rostered day off without having had eight consecutive hours off duty in the twenty-four hours preceding their next day or shift; shall subject to this subclause, be released after completion of such overtime until they have had eight consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence. If on the instruction of the employer such an employee resumes or continues to work without having such eight consecutive hours off duty they shall be paid at double time of the appropriate rate applicable on such day until they are released from duty for such period and they then shall be entitled to be absent until they have had eight consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
- 21.12 In lieu of receiving payment for overtime in accordance with this clause, employees may be compensated by way of time off in lieu of overtime on the following basis:
 - (a) Time off in lieu of overtime must be taken within four months of it being accrued at ordinary rates.
 - (b) The employee may take one hour of time off, for each hour of overtime, plus a period of time plus equivalent to the overtime penalty occurred.
 - (c) Where it is not possible for a nurse to take the time off in lieu of overtime within the four month period, it is to be paid out at the appropriate overtime rate based on the rates of pay applying at the time payment is made.
 - (d) Nurses cannot be compelled to take time off in lieu of overtime.
 - (e) Records of all time off in lieu of overtime owing to nurses and taken by nurses must be maintained by the employer.
 - (f) A Nurse should not accumulated more than 24 hours in time off in lieu of overtime unless expressly granted by the General Manager.

22. Payment and Particulars of Salaries

22.1 All salaries and other payments shall be paid weekly or fortnightly, provided that payment for any overtime worked may be deferred to the pay day next following the completion of the working cycle within which such overtime is worked, but for no longer; provided further that the payment of shift and weekend penalties relating to work performed in the second week of a fortnightly roster period may be deferred to the pay day next following the completion of the working cycle within which such shifts were worked, but for no longer.

- 22.2 Employees shall have their salary paid into one account with a bank or any other financial institution as nominated
- 22.3 Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause 22.2 of this Clause, an employee who has given or has been given the required notice of termination of employment, in accordance with Clause 46, Termination of Employment, of this Agreement, shall be paid all moneys due to them prior to ceasing duty on the last day of employment.
- 22.4 Where an employee is summarily dismissed or their services are terminated without due notice, any moneys due to them shall be paid as soon as possible after such dismissal or termination but in any case not more than three days thereafter.
- 22.5 Payslips shall be provided to employees in accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work Act and its associated regulations.

23. Registration or Enrolment Pending

- 23.1 A student who has completed the course of training prescribed by the Board and applied for registration or enrolment shall, upon registration or enrolment, be paid as from the date of application for registration or enrolment the salary to which they would have been entitled if registered or enrolled.
- 23.2 They shall notify the employer as soon as possible after they have so applied.

24. Part-Time Employees

- 24.1 (a) A permanent part-time employee is one who is permanently appointed by the hospital to work a specified number of hours which are less than those prescribed for a full-time employee with a minimum engagement of four (4) hours, unless mutually agreed to in writing.
 - (b) By agreement between employer and employee, the specified number of hours may be balanced over a week, a fortnight or four weeks. Provided that the average weekly hours shall be deemed to be the specified number of hours for the purposes of accrual of annual leave.
 - (c) An employee whose hours are averaged over 4 weeks shall be paid each week or fortnight according to the employee's average weekly or fortnightly hours as is appropriate.
 - (d) Provided further that there shall be no interruption to the continuity of employment merely by reason of an employee, whose hours are balanced over a fortnight or over four weeks, not working in any one week in accordance with paragraph (b).
- 24.2 Permanent part time employees shall be paid an hourly rate calculated on the basis of one thirty-eighth of the appropriate rate prescribed by Clause 12, Salaries, of this Agreement and, where applicable, one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowance or allowances prescribed by Clause 14, Special Allowances, of this Agreement, with a minimum payment of 2 hours for each start, and one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowances prescribed by Clause 18, Uniform and Laundry Allowances of this Agreement, but shall not be entitled to an additional day off or part thereof, as prescribed by subclauses 9.3 and 9.5 of Clause 9, Hours of Work.
- 24.3 Four weeks' Annual Leave on ordinary pay is to be granted per annum. The provisions of subclauses 24.2, 27.3 to 27.10 of Clause 27, Annual Leave, and Clause 28, Annual Leave Loading, of this Agreement shall apply to employees engaged under this clause. The remaining provisions of Clause 27, Annual Leave shall not apply.
 - Where an employee has any period of permanent part-time employment during any 12 months qualifying period for annual leave, payment for such annual leave shall be calculated on the basis of the proportion that the average number of hours worked each week bears to 38 hours.
- 24.4 A public holiday occurring on a day on which the employee would normally be rostered to work shall be allowed to employees without loss of pay; provided that an employee who is required to and does work on a public holiday shall have one day or one half day, as appropriate, added to

their period of annual leave and be paid at the rate of one half time extra to the time actually worked. Such payment is in lieu of any additional rate for shift work or weekend work which would otherwise be payable had the day not been a public holiday. In lieu of adding to annual leave under this paragraph an employee may elect to be paid for the time actually worked at the rate of time and one half in addition to their ordinary weekly rate.

Such election shall be made on the commencement of employment and then on the anniversary date each year. The employee may not alter such election during the year except with the agreement of the employer. Where payment is made in lieu of leave in respect of time worked on a public holiday, payment shall be made for a minimum of four hours work, and any balance of the day or shift not worked shall be paid at ordinary rates.

- 24.5 To the leave prescribed by subclause 24.4 this clause there shall be added one working day for each public holiday or one half working day for each half public holiday which occurs on what would have been an ordinary working day during a period of annual leave.
- 24.6 Where the employee is regularly working more than their specified contract hours they may request that their contracted hours are reviewed by their Manager. The Manager will formally respond to the request by the employee stating the reasons if the request is not agreed to. The Manager will not unreasonably reject the request. The Manager will also take into account that the hours worked in the following circumstances will not be incorporated to any adjustment made:
 - a) if the increase in hours is as a direct result of an employee being absent on leave, such as for example, annual leave, long service leave, maternity leave, workers compensation; and
 - b) if the increase in hours is due to a temporary increase in hours only due, for example, to the specific needs of a resident or client.
 - c) Any adjusted contracted hours resulting from a review by the employer should however, be such as to readily reflect roster cycles and shift configurations utilised at the workplace.
- 24.7 Employees engaged under this clause shall be entitled to all other benefits of this Agreement not otherwise expressly provided for herein in the same proportion as their ordinary hours bear to full time hours.

25. Casual Employees

- 25.1 A casual employee is one engaged on an hourly basis otherwise than as a permanent part-time or full-time employee and shall have a minimum of two hours for each engagement.
- 25.2 A casual employee shall be paid an hourly rate calculated on the basis of one thirty-eighth of the appropriate rate, prescribed by Clause 12, Salaries, of this Agreement and where applicable one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowance or allowances prescribed by Clause 14, Special Allowances, of this Agreement plus an allowance of:
 - 23.83% from 1 July 2013
 - 25.00% from the first full pay period after 1 July 2014

with a minimum payment of 2 hours for each start, and one thirty-eighth of the appropriate allowances prescribed by Clause 18, Uniform and Laundry Allowances, of this Agreement.

- 25.3 With respect to a casual employee the provisions of Clause 11, Rosters; Clause 21, Overtime; Clause 27, Annual Leave, Clause 29, Public Holidays and Clause 16, Fares and Expenses of this Agreement, shall not apply. Further, casual employees shall not be entitled to an additional day off or part thereof as prescribed by subclauses 9.3 and 9.5 of Clause 9, Hours of Work.
- 25.4 In accordance with the NES , casual employees have no entitlement to paid annual leave; paid personal/carers leave or paid compassionate leave
- 25.5 A casual employee who is required to and does work on a public holiday as defined in sub-clauses 29.8 of Clause 29, Public Holidays, shall be paid for the time actually worked at the rate of double time being in lieu of weekend or shift allowances which would otherwise be payable had the day

not been a public holiday; provided that a casual employee shall not be entitled to be paid in addition the allowance as prescribed in subclause 25.2 of Part II in respect of such work.

25.6 For the entitlement to payment in respect of long service leave, please see the Long Service Leave Act 1955 (NSW).

25.7 Casual Conversion

A casual employee who has been rostered on a regular and systematic basis over 26 weeks, provided that the rostering pattern has not resulted from coverage for extended absences such as maternity leave, long service leave, workers compensation leave and extended sick leave), has the right to request conversion to permanent employment and that request will not be unreasonably refused by the Employer.

