

NSW Nurses and Midwives' Association

Research Brief

November 2024

- Labor's 'new working class' – comprising nurses, midwives, teachers and other public sector workers – were critical to delivering the party government at the 2023 NSW election. Labor achieved gains in electorates with high proportions of public sector workers – as covered by this [ABC post-election analysis](#). This cohort, and the supporting Union *Pay Them What They're Worth* campaign, were central to gains in middle and outer suburban Sydney, such as Camden, Parramatta, Riverstone, Penrith and East Hills. As well as in peri-urban and regional electorates such as Heathcote, Gosford and The Entrance.
- RedBridge conducted a quantitative (online) survey of 1,508 voters across the 20 most marginal Labor-held state seats in NSW, including many of the seats mentioned above (see figure 1). The survey found *overwhelming* support for the NSW nurses and midwives' 15% pay claim – this support existed across demographics and political identifications. 70% of participants support a 15% pay increase, including 71% of Labor voters, 66% of Coalition voters and 90% of Greens voters. Support was higher in the outer suburbs (72%) and regions (75%), and also among those with higher levels of exposure to the health system. See figure 2.
- Support *increased* (80% overall) once respondents were treated messaging around a) the exodus of nurses/midwives from the NSW system due to the pay disparity with other states (e.g. the 18% pay gap for junior nurses/midwives compared with QLD) and b) NSW nurses/midwives not being entitled to two consecutive days off. See figure 3.
- As an indication of the strength of feeling on this issue, 57% of participants with a Coalition vote intention supported nurses/midwives striking for better pay. This rose to 68% among Labor voters and 84% among Greens voters (see figure 4). Support for the nurses/midwives is deep and broad-based.
- Qualitative research by RedBridge has found that outer suburban and regional cohorts have a strong emotional engagement in issues around public sector wages, based in a close identification with these workers (especially nurses) who's efforts they depend upon and who they see as being under-valued. These cohorts then see this under-valuing as being reflective of not just government's attitudes towards these workers, but to the outer-suburban/regional communities that depend on them: *"If you have to fight for every dollar your worth then they don't think highly of you."*
- Given this identification, it is unsurprising that the survey found that NSW Government's management of the nurses/midwives pay claim has important implications for vote intention – both at the state and federal levels:
 - Healthcare is a 'top three' concern in respondents' personal issues agenda. See figure 5.
 - There is no real difference in respondents' assessments of Labor and the Coalition on health. Indeed, more Labor voters rate the Coalition favourably on health than vice versa. See figure 6.

- The nurses/midwives pay issue is important to views of NSW Government for 61% of respondents. See figure 7.
- The pay issues around nurses/midwives' serve to reduce confidence in the NSW Government's management of the public hospital system for 68% of respondents, including 60% of Labor voters. Again, regional (74%) and outer-suburban (64%) respondents are most impacted. See figure 8.
- The state of NSW's public health system is important to the federal vote intention of 45% of respondents, including 42% of Labor voters with regional (48%) and outer-suburban (46%) voters most strongly influenced by this issue. See figure 9.

Research Figures

Figure 1 – Electorates Surveyed

Middle suburbs	Outer suburbs	Regional areas
Coogee	Penrith	Bega
East Hills	Riverstone	Gosford
Parramatta	Camden	Heathcote
Rockdale	Cabramatta	Lismore
Strathfield	Liverpool	Monaro
	Prospect	South Coast
	Leppington	The Entrance
	Londonderry	

Figure 2 – Support for 15% Pay Increase (Untreated)