26. **Temporary Employees**

- 26.1 A temporary employee is one engaged for a set period not exceeding 13 weeks.
- 26.2 A temporary employee shall be paid, in addition to all rates and allowances to which the said employee is entitled under this Agreement, an allowance equal to 10 per centum of the rates prescribed for his or her classification by Clause 12, Salaries, of this Agreement, provided that this subclause shall cease to apply upon:
 - (a) The said period of engagement being extended after the said period of 13 weeks;
 - (b) The employer and the employee agreeing during the said period of 13 weeks, that the employee shall be employed on a permanent part-time or full-time basis.
- 26.3 For entitlement to payment in respect of annual leave, refer to Clause 27, Annual Leave. For the purposes of this clause "transitional date" means the first pay period commencing on or after 1 March 1997.

27. Annual Leave

- 27.1 All permanent employees are entitled to four (4) weeks of annual leave per year. Shift workers, as defined in sub-clause 27.2 (a) below, are entitled to five (5) weeks of annual leave per year.
- 27.2 Annual leave will accrue progressively during a year of service in accordance with the provisions of the NES. This clause contains additional provisions.
 - (a) For the purpose of the additional weeks annual leave provided for in the NES, a shift worker is defined as an employee who:
 - (i) regularly rostered over seven (7) days of the week; and
 - (ii) regularly works on weekends.
- 27.3 (a)**Taking of Annual Leave** An employee is entitled to take an amount of annual leave during a particular period if:
 - (i) at least that amount if annual leave is credited to the employee; and
 - (ii) the employer has authorised the employee to take the annual leave during that period.
 - (b) An employee will request annual leave, in writing, where practicable with one months notice but in any event with no less than two (2) weeks notice prior to the date on which the leave would commence.
 - (c) Credit of time towards an allocated day off duty shall not accrue when an employee is absent in accordance with sub-clause 27.1 of this clause.

- 27.4 Annual leave shall be taken in an amount and at a time which is approved by the employer subject to the operational requirements of the workplace. The employer shall not unreasonably withhold or revoke such approval.
- 27.5 **Extensive accumulated annual leave**: An employee must take an amount of annual leave during a particular period if:
 - (a) the employee is directed to do so by the employer. The employer shall give the employee at least one months notice. Provided that, where an employee makes a written request to take annual leave which has not been approved by the employer, that employee shall not be directed to take annual leave for a period of 12 months after that request;
 - (b) at the time that the direction is given, the employee has annual leave credited to him or her of more than 1/13 of the number of ordinary hours worked by the employee for the employer during the period of 104 weeks ending at the time that the direction is given; and
 - (c) the amount of annual leave that the employee is directed to take is less than, or equal to, 1/4 of the amount of credited annual leave of the employee at the time that the direction is given.
- 27.6 (a) Each employee before going on leave shall be paid for the period of the leave at the ordinary rate of salary to which she or he is entitled under this Agreement. Where an employee has any period of permanent part-time employment during any 12 month qualifying period for annual leave, payment for such annual leave shall be calculated on the basis of the proportion that the average number of hours worked each week bears to 38 hours.
 - (b) An employee to whom paragraph (a) of sub-clause 27.1 applies shall be paid during the first twenty eight (28) consecutive days whilst on annual leave her or his ordinary rate of salary plus shift allowances and weekend penalties relating to ordinary time the employee would have worked if they had not been on annual leave; additional annual leave accrued under sub-clause 27.1 attracts shift allowances and weekend penalties relating to ordinary time the employee would have worked if they had not been on annual leave; provided that the provisions of the preceding paragraphs of this sub-clause shall not apply to public holidays which occur during a period of annual leave or days which have been added to annual leave in accordance with sub-clause 27.1 of this clause.

27.7 Cashing out of Annual Leave

Annual leave credited to an employee may be cashed out, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the employee must elect in writing to receive payment in lieu of an amount of annual leave on each occasion on which annual leave is cashed out:
- (b) after the cashing out the employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave must be no less than four weeks;
- (c) the employer has agreed to the employee cashing out the annual leave; and
- (d) the employee must be paid at least the full amount that would have been payable to the employee has she or he taken the leave that he or she has foregone.
- 27.8 Where the employment of an employee is terminated the employee shall be entitled to receive payment for all accrued annual leave including for any days added to annual leave in accordance with sub-clause 22.3 of this clause.

27.9 Annual Leave and Service

A period of paid annual leave does not break an employee's continuity of service and annual leave counts as service for all purposes.

27.10 Annual Closedown Provision

(a) The employer may temporarily close part or the whole of the hospital not more than once every twelve months for a period not exceeding two weeks.

- (b) Where practicable, the employer will give at least two (2) months, but in any event no less than six weeks, notice of the dates of the closedown; all prospective employees will be advised of any closedown in the letter offering them employment.
- (c) An employee with an entitlement to annual leave and / or accumulated Additional Days Off (ADOs) sufficient to cover the closedown period will be required to access their accumulated annual leave and / or ADOs for the period of the closedown. The employee may choose the combination of annual leave and accrued ADOs that she or he will use to cover the closedown period.
- (d) Where an employee has an entitlement to annual leave which is less than the period of the closedown, she or he will have to choose one the following four options to cover the difference between their current annual leave entitlement and the length of the closedown:
 - (i) temporary reassignment to another part of the Hospital; or
 - (ii) access any accrued ADOs; or
 - (iii) take annual leave in advance; or
 - (iv) take leave without pay.
 - By mutual agreement between the employer and employee, more than one of the options available under this sub-clause (d) may be used to cover the difference between an employee's current annual leave entitlement and the length of the closedown.
 - (e) The employer will consider requests for staff to accrue up to 12 ADOs for use during a closedown.
 - (f) Employees will continue to be able to access annual leave throughout the year. They will not be required to store their annual leave for use during a closedown.

28. Annual Leave Loading

- 28.1 Before an employee is given and takes an annual holiday, or where by agreement between the employer and the employee the annual holiday is given and taken in more than one separate period, then before each of such separate periods the employer shall pay the employee a loading determined in accordance with this clause.
- 28.2 The loading is payable in addition to the pay for the period of holiday given.
- 28.3 The loading is the amount payable for the period or the separate periods, as the case may be, of accrued Annual Leave of the rate per week of 17½% of the appropriate ordinary weekly time rate of pay prescribed by this Agreement for the classification in which the employee was employed immediately before commencing by the employee's annual holiday together with any allowances prescribed by sub-clause 14.3 of Clause 14, Special Allowances, of this Agreement.
- 28.4 No loading is payable to an employee who takes an annual holiday wholly or partly in advance; provided that, if the employment of such an employee continues until the day when the employee would have become entitled under the said Clause 29 Public Holidays to an annual holiday, the loading then becomes payable in respect of the period of such holiday and is to be calculated in accordance with sub-clause 28.3 of this clause applying the Agreement rates and wages payable on that day. This sub-clause applies where an annual holiday has been taken wholly or partly in advance.
- 28.5 When the employment of an employee is terminated by his/her employer at the time of termination the employee has not been given and has not taken the whole of an annual holiday to which she or he is entitled, she or he shall be paid a loading calculated in accordance with sub-clause 28.3 of the period not taken.

28.6 This clause extends to an employee who is given and takes an annual holiday and who would have worked as a shift worker if the employee had not been on holidays; provided that, if the amount to which the employee would have been entitled by way of shift work allowances and weekend penalty rates to the ordinary time (not including time on a public or special holiday) which the employee would have worked during the period of the holiday exceeds the loading calculated in accordance with this clause, then that amount shall be paid to the employee in lieu of the loading.

29. Public Holidays

- 29.1 Public Holidays shall be in accordance with the NSW Public Holidays Act 2010
- 29.2 Payment for work done on public holidays
 - (a) All work done by an employee during their ordinary shifts on a public holiday or substituted day, will be paid at 250% of their ordinary rate of pay.
 - (b) Payments and entitlement under this clause are instead of any additional rate for shift or weekend work which would otherwise be payable had the shift not been a public holiday.
- 29.3 Public Holiday Substitution and local Public Holidays
 In accordance with the Standard, if under (or in accordance with a procedure under) a law of a
 State or Territory, a day or part-day is substituted for a day or part-day that would otherwise be a
 public holiday, then the substituted day or part-day is the public holiday. In addition, any relevant
 local public holidays proclaimed by State law or by local council will also be observed.
- 29.4 In addition to those named public holidays specified at subclause 32.1, employees shall be entitled to an extra public holiday each year. Such public holiday shall occur on a day between Christmas and New Year within the days Monday to Friday inclusive and not coinciding with a date that is already a gazetted public holiday for that calendar year;
- 29.5 Public holiday substitution by the Employer and Employee

An employer and the employees may, by agreement, substitute another day for a public holiday.