Initial support for a 15 per cent pay increase for nurses and midwives

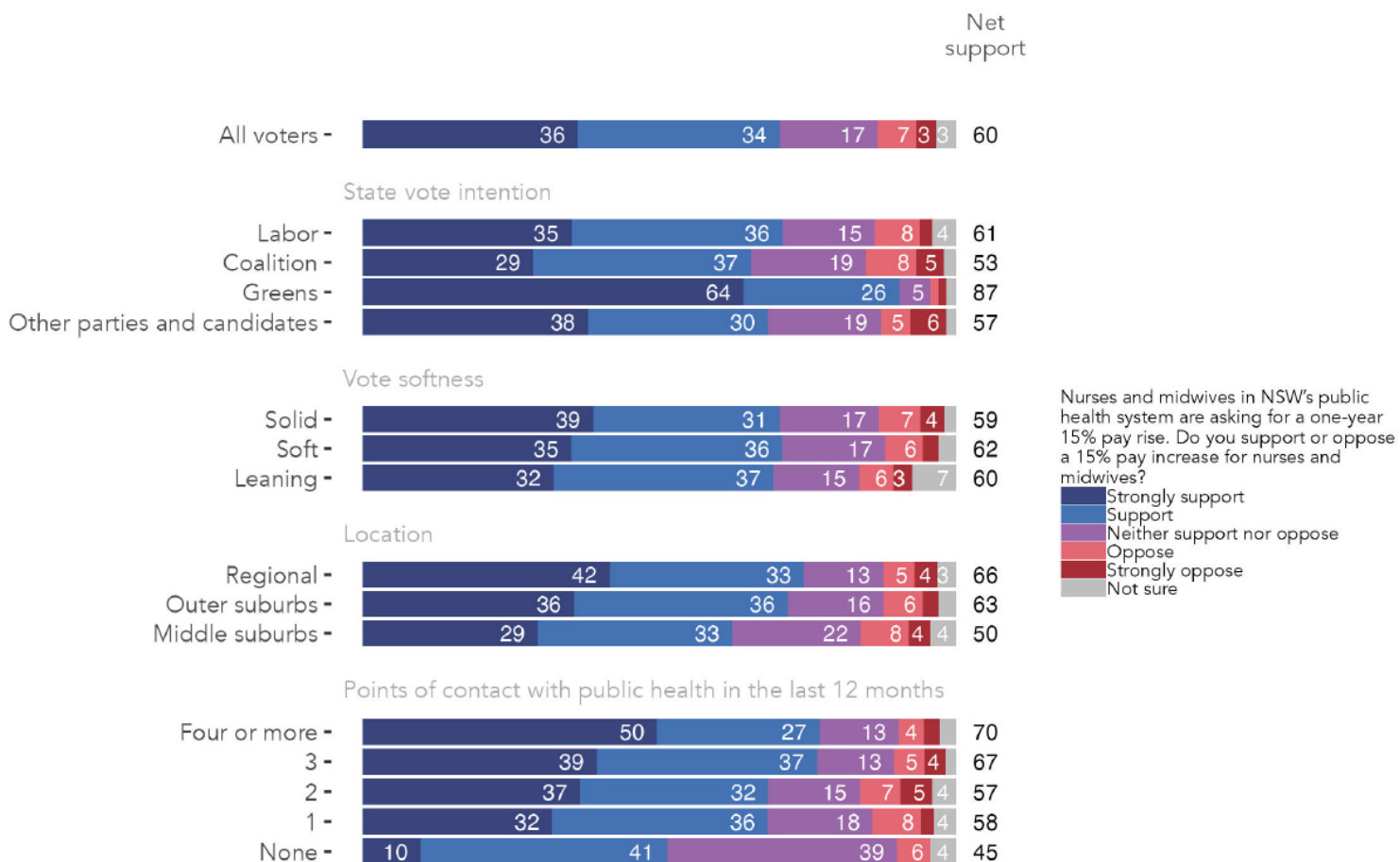


Figure 3 - Support for 15% Pay Increase (Treated)