29.6 Public holidays occurring on rostered days off

All full-time employees will receive a day's ordinary pay for public holidays that occur on their rostered day off except where the public holidays fall on Saturday or Sunday with respect to Monday–Friday employees.

- 29.7 Part-time employees
 - (a) A part-time employee will only be entitled to payment for those public holidays that fall on days they are normally rostered to work.
 - (b) A part-time employee who is rostered off on a public holiday they would ordinarily work will be paid their ordinary pay for that day.
- 29.8 Casual employees
 - (a) A casual employee will be paid only for those public holidays they work at the total rate of 250% for hours worked.
 - (b) Payments under clause 29.8(a) are instead of and replace and are in lieu of any casual loading otherwise payable under this Agreement.

30. Long Service Leave

30.1 For all long service leave the following provisions shall apply:

- 30.2 Every employee after ten years' continuous service with the same employer shall be entitled to two months' long service leave on full pay; after fifteen years' continuous service to an additional one month's long service leave on full pay; and for each five years' continuous service thereafter to an additional one and one half months' long service leave on full pay. Such leave shall be taken at a time to be mutually arranged between the employer and the employee.
- 30.3 Where the service of an employee with at least five years' service is terminated, the employee shall be entitled for five years' service to one month's long service leave on full pay and for service after 5 years to a proportionate amount of such leave on full pay calculated on the basis of 2 months' long service leave for 10 years' service.
- 30.4 Where an employee has acquired a right to long service leave under sub-clause 30.2 of this clause, then and in every such case:
 - (a) If before such leave has been entered upon the employment of such employee has been terminated such employee shall be entitled to receive the monetary value of the leave to which such employee has been entitled computed at the rate of salary which such employee had been receiving immediately prior to the termination of employment.
 - (b) If such employee dies before entering upon such long service leave, or if after having entered upon the same dies before its termination, any accrued long service leave will be paid out in accordance with Section 4 (Long Service Leave) subsection (5)(b) of the Long Service Leave Act 1955 (NSW). This provision provides that:

"Where a worker dies and any long service leave:

- (a) to which the worker was entitled has not been taken; or
- (b) accrued upon termination of the services of the worker by reason of the worker's death and has not been taken, the employer shall upon request by the worker's personal representative pay to the worker's personal representative in full the ordinary pay that would have been payable to the worker in respect of long service leave less any amount already paid to the worker in respect of that leave."

30.5 For the purpose of this clause:

- (a) Continuous service in the same hospital prior to the coming into force of this Agreement shall be taken into account.
- (b) One month equals four and one-third weeks.
- (c) Continuous service shall be deemed not to have been broken by:
 - (i) any period of absence on leave without pay not exceeding six months;
 - (ii) absence of an employee from the hospital whilst a member of the Defence Forces of the Commonwealth in time of war.
- (d) Where any employee has been granted a period of long service leave prior to the coming into force of this award the amount of such leave shall be debited against the amount of leave due under this agreement.
- (e) Any period(s) of part-time employment with the same employer shall count towards long service leave as provided for in sub-clause 30.2 and 30.3. Such long service leave shall be paid for on the basis of the proportion that the average number of hours worked per week bears to 38 hours.
- (f) Where an employee has accrued a right to an allocated day off duty on pay prior to entering a period of long service leave such day shall be taken on the next working day immediately following the period of long service leave.

An employee returning to duty from long service leave shall be given the next allocated day off duty in sequence irrespective of whether sufficient credits have been accumulated or not.

31. Compassionate Leave

31.1 Entitlement to compassionate leave

An employee is entitled to 2 days of compassionate leave for each occasion (a permissible occasion) when a member of the employee's immediate family or a member of the employee's household:

- (a) contracts or develops a personal illness that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
- (b) sustains a personal injury that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
- (c) dies.

Where the employee is involved in funeral arrangements, travelling etc., leave may be allowed for up to 3 days for each permissible occasion.

- 31.2 For the purposes of this clause, immediate family means:
 - (a) a partner of the employee, including a former partner of the employee; or
 - (b) de facto partner of the employee which:
 - (i) means a person who, although not legally married to the employee, lives with the employee in a relationship as a couple on a genuine domestic basis, and shall include partners of the same sex or different sex; and
 - (ii) includes a former de facto partner of the employee; or
 - (c) a child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a step child, a foster child or an exnuptial child), parent (including a foster parent and legal guardian), grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee or partner or de facto partner of the employee; or
 - (d) a relative of the employee who is a member of the same household, where for the purposes of this paragraph:
 - (i) "relative" means a person related by blood, marriage or affinity;
 - (ii "affinity" means a relationship that one partner because of marriage has to blood relatives of the other; and
 - (iii) "household" means a family group living in the same domestic dwelling.

31.3 Taking compassionate leave

- (a) An employee may take compassionate leave for a particular permissible occasion if the leave is taken:
 - (i) to spend time with the member of the employee's immediate family or household who has contracted or developed the personal illness, or sustained the personal injury, referred to in sub-clause 31.1; or
 - (ii) after the death of the member of the employee's immediate family or household referred to in sub-clause 31.1.
- (b) An employee may take compassionate leave for a particular permissible occasion as:
 - (i) a single continuous period; or
 - (ii) separate periods of 1 day each; or
 - (iii) any separate periods to which the employee and his or her employer agree.
- (c) If the permissible occasion is the contraction or development of a personal illness, or the sustaining of a personal injury, the employee may take the compassionate leave for that occasion at any time while the illness or injury persists.

31.4 Payment for compassionate leave (other than for casual employees)

If an employee, other than a casual employee, takes a period of compassionate leave, the employer must pay the employee at the employee's base rate of pay for the employee's ordinary hours of work in the period. For casual employees, compassionate leave is unpaid leave.

31.5 Other Circumstances

The above principles are not intended to codify completely purposes for which compassionate leave with pay may be allowed. The element of unforeseen emergency could be present in other situations, e.g. floods and bushfires, which clearly prevent attendance for duty. In view of the purpose for which compassionate leave is intended, it is not possible to prescribe a precise limitation of the amount of leave to be granted in a given period. It is suggested, however, that only under the most exceptional circumstances should leave exceeding a total of three days be granted to an employee in any year other than in accordance with sub-clause 31.1. Where an employee is forced to absent themselves other than in accordance with sub-clause 31.1 or in circumstances that do not reasonably constitute an unforseen emergency, the employee can cover such an absence by applying for leave with pay or, if the employee so desires, taking annual leave.

32. Personal/Carer's Leave

32.1 The Standard

- (a) Employees are entitled to 10 days of personal leave in accordance with the provisions of the National Employment Standard.
- (b) Casual employees have no entitlement to paid personal/carer's leave, but do have an entitlement to unpaid carer's leave.

32.2 Meaning of Personal/Carer's Leave

Personal/carer's leave is either:

- (a) paid leave (**sick leave**) taken by an employee because of a personal illness, or injury, of the employee; or
- (b) paid or unpaid leave (**carer's leave**) taken by an employee to provide care or support to a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household, who requires care or support because of:
 - (i) a personal illness, or injury, of the member; or
 - (ii) an unexpected emergency affecting the member.
- (c) immediate family is defined as:
 - (i) a partner of the employee; or
 - (ii) de facto partner of the employee which:
 - (a) means a person who, although not legally married to the employee, lives with the employee in a relationship as a couple on a genuine domestic basis and shall include partners of the same sex or different sex; and
 - (b) includes a former de facto partner of the employee; or
 - (iii) a child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a step child, a foster child or an ex-nuptial child), parent (including a foster parent and legal guardian), grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the employee or partner or de facto partner of the employee; or
 - (iv) a relative of the employee who is a member of the same household, where for the purposes of this paragraph:
 - (a) "relative" means a person related by blood, marriage or affinity;
 - (b) "affinity" means a relationship that one partner because of marriage has to blood relatives of the other; and
 - (c) "household" means a family group living in the same domestic dwelling.

32.3 Accrual of Paid Personal/Carer's Leave

- (a) For each year of service with his or her employer, an employee is entitled to 10 days of paid personal/carer's leave.
- (b) An employee's entitlement to paid personal/carer's leave accrues progressively during a year of service according to the employee's ordinary hours of work, and accumulates from year to year.
- (c) No payment will be made in lieu of accumulated personal/carer's leave.
- (d) Casual employees have no entitlement to paid personal/carer's leave.