Post-treatment support for a 15 per cent pay increase for nurses and midwives

Net support

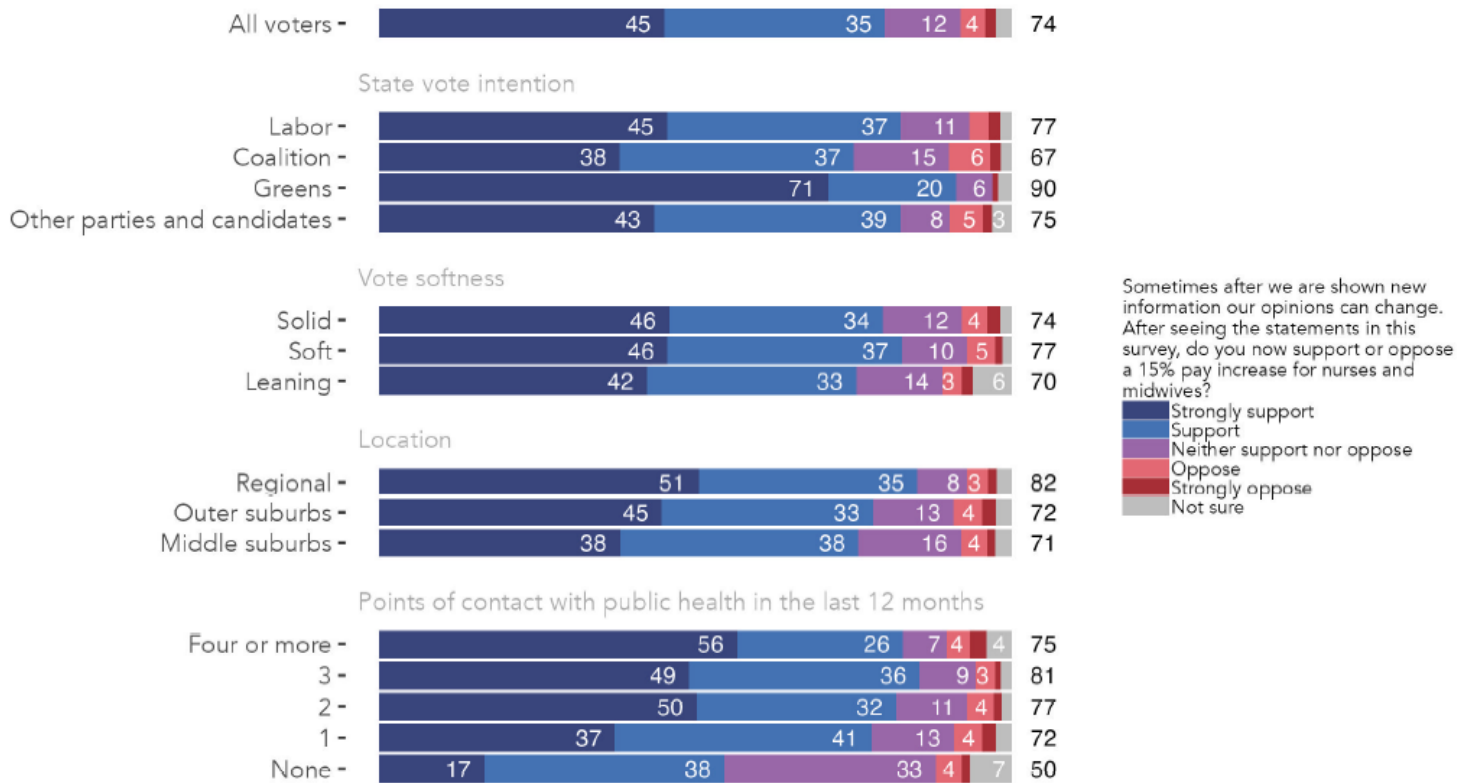


Figure 4 – Support for Strike Action by Nurses/Midwives

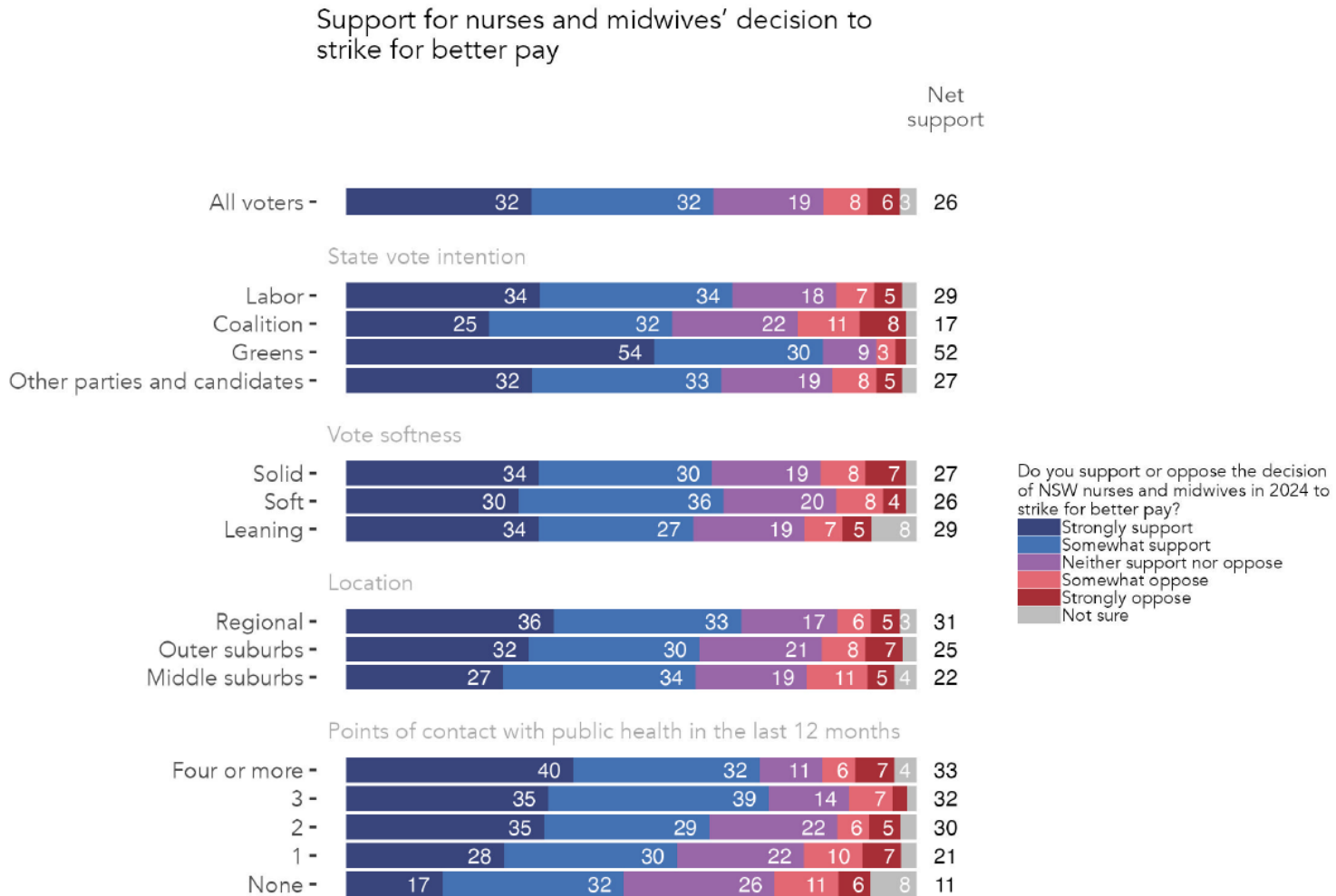


Figure 5 – Issues NSW Government Should Focus On

Which of the following do you think are the most important issues for the NSW State Government to focus on right now?