32.4 Payment of Paid Personal/Carer's Leave

If, in accordance with this clause an employee takes a period of paid personal/carer's leave, the employer must pay the employee at the employee's base rate of pay for the employee's ordinary hours of work in the period.

32.5 Employee taken not to be on paid personal/carer's leave on public holiday

If the period during which an employee takes paid personal/carer's leave includes a day or partday that is a public holiday in the place where the employee is based for work purposes, the employee is taken not to be on paid personal/carer's leave on that public holiday.

32.6 Unpaid Carer's Leave

- (a) An employee is entitled to a period of up to 2 days unpaid carer's leave for each occasion when a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household, requires care or support during such a period because of:
 - (i) a personal illness, or injury, of the member; or
 - (ii) an unexpected emergency affecting the member.
- (b) This entitlement extends to casual employees and the employer agrees not to fail to reengage a casual employee because the employee accessed the entitlements provided for in this sub-clause. The rights of the employer to engage or not to engage a casual employee are otherwise not affected.
- (c) An employee is entitled to unpaid carer's leave for a particular occasion only if the employee cannot take an amount of paid personal/carer's leave.

32.7 Taking of Personal/Carer's Leave and Compassionate Leave

- (a) An employee is entitled to use their personal/carer's and compassionate leave entitlement in accordance with the National Employment Standard.
- (b) **Notice**: To be entitled to personal/carers leave or compassionate leave, an employee must give the employer notice as soon as reasonably practicable (which may be at a time before or after the leave has started) that the employee is (or will be) absent from his or her employment..

This requirement does not apply to an employee who could not comply with it because of circumstances beyond the employee's control.

- (c) **Documentary Evidence**: An employee who has given his or her employer notice of the taking of personal/carer's leave or compassionate leave, if required by the employer, give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that:
 - (i) if it is paid personal/carer's leave—the leave is taken for a reason specified in subclause 32.2; or
 - (ii) if it is unpaid carer's leave—the leave is taken for a permissible occasion in circumstances specified in sub-clause 32.6; or
 - (iii) if it is compassionate leave—the leave is taken for a permissible occasion in circumstances specified in clause 31.

32.8 Time Off in Lieu of Payment for Overtime

- (a) For the purpose only of providing care and support for a person in accordance with subclause 32.2 of this clause, and despite the provisions of Clause 18, Overtime, the following provisions shall apply.
- (b) An employee may elect, with the consent of the employer, to take time off in lieu of payment for overtime at a time or times agreed with the employer within 12 months of the said election.
- (c) Overtime taken as time off during ordinary time hours shall be taken at the ordinary time rate that is an hour for each hour worked.
- (d) If, having elected to take time as leave in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subclause, the leave is not taken for whatever reason payment for time accrued at overtime rates shall be made at the expiry of the 12-month period or on termination.
- (e) Where no election is made in accordance with the said paragraph (a), the employee shall be paid overtime rates in accordance with the Agreement.

32.9 Make-up time

- (a) An employee may elect, with the consent of their employer, to work "make-up time", under which the employee takes time off ordinary hours, and works those hours at a later time, during the spread of ordinary hours provided in the Agreement at the ordinary rate of pay.
- (b) An employee on shift work may elect, with the consent of the employer, to work "make-up time" (under which the employee takes time off ordinary hours and works those hours at a later time), at the shift work rate which would have been applicable to the hours taken off.

32.10 Personal/Carer's Leave and Service

- (a) A period of paid personal/carer's leave does not break an employee's continuity of service and paid personal/carer's leave counts as service for all purposes.
- (b) A period of unpaid personal/carer's leave does not break an employee's continuity of service, however a period of unpaid personal/carer's leave does not count as service.

32.11 Personal Safety

(a) The employer is also committed to the personal safety of all employees and recognises domestic violence as a concern. The employer therefore commits to supporting an employee through such situations by providing, where practical flexible working arrangements and support through the company employee assistance programme (EAP).

33. Parental Leave

33.1 The entitlements of employees to parental leave are governed by the National Employment Standard as per Division 5, Part 2-2 of the *Fair Work Act 2009.*

34. Requests for Flexible Working Arrangements:

- 34.1 An employee may request a change in their working arrangement if any of the circumstances in 34.3 are satisfied.
- 34.2 Examples of changes in working arrangements include changes in hours of work, changes in patterns of work and changes in location of work.
- 34.3 Requests for flexible working arrangements can be made on the following basis where either the following may occur;
 - (a) the employee is the parent, or has responsibility for the care, of a child who is of school age or younger;
 - (b) the employee is a carer (within the meaning of the Carer Recognition Act 2010);
 - (c) the employee has a disability;
 - (d) the employee is 55 or older;
 - (e) the employee is experiencing violence from a member of the employee's family;

- (f) the employee provides care or support to a member of the employee's immediate family, or a member of the employee's household, who requires care or support because the member is experiencing violence from the member's family.
- 34.4 To avoid any doubt, and without limiting 34.1, an **employee** who:
 - (a) is a parent, or has responsibility for the care, of a child; and
 - (b) is returning to work after taking leave in relation to the birth or adoption of the child; may request to work part-time to assist the employee to care for the child.

34.5 Formal requirements

(a) The request must be in writing and set out details of the change sought and of the reasons for the change.

34.6 Agreeing to the request

- (a) The employer must give the employee a written response to the request within 21 days, stating whether the employer grants or refuses the request.
- (b) The employer may refuse the request only on reasonable business grounds.

35. Staff Amenities

The employer shall provide for the use of employees:

- 35.1 A suitable changing room and adequate washing and toilet facilities;
- 35.2 A locker fitted with lock and key or other suitable place for the safe keeping of clothing and personal effects of such employee;
- 35.3 An employer shall provide for an employee morning and afternoon tea, supper and early morning tea (which shall include tea or coffee together with milk and sugar) when the employee is on duty, at times appropriate for the partaking thereof, and shall provide also for such an employee, who requires them, meals of a reasonable standard, which fall due during the duty period, and for such meals so provided may make a charge, provided that the charge for breakfast shall be the sum set out in Table 2 Other Rates and Allowances, of Part B, Monetary Rates and the sum set out in Table 2 for other meals.

36. **Escort Duty**

- 36.1 Periods during which an employee, other than Director of Nursing, is engaged in nursing duties, viz, in attendance on a patient, shall be paid as working time under this Agreement. Where applicable, overtime shall be payable.
- 36.2 All reasonable out-of-pocket expenses shall be reimbursed.
- 36.3 Rostered time shall be paid as such even though an employee may be travelling, in hotel/motel accommodation, or waiting for transport.
- 36.4 In respect of non-rostered time not spent in nursing duties:
 - (a) Periods in hotel/motel accommodation or waiting for transport shall not be counted as working time;
 - (b) Periods in travelling shall count as working time.

37. Medical Examination of Nurses

37.1 Medical examination of a nurse will be in accordance with policy as varied from time to time. Requirements for vaccination of nurses will be in accordance with Department of Health policy directive NSW PD2011_005 (Occupational Assessment, Screening and Vaccination against the specified infectious diseases.)

38. **Domestic Work**

- 38.1 Except as hereinafter provided, nurses, enrolled nurses and assistants-in-nursing shall not be required to perform, as a matter of routine, the following duties, viz: washing, sweeping, polishing and/or dusting of floors, walls or windows of wards, corridors, annexes, bathrooms or verandas, nor any duties which are generally performed by classifications other than nursing staff: but this provision shall not preclude the employment of nurses, enrolled nurses and assistants-in-nursing on any of such duties in an isolation block or where the performance of those duties involves disinfection.
- 38.2 Nothing in subclause 38.1 of this clause shall preclude an enrolled nurse or an assistant-in-nursing from being required to perform all or any of the specified duties during the first thirteen weeks of training or experience, as the case may be.
- 38.3 Nothing in subclause 38.1 of this clause shall preclude any employee from being required to perform all or any of the specified duties at any time when domestic staff is not available to perform them; provided that the employer has made all reasonable efforts to obtain domestic staff.

39. Labour Flexibility

- 39.1 An employer may direct an employee to carry out duties as are within the limits of the employee's skill, competence and training. Such duties may include work which is incidental or peripheral to the employee's main tasks provided that such duties are not designed to promote deskilling nor are inconsistent with Clause 38, Domestic Work.
- 39.2 Any employer may direct an employee to carry out duties and use such equipment as may be required provided that the employee has been properly trained or has otherwise acquired the necessary skills in the use of such equipment. Any such direction issued by the employer shall be consistent with the employer's responsibility to provide a safe and healthy working environment for employees and the employer's duty of care to patients.

40. Transfer of Business

40.1 Where there is a Transfer of Business, the relevant provisions of the Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth) will apply.

41. Attendance at Meetings and Fire Drills

- 41.1 Any employee required to work outside the ordinary hours of work in satisfaction of the requirements for compulsory fire safety practices (fire drill and evacuation procedures) contained from time to time within the Private Health Facilities Act 2007, and the regulations made there under, shall be entitled to be paid the "ordinary rate" for the actual time spent in attendance at such practices. In lieu of receiving payment, employees may with the agreement of the employer be permitted to be free from duty for a period of time equivalent to the period spent in attendance at such meetings. Such time spent in attendance shall not be viewed as overtime for the purposes of this Agreement.
- 41.2 Any employee required to attend Occupational Health and Safety Committee and/or Board of Management meetings in the capacity of employee representative shall, if such meetings are held outside the ordinary hours of work, be entitled to receive payment at the "ordinary rate" for the actual time spent in attendance at such meetings. In lieu of receiving payment, employees may with the agreement of the employer be permitted to be free from duty for a period of time equivalent to the period spent in attendance at such meetings. Such time spent in attendance shall not be viewed as overtime for the purposes of this Agreement.

41.3 For the purposes of this clause "ordinary rate" shall include amounts payable under Clause 12, Salaries, and Clause 14, Special Allowances, subclauses 14.1 and 14.2, of this Agreement; plus, where appropriate, the casual loading prescribed in Clause 24, Part-time, Casual and Temporary Employees of this Agreement for employees engaged otherwise than as a full-time or permanent part-time employee.

42. **Anti-Discrimination**

It is the intention of the parties bound by this Agreement to achieve the object in section 351 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*, to prevent and eliminate discrimination in the workplace. This includes discrimination on the grounds of race, colour, sex, sexual preference, age, marital status, physical or mental disability, family responsibilities, pregnancy, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, homosexuality, transgender identity and age.

43. **Superannuation**

43.1 **Definitions**

- (a) "Default fund" means the Health Employees' Superannuation Trust Australia (H.E.S.T.A.)
 - Should an employee fail to nominate a fund, the employer will choose the above approved fund as the default fund into which contributions shall be paid under this Agreement.
- (b) "Complying regulated fund" means a superannuation fund that is regulated under the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 and has been issued with a Certificate of Compliance by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.
- (c) "Ordinary-time earnings" means remuneration for an employee's weekly number of hours of work, excluding overtime hours, calculated at the ordinary-time rate of pay, including the following:
 - (i) Monday to Friday shift premiums for ordinary hours of work;
 - (ii) Weekend shift premiums for ordinary hours of work;
 - (iii) Public holiday loadings;
 - (iv) Any percentage addition payable to casual employees for ordinary hours or work;
 - (v) Ordinary time allowances (not including expense related allowances);
 - (vi) Payments made above the base rate for ordinary hours of work.
- (d) "Qualified employee" means:
 - a full-time or part-time employee who has completed at least four weeks service in the industry of nursing. Provided that once this period has elapsed, payments shall be made for the entire period of service with the employer;
 - (ii) a casual employee who has earned in excess of \$2,000.00 ordinary-time earnings during their employment with an employer in the course of any one year (1 July to 30 June). Provided further that any casual employee who is deemed to be a qualified employee prior to 8 July 1997 will continue to be qualified.

43.2 Superannuation Legislation

The subject of superannuation is dealt with extensively by federal legislation including the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992, The Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992, the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993, and the Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993. This legislation, as varied from time to time, shall govern the superannuation rights and obligations of the parties.

43.3 Contributions

(a) For qualified employees the employer shall, in respect of each employee, pay a sum equal to the Superannuation Guarantee legislation, as amended from time to time, of the employee's gross ordinary time earnings into a complying fund. Such contributions shall be

- remitted to the complying fund on a monthly basis. With respect to casual employees, contributions shall be remitted at the time that employees receive their annual group certificates
- (b) An employee may nominate one complying fund to which all Agreement and statutory superannuation contributions shall be paid, subject to employer approval of the fund nominated by the employee. Provided that the employer shall not unreasonably withhold agreement unless it establishes good and proper reasons for the withholding of the agreement.
- (c) Where no such nomination is made before any such contributions become payable, the contributions referred to in this clauses will be paid to the default fund for that place of employment.

43.4 Salary Sacrifice to Superannuation

- (a) Salary Sacrifice to Superannuation means the option of making additional superannuation contributions by electing to sacrifice a portion of the gross earnings (pre tax dollars) under the parent awards. This will give the effect of reducing the taxable income by the amount for salary sacrifice.
- (b) Salary sacrifice to superannuation shall be offered to employees by mutual agreement between the employee and employer.
- (c) Such election must be made prior to the commencement of the period of service to which the earnings relate.
- (d) One change of a sacrificed amount will be permitted in an employee's anniversary year, which is 12 months from the date of commencement of employment, without incurring an administration charge (\$50). Changing from full-time to part-time or part-time to full-time employment will not be classified as a change for administration charge purposes.
- (e) The amount sacrificed must not exceed any relevant superannuation guarantee contribution limit.
- (f) The sacrificed portion of salary reduces the salary subject to PAYG Taxation deductions.
- (g) Any allowance, penalty rate, overtime payment for unused leave entitlements, other than any payments for leave taken whilst employed, shall be calculated by reference to the salary which would have applied to the employee in the absence of any salary sacrifice to superannuation. Payment for leave taken whilst employed will be at the post salary sacrificed amount.
- (h) Salary sacrifice arrangements can be cancelled by either the employer or employee at any time provided either party gives one months notice. The employer has the right to withdraw from offering salary sacrifice to employees without notice if there is any alteration to relevant Australian Taxation legislation.
- (i) Contributions payable by the employer in relation to the Superannuation Guarantee Legislation shall be calculated by reference to the salary which would have applied to the employee under this Agreement in the absence of any salary sacrifice.
- (j) Employers will not use any amount that is salary sacrificed by an employee to negate contributions payable under the Superannuation Guarantee Legislation.
- (k) The employee shall have the portion of payable salary that is sacrificed paid as additional employer superannuation contributions into the same superannuation fund that receives the employer's SGC contributions.
- (I) Nothing in this clause shall affect the right of an employer to maintain alternate arrangements with respect to salary sacrifice for employees.

44. Consultation

44.1 Employer's Duty to Notify -

- (a) Where an employer has made a definite decision to introduce major changes in production, programme, organisation, structure or technology that are likely to have significant effects on employees, the employer shall notify the employees who may be affected by the proposed changes and or their workplace representatives.
- (b) "Significant effects" include termination of employment, major changes in the composition, operation or size of the employer's workforce or in the skills required, the elimination or diminution of job opportunities, promotion opportunities or job tenure, the

alteration of hours of work, the need for retraining or transfer of employees to other work or locations, the restructuring of jobs and a change to their regular roster or ordinary hours of work.

44.2 Employer's Duty to Discuss Change -

- (c) The employer shall discuss with the employees affected and their workplace representatives, which may include their union, the introduction of the changes referred to in subclause 44.1(a) of this clause, the effects the changes are likely to have on employees and measures to avert or mitigate the adverse effects of such changes on employees, and shall give prompt consideration to matters raised by the employees and/or their workplace representatives in relation to the changes.
- (d) The discussion shall commence as early as practicable after a definite decision has been made by the employer to make the changes referred to in the said subclause 44.1(a).
- (e) For the purpose of such discussion, the employer shall provide to the employees concerned and if requested by the employee any nominated employee representative which may be a union representative, all relevant information about the changes including the nature of the changes proposed, the expected effects of the changes on employees and any other matters likely to affect employees, provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information the disclosure of which would adversely affect the employer.

44.3 Consultation about changes to rosters or hours of work

- (a) Where an employer proposes to change an employee's regular roster or ordinary hours of work, the employer must consult with the employee or employees affected and their representatives, which may include their union, about the proposed change.
- (b) The employer must:
 - (i) provide to the employee or employees affected and their representatives, if any, all relevant information about the proposed change, provided that no employer is required to disclose confidential information the disclosure of which would be contrary to the employer's interests;
 - (ii) invite the employee or employees affected to give their views about the impact of the proposed change (including any impact in relation to their family or caring responsibilities);
 - (iii) commence the consultation as early as practicable; and
 - (iv) give prompt consideration to any views about the impact of the proposed change that are given by the employee or employees concerned and/or their representatives.