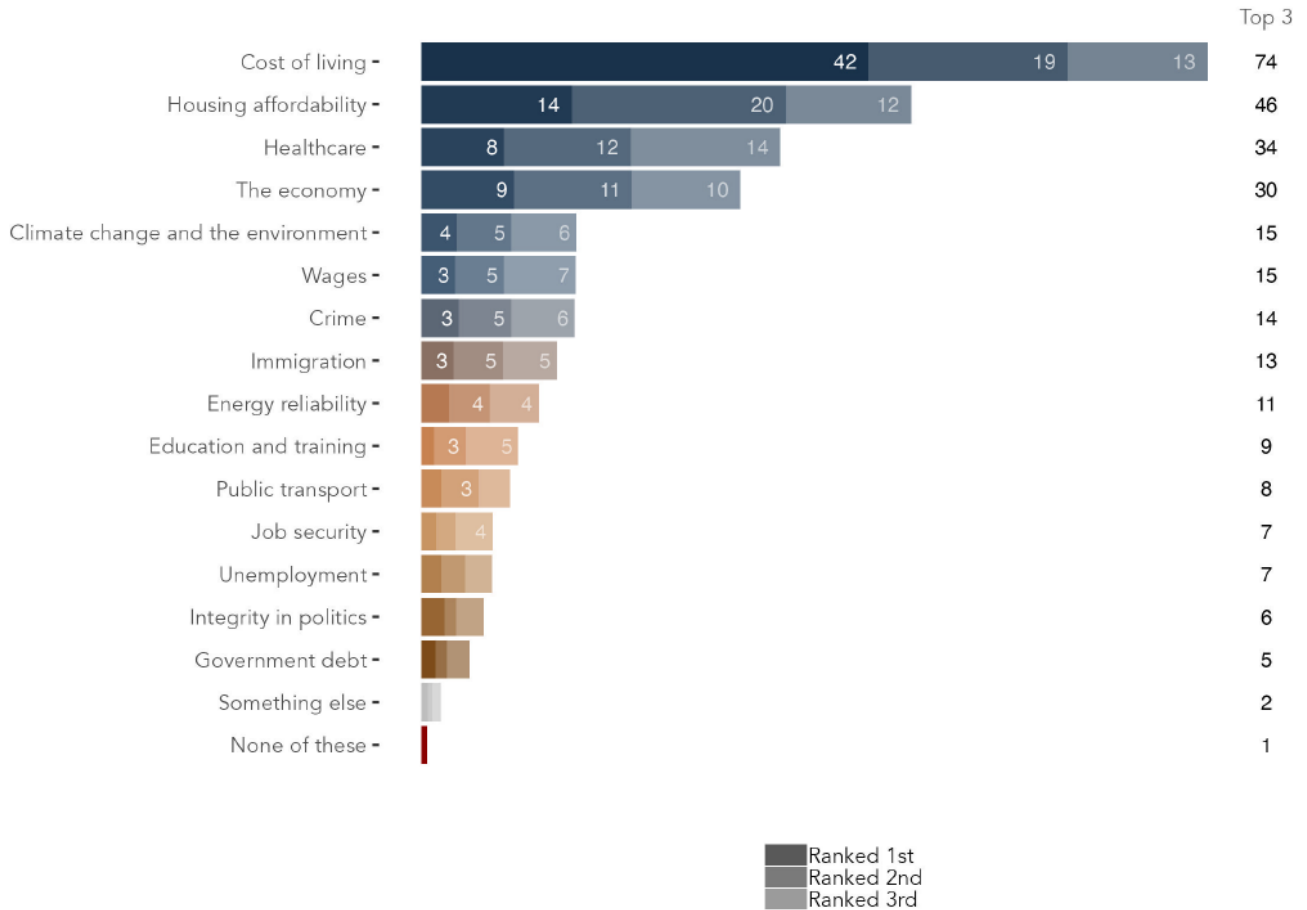


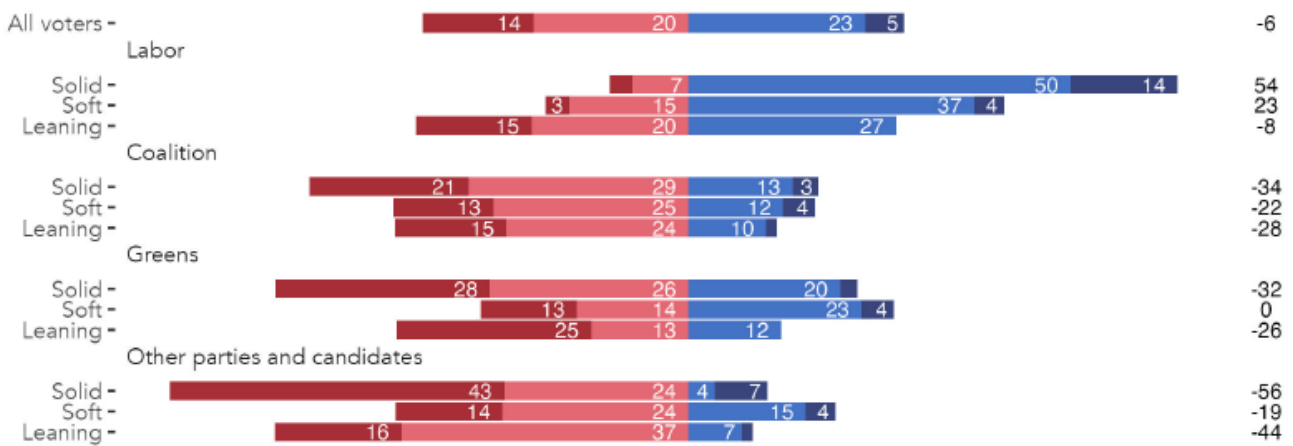
Figure 6 – Assessments of Performance on Health