45. **Redundancy**

- (a) Discussions Before terminations
 - (i) Where the employer has made a decision that they no longer wish the job an employee has been doing to be done by anyone and pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subclause (i) of this clause, and that decisions may lead to the termination of employment, the employer shall hold discussions with the employees directly affected and their workplace representatives.
 - (ii) The discussions shall take place as soon as practicable after the employer has made a definite decision which will invoke the provisions of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of this clause and shall cover, inter alia, any reasons for the proposed terminations, measures to avoid or minimise the terminations and measures to mitigate any adverse effects of any termination on the employees concerned.

iii) For the purpose of the discussion the employer shall, as soon as practicable, provide to the employees concerned and if requested by the employee, any nominated employee representative which may be a union representative, all relevant information about the proposed terminations including the reasons for the proposed terminations, the number and categories of employees likely to be affected, and the number of employees normally employed and the period over which the terminations are likely to be carried out. Provided that any employer shall not be required to disclose confidential information the disclosure of which would adversely affect the employer.

45.1 **Termination of Employment**

(a) Notice for Changes in Production, Programme, Organisation or Structure -

This subclause sets out the notice provisions to be applied to terminations by the employer for reasons arising from production, programme, organisation or structure in accordance with subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subclause (i) Introduction of Change:

(i) In order to terminate the employment of an employee the employer shall give to the employee the following notice:

Period of continuous service	Period of notice		
Less than 1 year	1 week		
1 year and less than 3 years	2 weeks		
3 years and less than 5 years	3 weeks		
5 years and over	4 weeks		

- (ii) In addition to the notice above, employees over 45 years of age at the time of the giving of the notice, with not less than two years continuous service, shall be entitled to an additional week's notice.
- (iii) Payment in lieu of the notice above shall be made if the appropriate notice period is not given. Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified and part payment in lieu thereof.
- (b) Notice for Technological Change -

This subclause sets out the notice provisions to be applied to terminations by the employer for reasons arising from "technology" in accordance subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subclause (i) Introduction of Change:

- In order to terminate the employment of an employee the employer shall give to the employee three months notice of termination.
- (ii) Payment in lieu of the notice above shall be made if the appropriate notice period is not given. Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified and part payment in lieu thereof.
- (iii) The period of notice required by this subclause to be given shall be deemed to be service with the employer for the purposes of the *Long Service Leave Act 1955*, or any Act amending or replacing the Act and Clause 27, Annual Leave.
- (c) Time Off During the Notice Period -
 - (i) During the period of notice of termination given by the employer, an employee shall be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay during each week of notice, to a maximum of five weeks, for the purpose of seeking other employment.
 - (ii) If the employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the employee shall, at the request of the employer, be required to produce proof of attendance at an interview or the employee shall not receive payment for the time absent.
- (d) Employee Leaving During the Notice Period –

If the employment of an employee is terminated (other than for misconduct) before the notice period expires, the employee shall be entitled to the same benefits and payments under this clause had the employee remained with the employer until the expiry of such notice. Provided that in such circumstance the employee shall not be entitled to payment in lieu of notice.

(e) Statement of Employment –

The employer shall, upon receipt of a request from an employee whose employment has been terminated, provide to the employee a written statement specifying the period of the employee's employment and the classification of or the type of work performed by the employee.

(f) Notice to Centrelink -

Where a decision has been made to terminate the employment of employees, the employer shall notify Centrelink thereof as soon as possible giving relevant information including the number and categories of the employees likely to be affected and the period over which the terminations are intended to be carried out.

(g) Centrelink Employment Separation Certificate -

The employer shall, upon receipt of a request from an employee whose employment has been terminated, provide to the employee an "Employment Separation Certificate" in the form required by Centrelink.

(h) Transfer to Lower Paid Duties -

Where an employee is transferred to lower paid duties, for reasons set out in subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subclause (ii) Redundancy – Discussions before termination the employee shall be entitled to the same period of notice of transfer as the employee would have been entitled to if the employee's employment had been terminated, and the employer may at the employer's option make payment in lieu thereof of an amount equal to the difference between the former ordinary-time rate of pay and the new ordinary-time rate for the number of weeks notice still owing.

45.2 **Severance Pay**

- (a) Where the employment of an employee is to be terminated, the employer shall pay the following severance pay in respect of a continuous period of service.
 - (i) If an employee is under 45 years of age, the employer shall pay in accordance with the following scale:

Years of Service	<u>Entitlement</u>		
Less than 1 year	Nil		
1 year and less than 2 years	4 weeks		
2 years and less than 3 years	7 weeks		
3 years and less than 4 years	10 weeks		
4 years and less than 5 years	12 weeks		
5 years and less than 6 years	14 weeks		
6 years and over	16 weeks		

(ii) Where an employee is 45 years of age or over, the entitlement shall be in accordance with the following scale:

Years of Service	<u>Entitlement</u>		
Less than 1 year 1 year and less than 2 years	Nil 5 weeks		
2 years and less than 3 years	8.75 weeks		

3 years and less than 4 years	12.5 weeks
4 years and less than 5 years	15 weeks
5 years and less than 6 years	17.5 weeks
6 years and over	20 weeks

- (iii) "Week's pay" means the all-purpose rate of pay for the employee concerned at the date of termination. For the purposes of this clause, in addition to the ordinary rate of pay and over-agreement payments, all allowances, penalties or shift payment to which the nurse would be entitled shall form part of an employee's "week's pay". For the purpose of this subparagraph the following allowances in Clause 14 Special Allowances shall form part of the employee's "week's pay"; paragraph (a) and (b) of subclause (i); paragraphs 9a) and (c) of subclause (ii); and paragraph (a) of subclause (v).
- (iv) A "week's pay" for a particular employee shall be determined according to the average week's pay received by the employee in the period immediately prior to their last date of employment equal to the number of weeks of severance pay to which the employee is entitled under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph (a) this subclause.
- (v) The employer shall also pay the following amounts to any employee terminated pursuant to this clause:
 - A Pro rata long service leave; and
 - B Accrued annual leave.
- (b) Incapacity to Pay

Subject to an application by the employer and further order of Fair Work Commission, an employer may pay a lesser amount (or no amount) of severance pay than that contained in subparagraphs (1) and (2) of paragraph (a) of this subclause.

The Fair Work Commission shall have regard to such financial and other resources of the employer concerned as the Fair Work Commission thinks relevant, and the probable effect paying the amount of severance pay in the said subclause (a) will have on the employer.

(c) Alternative Employment

Subject to an application by the employer and further order of the Fair Work Commission, an employer may pay a lesser amount (or no amount) of severance pay than that contained in paragraph (a) of this subclause if the employer obtains acceptable alternative employment for an employee.

45.3 Grievance Procedure

Refer to Clause 8, Resolution of Disputes contained in this Agreement.

46. <u>Termination of Employment</u>

- 46.1 Employment, other than of a casual, will be terminated only by appropriate notice on either side or by the payment by the employer or forfeiture by the employee of wages in lieu of notice. Provided that employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified, and part payment or forfeiture, in lieu of the period of notice specified. Sub-clause 46.2 shall not apply to employment of an employee on probation.
- 46.2 Notice of termination by the employer:
 - (a) (i) Period of Continuous Service Minimum Period of Notice

1 year or less 1 week
More than 1 year but not more than 3 years 2 weeks

More than 3 years but not more than 5 years 3 weeks
More than 5 years 4 weeks

- (ii) A Director of Nursing shall be entitled to four weeks notice.
- (b) Employees (other than casuals) aged 45 years or older will be entitled to an additional one week's notice if the employee has completed at least two years continuous service for the employer.
- (c) Casuals are to be given notice to the end of the current shift worked.
- 46.3 Notice by employee -
 - (a) Subject to sub-clauses 46.3 (b), (c) employees shall give the employer two week's notice of termination in writing.
 - (b) Casuals shall only be required to give notice to the end of the current shift worked.
- 46.4 Upon the termination of the services of an employee, the employer shall furnish the employee with a written statement, surely signed by or on behalf of the employer, setting out the period of the employment and the capacity in which the employee was employed.
- 46.5 Employees who have accrued additional days off duty pursuant to subclause 9.7 of Clause 9, Hours of Work and Free Time, shall be paid for such accrued time at ordinary rate of pay upon termination.

47. Intentions

This Agreement is entered into on the understanding that it does not contravene any aspect of the *Fair Work Act 2009* and relevant regulations. Where any term of this Agreement contravenes legislation, such term shall not apply. Where this Agreement is silent in whole or in part, the relevant legislation will apply.