How NSW voters in key seats rate the major parties on healthcare

By vote softness

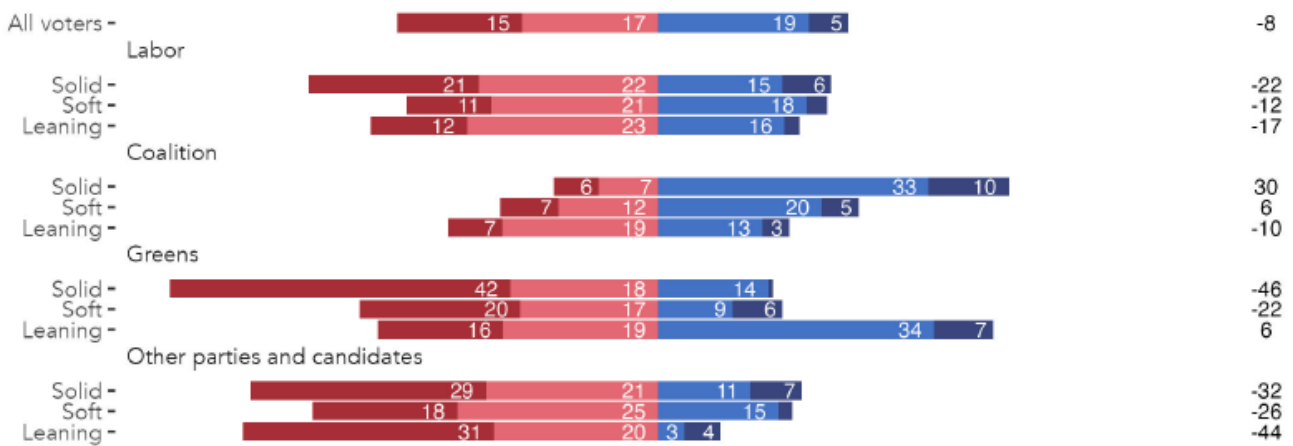
The performance of the Labor Party

Net performance



The performance of the Liberal Party

Net performance



Rating on Healthcare ■ Very poor ■ Very good
■ Poor ■ Good

Figure 7 – Nurses/Midwives Pay Issue Impacts on Views of NSW Government

How important are pay increases for nurses and midwives to voters' opinion of the NSW government

Net important

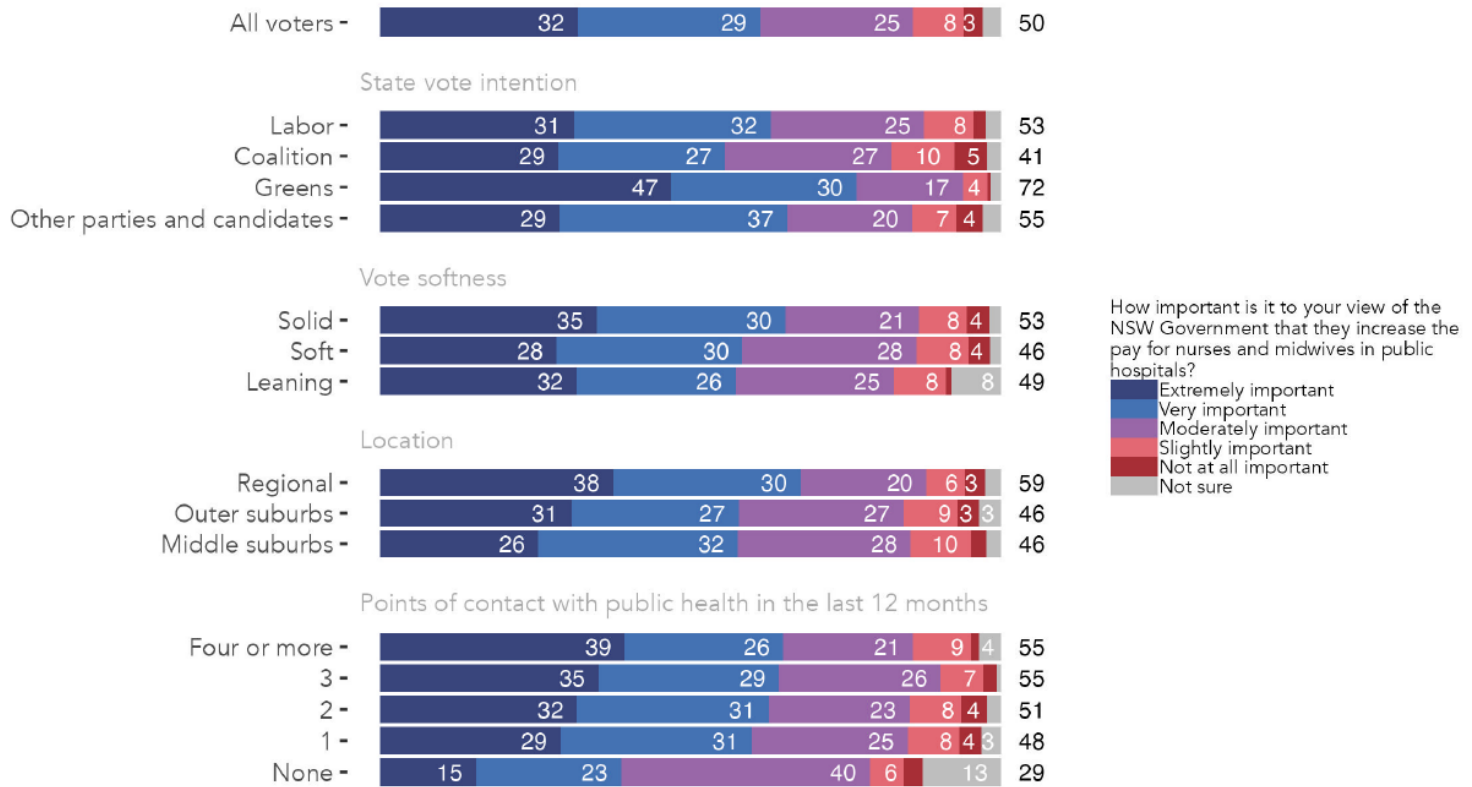
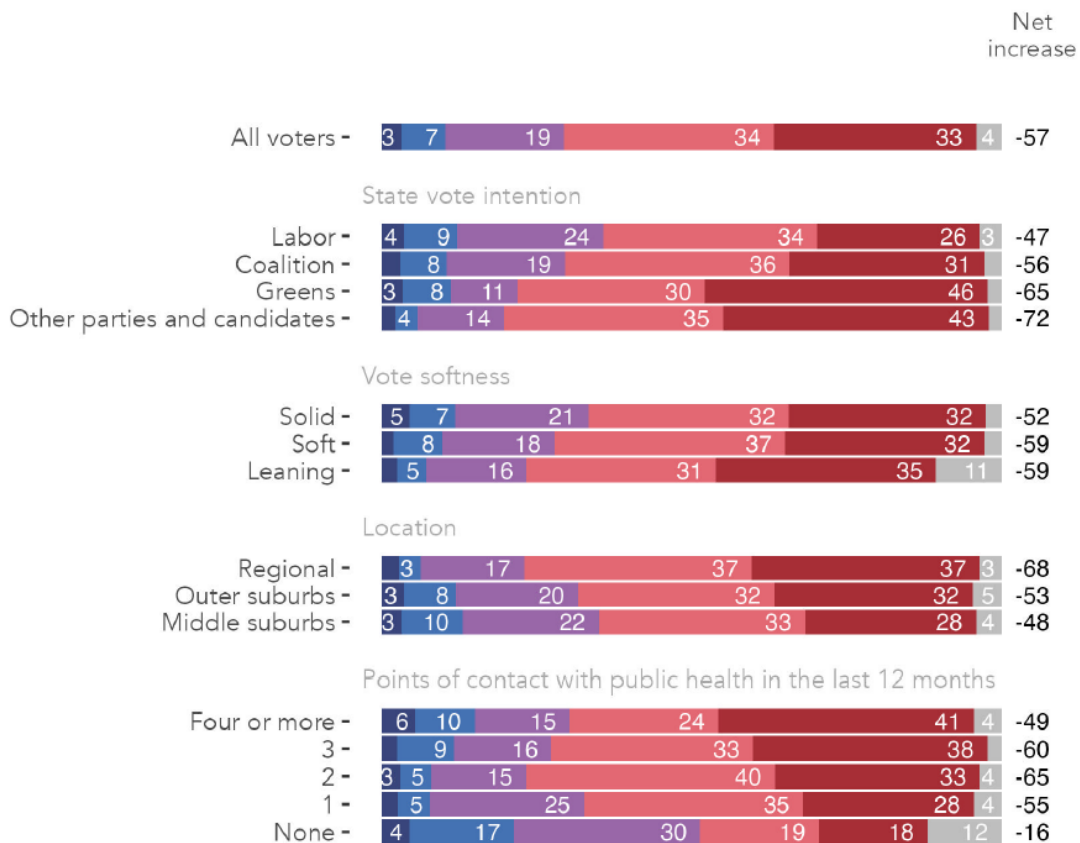