48. <u>Union Representational Rights</u>

- 48.1 A recognised union representative (up to a maximum of two delegates) will be released from the performance of normal duties for reasonable periods to:
 - Represent the employees in bargaining
 - Represent the interests of the employees to the employer
 - Undertake necessary preparation for bargaining or other meetings in which they will represent the employee's interests.. This includes consulting with the employees they represent;
 - Meet the employer to represent employee interests
 - Address new employees about the benefits of union membership at the time they enter employment; and
 - Distribute official union publications at a time convenient to the workplace, including the employer

While undertaking the activities listed in the preceding sub clause on a normal rostered day on duty, the recognised workplace representative will be regarded as being on duty and will not be required to apply for leave. They will be paid "ordinary time earnings" i.e the classification, superannuation and shift loading which would otherwise be paid . The recognised union representative will not be entitled to overtime at the end of the roster cycle as a consequence of undertaking these activities.

48.2 The employer will release union representatives to attend courses including the Association Annual Conference that are designed to provide skills relevant to the negotiation of enterprise agreements and or the prompt resolution of disputes and grievances in the workplace and that are conducted by an approved training provider.

A recognised union representative wishing to attend such a course shall apply in writing, including the nature, content and duration of the course and where possible provide at least 14 days notice of the course.

The employers approval of attendance at such course in work time shall be subject to the employer being able to make adequate staffing arrangements amongst current employees for the period of the course. The employer will make all reasonable attempts to ensure that adequate rostering is place to allow the employee to leave.

- 48.3 Union representatives will be provided with reasonable access to telephone, internet, email, facsimile photocopying, notice boards and meeting facilities (where available) for the purpose of carrying out work as a recognised workplace representative including consulting with workplace colleagues and the union.
- 48.4 Union representatives will be released from duty to attend management or policy making bodies of relevant organisations registered under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009. They will be regarded as being off duty; will be unpaid for the period of the absence from the workplace. The Union will ensure that the employer is provided with reasonable notice of an upcoming absence
- 48.5 The Union will advise the employer of the people it recognises as workplace representatives on an annual basis

49. Community Leave

49.1 Entitlement to be absent from employment for engaging in eligible community service activity

An employee who engages in an eligible community service activity is entitled to be absent from his or her employment for a period if:

- (a) the period consists of one or more of the following:
 - (i) time when the employee engages in the activity;
 - (ii) reasonable travelling time associated with the activity;
 - (iii) reasonable rest time immediately following the activity; and
- (b) unless the activity is jury service the employee's absence is reasonable in all the circumstances.

49.2 Meaning of eligible community service activity

- (a) Each of the following is an eligible community service activity:
 - (i) jury service (including attendance for jury selection) that is required by or under a law of the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory; or
 - (ii) a voluntary emergency management activity (see 49.2 (2)); or
 - (iii) an activity prescribed as an eligible community activity by regulations made in accordance with section 109 (4) of the Fair Work Act 2009.
- (b) An employee engages in a *voluntary emergency management* activity if, and only if:
 - the employee engages in an activity that involves dealing with an emergency or natural disaster; and
 - (ii) the employee engages in the activity on a voluntary basis (whether or not the employee directly or indirectly takes or agrees to take an honorarium, gratuity or similar payment wholly or partly for engaging in the activity); and

- (iii) the employee is a member of, or has a member-like association with, a recognised emergency management body; and
- (iv) either:
 - (a) the employee was requested by or on behalf of the body to engage in the activity; or
 - (b) no such request was made, but it would be reasonable to expect that, if the circumstances had permitted the making of such a request, it is likely that such a request would have been made.
- (c) A recognised emergency management body is:
 - (i) a body, or part of a body, that has a role or function under a plan that:
 - (a) is for coping with emergencies and/or disasters; and
 - (b) is prepared by the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory; or
 - (ii) a fire-fighting, civil defence or rescue body, or part of such a body; or
 - (iii) any other body, or part of a body, a substantial purpose of which involves:
 - (a) securing the safety of persons or animals in an emergency or natural disaster;or
 - (b) protecting property in an emergency or natural disaster; or
 - (c) otherwise responding to an emergency or natural disaster; or
 - (iv) a body, or part of a body, prescribed by the regulations made in accordance with the Fair Work Act 2009;

but does not include a body that was established, or is continued in existence, for the purpose, or for purposes that include the purpose, of entitling one or more employees to be absent from their employment under this clause.

49.3 Notice and evidence requirements

- (a) An employee who wants an absence from his or her employment to be covered by this clause must give his or her employer notice of the absence.
- (b) The notice:
 - (i) must be given to the employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the absence has started); and
 - (ii) must advise the employer of the period, or expected period, of the absence.
- (c) An employee who has given his or her employer notice of an absence under 49.3(a) must, if required by the employer, give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that the absence is because the employee has been or will be engaging in an eligible community service activity.
- (d) An employee's absence from his or her employment is not covered by this clause (i.e. clause 49) unless the employee complies with this sub-clause (i.e. sub-clause 49.3).

49.4 Payment to employees (other than casuals) on jury service

- (a) This section applies if:
 - (i) in accordance with this clause (i.e. clause 49), an employee is absent from his or her employment for a period because of jury service; and
 - (ii) the employee is not a casual employee.
- (b) Subject to 49.4 (c), (d) and (e), the employer must pay the employee at the employee's base rate of pay for the employee's ordinary hours of work in the period.
- (c) The employer may require the employee to give the employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person:
 - (i) that the employee has taken all necessary steps to obtain any amount of jury service pay to which the employee is entitled; and

- (ii) of the total amount (even if it is a nil amount) of jury service pay that has been paid, or is payable, to the employee for the period.
- (d) If, the employer requires the employee to provide evidence in accordance with 49.4(c):
 - (i) the employee is not entitled to payment under 49.4(b) unless the employee provides the evidence; and
 - (ii) if the employee provides the evidence—the amount payable to the employee under 49.4(b) is reduced by the total amount of jury service pay that has been paid, or is payable, to the employee, as disclosed in the evidence.
- (e) If an employee is absent because of jury service in relation to a particular jury service summons for a period, or a number of periods, of more than 10 days in total:
 - the employer is only required to pay the employee for the first 10 days of absence;
 and
 - (ii) the evidence provided in response to a requirement under subsection (3) need only relate to the first 10 days of absence; and
 - (iii) the reference in 49.4(d) to the total amount of jury service pay as disclosed in evidence is a reference to the total amount so disclosed for the first 10 days of absence.
- (f) Jury service pay means an amount paid in relation to jury service under a law of the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory, other than an amount that is, or that is in the nature of, an expense-related allowance.
- (g) Jury service summons means a summons or other instruction (however described) that requires a person to attend for, or perform jury service.
- 49.5 **Ceremonial Leave –** Westmead Rehabilitation recognises the obligations placed on Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander employees to participate in ceremonial activities and other cultural obligations. To allow employees to meet obligations and participate in activities, all full time and part time employees are entitled to unpaid leave each year to participate in NAIDOC Week activities or other cultural or ceremonial events.

50. **Professional Development**

- 50.1 The Employer recognises that training/education is essential for the maintenance and development of knowledge and skills. The Employer will continue to provide and support training/education opportunities were possible.
- 50.2 The responsibility for staff development is shared between employees and the employer.
- 50.3 Employees are expected to participate in professional skill development to ensure that they perform at a standard consistent with competencies relevant to their classification and registration and that aligns to the strategic direction of the hospital.
- 50.4 On the basis of assessed needs, a range of programs/topics relevant to care delivery will be provided by the employer and staffs are encouraged to attend.
- 50.5 The provision of mandatory training and skills updates is a joint responsibility between the employer and employee. Attendance at mandatory training and skills update sessions provided by the employer is the responsibility of the employee. Mandatory training will be paid at the appropriate rate as per the applicable shift rate for those on duty and at the ordinary rate of pay for those attending in their own time.
- 50.6 The Employer's training/educational goals for professional staff will be established and reviewed in consultation with employees. Individual training/educational goals and needs will be established and reviewed as part of the Employer's performance and competency appraisal system.

- 50.7 Employees may make application for reasonable study leave and course participation.
- 50.8 An employee may request, and the employer may agree to pay the study and course participation of a course that is not part of an employee's mandatory professional development, i.e. to further the employee personal development, the employees agrees to enter into a training bond with the employer, as outlined in Clause 52 Training Bonds.

51. Workload Management

- 51.1 The parties to this agreement acknowledge that employees and management have a responsibility to maintain a balanced workload and recognise the adverse affects that excessive workloads may have on employee/s and the quality of resident/client care.
- 51.2 To ensure that employee concerns involving excessive workloads are effectively dealt with by the employer the following procedures should be applied:
 - (a) In the first instance, employee/s should discuss the issue with their immediate supervisor and, where appropriate, explore solutions.
 - (b) If a solution cannot be identified and implemented, the matter should be referred to an appropriate senior manager for further discussion.
 - (c) If a solution still cannot be identified and implemented, the matter should be referred to the Director of Nursing for further discussion.
 - (d) The outcome of the discussions at each level and any proposed solutions should be recorded in writing and fed back to the effected employees.
- 51.3 Where agreement cannot be reached, the parties may exercise their rights pursuant to Clause 8 Resolution of Disputes.

52. **Training Bonds**

- 52.1 If a course is not part of an employee's mandatory professional development, an employee can elect to request the employer agree pay the cost of the study course and course participation.
- 52.2 If the employer agrees to pay the cost of the study course and course participation, the employee will agree to enter into a training bond agreement with the employer. The training bond agreement will specify the payment arrangements that will apply should the employee leave their employment within a certain timeframe.
- 52.3 The training bond agreement may be waived in exceptional circumstances.
- 52.4 Any dispute about the training bond agreement will be dealt with under the Clause 8, Resolution of Disputes.

53. No Extra Claims

The parties agree not to pursue any extra claims except where provided for under this Agreement, Further, this provision will not apply to any improvements in conditions that may arise from any consolidation of Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital policies.

PART B

Table 1 - Monetary Rates

	Table 1 - MOI	iotary rtatoo		1	
Classification		Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
		Current Rates of Pay	5.07% increase on approval of agreement	3.15% increase FFPP 8 months after approval	3.15% increase FFPP 16 months after approval
18 Years of age and over	1st year experience 2nd year	17.5519	18.4417	19.0227	19.6219
	experience 3rd year	17.8965	18.8039	19.3962	20.0072
	experience	18.5798	19.5218	20.1367	20.7711
	Thereafter	20.2300	21.2557	21.9252	22.6159
Enrolled Nurse with Notation		21.8486	22.5368	23.2468	23.9790
Enrolled Nurse Endorsement	Medication				
	1st year	20.5441	21.5857	22.2656	22.9670
	2nd year	20.6610	21.7085	22.3923	23.0977
	3rd year	20.9250	21.9859	22.6785	23.3928
	4th year	21.5781	22.6721	23.3863	24.1229
	Thereafter	22.2945	23.4248	24.1627	24.9238
Registered Nurse	1st year	22.5453	23.6883	24.4345	25.2042
	2nd year	23.7744	24.9798	25.7666	26.5783
	3rd year	25.5006	26.7935	27.6375	28.5081
	4th year	26.8414	28.2023	29.0906	30.0070
	5th year	28.1702	29.5984	30.5308	31.4925
	6th year	29.5050	31.0009	31.9774	32.9847
	7th year	30.4092	31.9509	32.9574	33.9956
	8th year	32.2952	33.9326	35.0014	36.1040
Clinical Nurse Specialist Clinical Nurse		33.6119	35.3160	36.4285	37.5760
Educator Clinical Nurse					
Consultant Nursing Unit		39.3361	41.3304	42.6323	43.9753
Manager Level I		39.7173	41.7310	43.0455	44.4014
Level II		40.3919	42.4398	43.7766	45.1556
Level III		42.5440	44.7010	46.1091	47.5615

PART B

Table 2 – Other Rates and Allowances

Salary Related Allowances	Clause	Column 1 Current Rates of Pay	5.07% increase on approval of agreement by FWC	Column 3 3.15% increase FFPP 8 months after approval	Column 4 3.15% increase FFPP 16 months after approval
In charge of hospital, evening or night shift	11.1(a)	\$29.56 per shift	\$31.06 per shift	\$32.04 per shift	\$33.05 per shift
In charge of ward/unit in absence of NUM	11.1(b)	\$20.32 per shift	\$21.35 per shift	\$22.02 per shift	\$22.71 per shift
In charge of ward/unit & hospital	11.3(a)	\$20.32 per shift	\$21.35 per shift	\$22.02 per shift	\$22.71 per shift
On call	11.2 (a)	\$18.26 per 24 hours or part thereof	\$19.19 per shift	\$19.79 per shift	\$20.41 per shift
On call on rostered days off	11.2 (b)	\$ 36.08 per 24 hours or part thereof	\$37.91 per shift	\$39.1 per shift	\$40.33 per shift
On call during meal break	11.2 (c)	\$10.24	\$10.76	\$11.10	\$11.45
Meal on overtime	17.8	\$10.22 per meal	\$10.74 per meal	\$11.08 per meal	\$11.43 per meal
Laundry	15.3(a)	\$5.13 per week	\$5.39 per week	\$5.56 per week	\$5.74 per week
Post registration certificate	16.4		\$17.20 per week	\$17.74 per week	\$18.30 per week
Degree or post grad cert/diploma	16.5		\$28.66 per week	\$29.56 per week	\$30.49 per week
Masters or PhD	16.5		\$34.39 per week	\$35.47 per week	\$36.59 per week

Table 3 -Schedule of Qualification Allowances

<u>Level 1 (Indicative Courses)</u>

Graduate Certificate in Rehabilitation Nursing- University of Tasmania
Graduate Diploma in Rehabilitation Nursing- University of Tasmania
Graduate Certificate in Clinical Rehabilitation- Flinders University Adelaide
Graduate Diploma in Clinical Rehabilitation- Flinders University Adelaide
Graduate Certificate in Gerontology and Rehabilitation Studies- University of Wollongong

Level 2 (Indicative Course)



Signature Page on Behalf of Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital

Signed for and on behalf of Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital

Dated this 17 day of Apr. 1.2014

Matthew Mackay Chief Operating Officer

Pulse Health Ltd & Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital

Chief Operating Officer

Pulse Health Ltd & Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital

KATHRYN CUTLER

170/1-15 FONTENOT LD, MACQUARIE
Witness Address PARK NSW 2113

Matthew Mackay is authorised to sign on behalf of Westmead Rehabilitation Hospital

Brett Holmes

Brett Howard Holmes General Secretary New South Wales Nurses and Midwives' Association; and

Branch Secretary Australian Nursing Federation New South Wales Branch 50 O'Dea Ave WATERLOO NSW 2017 Margaret lets WITNESS

> Margaret Mary Potts 50 O'Dea Ave, Waterloo

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Coral Vicky Levett President New South Wales Nurses and Midwives' Association, and;

President
Australian Nursing Federation
New South Wales Branch
50 O'Dea Ave
WATERLOO NSW 2017

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Authority to sign Agreement on behalf of employees is in accordance with Rule 34 of the Rules of the New South Wales Nurses and Midwives' Association and Rule 40 of the Rules of the Australian Nursing Federation and as bargaining representative in accordance with the Fair Work Act 2009.

Schedule 2.2 Model flexibility term

(regulation 2.08)

Model flexibility term

- (1) An employer and employee covered by this enterprise agreement may agree to make an individual flexibility arrangement to vary the effect of terms of the agreement if:
 - (a) the agreement deals with 1 or more of the following matters:
 - (i) arrangements about when work is performed;
 - (ii) overtime rates;
 - (iii) penalty rates;
 - (iv) allowances;
 - (v) leave loading; and
 - (b) the arrangement meets the genuine needs of the employer and employee in relation to 1 or more of the matters mentioned in paragraph (a); and
 - (c) the arrangement is genuinely agreed to by the employer and employee.
 - (2) The employer must ensure that the terms of the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) are about permitted matters under section 172 of the Fair Work Act 2009; and
 - (b) are not unlawful terms under section 194 of the Fair Work Act 2009; and
 - (c) result in the employee being better off overall than the employee would be if no arrangement was made.
 - (3) The employer must ensure that the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) is in writing; and
 - (b) includes the name of the employer and employee; and
 - (c) is signed by the employer and employee and if the employee is under 18 years of age, signed by a parent or guardian of the employee; and
 - (d) includes details of:
 - (i) the terms of the enterprise agreement that will be varied by the arrangement; and
 - (ii) how the arrangement will vary the effect of the terms; and
 - (iii) how the employee will be better off overall in relation to the terms and conditions of his or her employment as a result of the arrangement; and
 - (e) states the day on which the arrangement commences.
 - (4) The employer must give the employee a copy of the individual flexibility arrangement within 14 days after it is agreed to.
 - (5) The employer or employee may terminate the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (a) by giving no more than 28 days written notice to the other party to the arrangement; or
 - (b) if the employer and employee agree in writing at any time.