Figure 8 – Nurses/Midwives Pay Issue Impacts on Confidence in NSW Government

Reported change in confidence in the NSW government's management of the public health system after learning about pay and working conditions for nurses and midwives



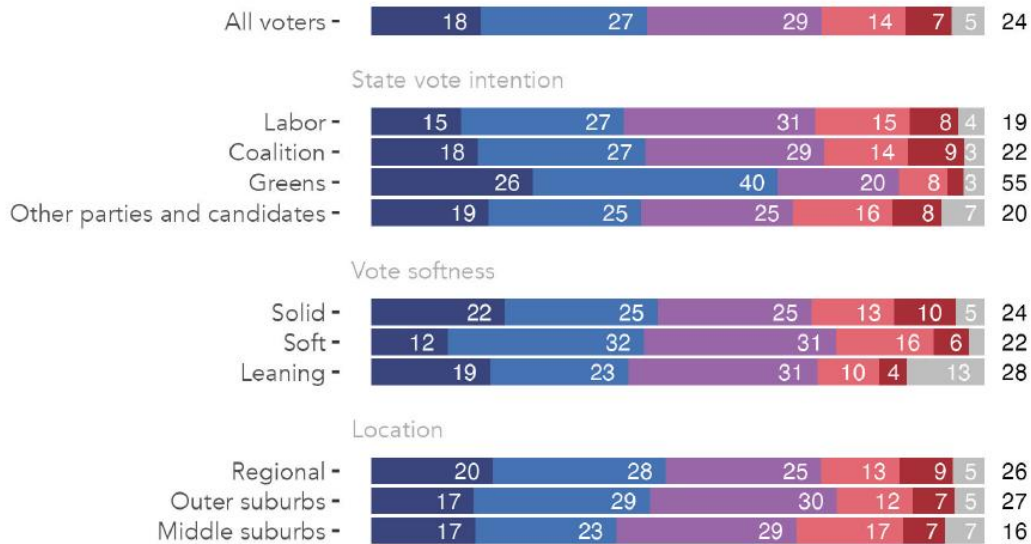
Junior nurses and midwives in NSW are the lowest paid in the country. Their pay is 18% lower than junior nurses and midwives in Queensland. Also, nurses and midwives working on a 24/7 roster system are not currently entitled to two consecutive days off (i.e. like a weekend). Does this increase or decrease your confidence in the NSW state government's management of the public hospital system?

- Strongly increase
- Somewhat increase
- Neither increase nor decrease
- Somewhat decrease
- Strongly decrease
- Not sure

Figure 9 – NSW Health System Impacts on Federal Vote Intention

Importance of the state of NSW's public health system to federal vote intention

Net important



If a federal election were held today (i.e. the election for the Australian Government), how important would the current state of the NSW public health system be in deciding who to vote for?

- Extremely important
- Very important
- Moderately important
- Slightly important
- Not at all important
- Not sure